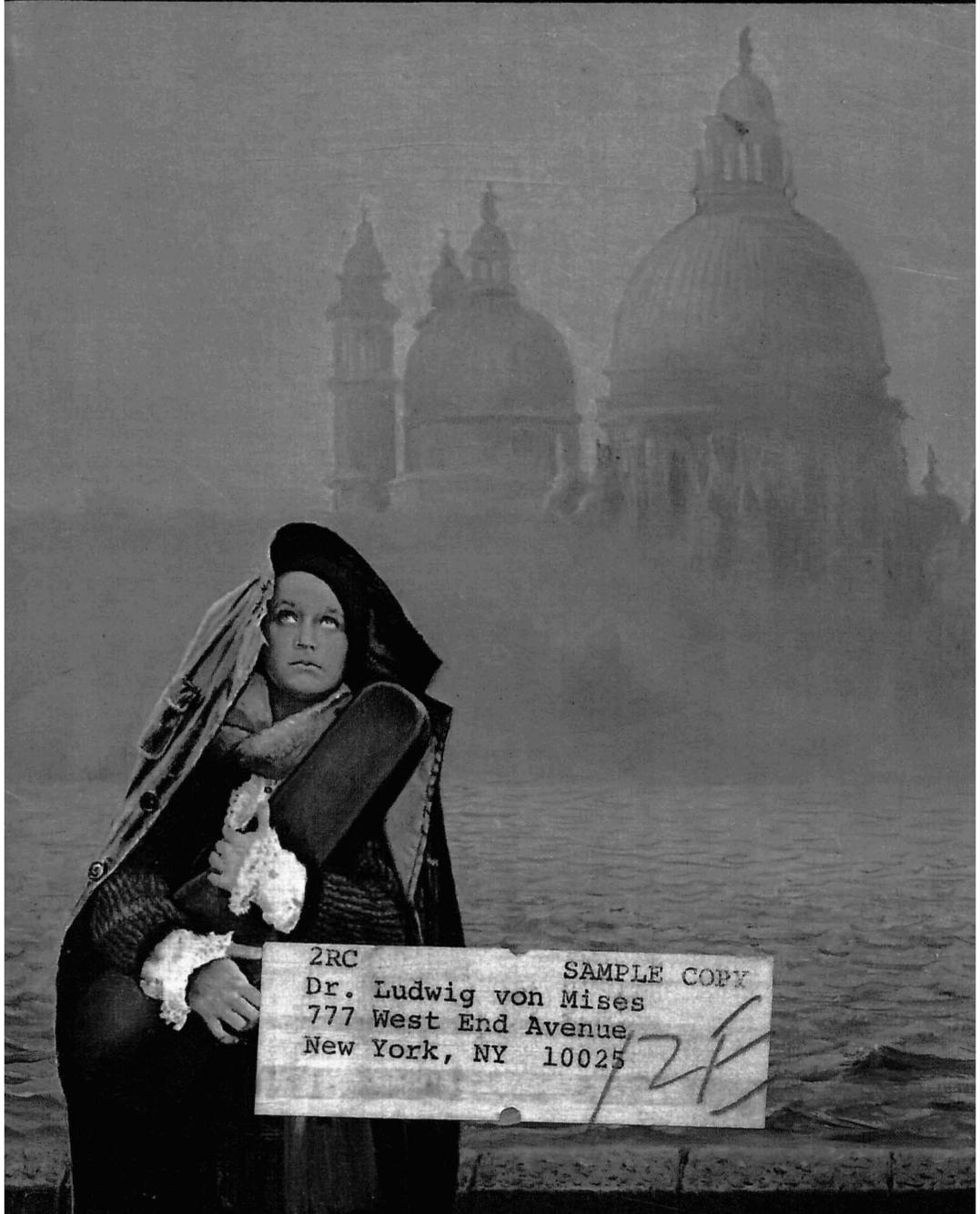


AMERICAN OPINION

FEBRUARY, 1977

PRICE: \$1.50



2RC

SAMPLE COPY

Dr. Ludwig von Mises
777 West End Avenue
New York, NY 10025

728

CONTENTS — FEBRUARY, 1977

Cabinet Gary Allen 1
 es To School Susan L.M. Huck 7
 a & Socialism William P. Hoar 13
 Nast Medford Evans 21
 29
 used To Remark 30
 tions Pay The Way, II Alan Stang 31
 is Medford Evans 57
 i 112
 portrait . . . Daniel Michael Canavan — Cover

der:
 ne one, Number one, of *American Opinion* appeared early in
 e masthead of our maiden issue presented an Editorial Ad-
 ard that included among many distinguished Americans the
 was then without question the world's greatest living econo-
 was Ludwig von Mises, and for fifteen years until his death
 rofessor Mises' name remained on our masthead to indicate
 was both our friend and advisor. Over the years his work
 in our pages, his portrait on our cover, and his books and
 his students (including a Nobel laureate) were reviewed here
 usiasm.

appropriate that Medford Evans — our senior Contributing
 — should now review *My Years With Ludwig von Mises*,
 on Mises' loving and informative memoir of her late hus-
 e review begins on page sixty-seven, and we urge you not to
 For itself, and as Dr. Evans observes of Mrs. Mises' book,
 t "will pay you double if it leads you to study or re-study the
 ts distinguished subject."

elieve that Ludwig von Mises, who escaped to America when
 e Austria fell to the National Socialists under Hitler, would
 ed by this issue of *American Opinion*, with its anxious criti-
 d reports on conspiratorial interventionists, Establishment
 and corporate socialists. "Capitalism," von Mises wrote,
 ed the standard of life among the masses to a level which our
 s could not have imagined. Interventionism and efforts to
 e socialism have been working now for decades to shatter the
 ons of the world economic system. We stand on the brink of
 ce which threatens to engulf our civilization."

aware of the danger, and especially of the need to warn and
 the American middle class, Professor von Mises repeatedly
 to press on with our work, once telling your editor that a Gary
 ticle in *American Opinion* on what inflation means at the
 rket was worth a dozen learned economic treatises. Unless, we
 o his great amusement, they were all twelve by von Mises.

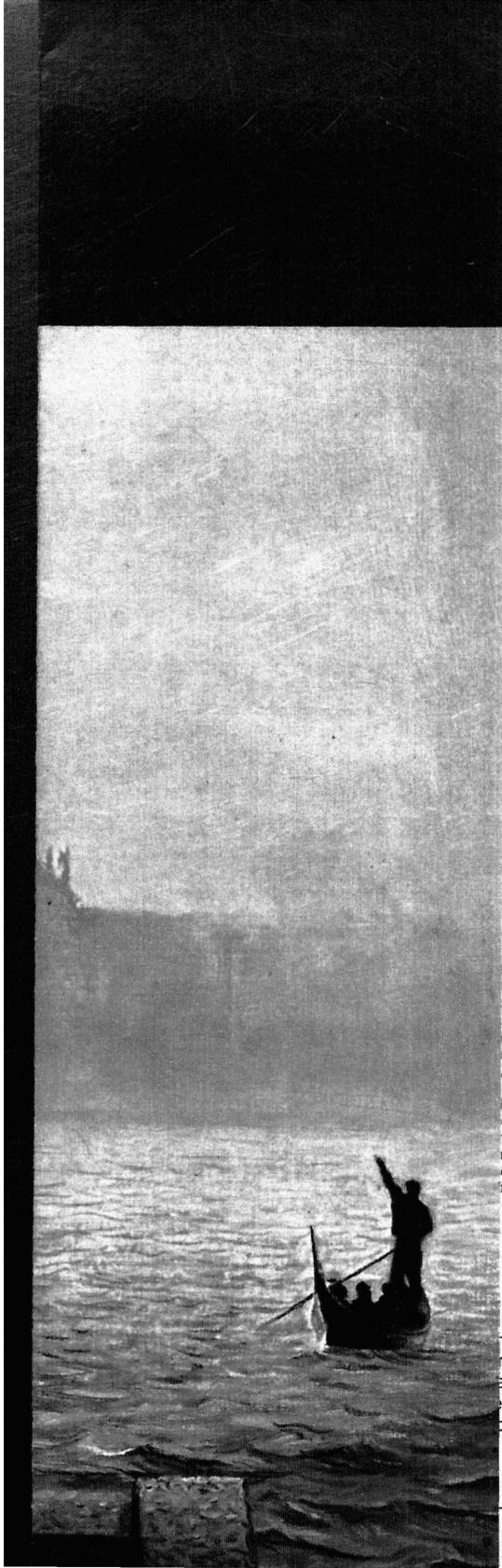
s Rose Wilder Lane who, when it first appeared in English in
 nmented on the Mises magnum opus: "I think *Human Action*
 stionably the most powerful product of the human mind in
 , and I believe it will change human life for the better during
 centuries as profoundly as Marxism has changed all our
 the worse in this century"

e is no doubt about the former. And, given a growing aware-
 ne conspiracy against our liberties, and an ever greater deter-
 t to assure more individual liberty and less government con-
 e Wilder Lane's prophecy of nearly thirty years ago may yet
 e.

Sincerely,

Scott Stanley Jr.

monthly except July by Robert Welch, Inc., 395
 etts 02178 U.S.A. Subscription rates are fifteen
 venteen dollars elsewhere. Copyright © 1977 by
 cles except those written to order to fit our specific
 for the return of unsolicited manuscripts.
 Massachusetts, and at additional mailing offices.
 Welch, Inc., Belmont, Massachusetts 02178.





Harold M. Lambert

CARTER Brings Forth A CABINET

Gary Allen, a graduate of Stanford, is author of *None Dare Call It Conspiracy*, *The Rockefeller File*, *Kissinger: Secret Side Of The Secretary Of State*, and *Jimmy Carter/Jimmy Carter*. Mr. Allen is an *AMERICAN OPINION* Contributing Editor.

■ HAD Jimmy Carter ventured onto the national scene in quest of the Presidency in any other year he probably would not have made it beyond the Hushpuppy Curtain, if indeed he survived to get that far. But 1976 was a very special year; a year in which the general public was, thanks primarily to Watergate, fed up with professional politicians in general and Re-

publican politicians in particular. This allowed the man with the Howdy Doody smile literally to come out of nowhere to capture the Presidential grail. He did it by promising "I will never lie to you" and proclaiming that he would bring forth "a new generation of leaders" to replace the political operators who have been setting policy in Washington for decades.

OPINION

PRICE: \$1.50

INSIDERS NAME THE CARTER CABINET

*Reporter Gary Allen tells how
David Rockefeller and other
Establishment operators arranged
to run the Carter Administration.
Also in this issue we feature:*

**Foundation Billions
Threaten Americans**



**Little Amy Carter
In A Public School**



**Greatest Cartoonist
In American History**



**How U.S. Socialists
Ape Europe's Fascists**

Editor

ROBERT WELCH

Managing Editor
SCOTT STANLEY, JR.

Assistant
Managing Editor
MARIAN PROBERT WELCH

Editorial Assistant
ELISE W. CLARK

Contributing Editors
GARY ALLEN
THOMAS J. ANDERSON
HILAIRE DU BERRIER
MEDFORD EVANS
WILLIAM P. HOAR
SUSAN L. M. HUCK
GEORGE S. SCHUYLER
ALAN STANG
HAROLD LORD VARNEY
DAVID O. WOODBURY

Publisher
RICHARD N. OBER

Circulation Manager
CHARLES G. METZGER, JR.

Editorial
Advisory Committee

The following group of distinguished Americans gives the editors comments and advice which are helpful in determining the editorial policy, contents, and opinions of this magazine. But no responsibility can be attributed to any members of this Committee for any specific articles, items, or conclusions which appear in these pages.

- S. J. AGNEW
- K. G. BENTSON
- JOHN T. BROWN
- LAURENCE E. BUNKER
- F. GANO CHANCE
- MARTIN J. CONDON III
- ROBERT B. DRESSER
- WM. J. GREDE
- CLARENCE MANION
- LAWRENCE P. McDONALD
- N. FLOYD MCGOWIN
- W. B. McMILLAN
- THOMAS PARKER
- ROBERT W. STODDARD
- ERNEST G. SWIGERT

CONTENTS — FEBRUARY, 1977

Carter Cabinet Gary Allen 1
 Amy Goes To School Susan L.M. Huck 7
 Fascism & Socialism William P. Hoar 13
 Thomas Nast Medford Evans 21
 Bullets 29
 They Paused To Remark 30
 Foundations Pay The Way, II Alan Stang 31
 De Libris Medford Evans 57
 Confetti 112
 Cover Portrait Daniel Michael Canavan — Cover

Dear Reader:

Volume one, Number one, of *American Opinion* appeared early in 1958. The masthead of our maiden issue presented an Editorial Advisory Board that included among many distinguished Americans the man who was then without question the world's greatest living economist. He was Ludwig von Mises, and for fifteen years until his death in 1973 Professor Mises' name remained on our masthead to indicate that he was both our friend and advisor. Over the years his work appeared in our pages, his portrait on our cover, and his books and those of his students (including a Nobel laureate) were reviewed here with enthusiasm.

It is appropriate that Medford Evans — our senior Contributing Editor — should now review *My Years With Ludwig von Mises*, Margit von Mises' loving and informative memoir of her late husband. The review begins on page sixty-seven, and we urge you not to miss it. For itself, and as Dr. Evans observes of Mrs. Mises' book, because it "will pay you double if it leads you to study or re-study the work of this distinguished subject."

We believe that Ludwig von Mises, who escaped to America when his native Austria fell to the National Socialists under Hitler, would be pleased by this issue of *American Opinion*, with its anxious criticism and reports on conspiratorial interventionists, Establishment nihilists, and corporate socialists. "Capitalism," von Mises wrote, "has raised the standard of life among the masses to a level which our ancestors could not have imagined. Interventionism and efforts to introduce socialism have been working now for decades to shatter the foundations of the world economic system. We stand on the brink of a precipice which threatens to engulf our civilization."

Well aware of the danger, and especially of the need to warn and educate the American middle class, Professor von Mises repeatedly urged us to press on with our work, once telling your editor that a Gary Allen article in *American Opinion* on what inflation means at the supermarket was worth a dozen learned economic treatises. Unless, we replied to his great amusement, they were all twelve by von Mises.

It was Rose Wilder Lane who, when it first appeared in English in 1949, commented on the Mises magnum opus: "I think *Human Action* is unquestionably the most powerful product of the human mind in our time, and I believe it will change human life for the better during the coming centuries as profoundly as Marxism has changed all our lives for the worse in this century . . ."

There is no doubt about the former. And, given a growing awareness of the conspiracy against our liberties, and an ever greater determination to assure more individual liberty and less government control, Rose Wilder Lane's prophecy of nearly thirty years ago may yet prove true.

Sincerely,

Scott Stanley Jr.

AMERICAN OPINION — is published monthly except July by Robert Welch, Inc., 395 Concord Avenue, Belmont, Massachusetts 02178 U.S.A. Subscription rates are fifteen dollars per year in the United States, seventeen dollars elsewhere. Copyright © 1977 by Robert Welch, Inc. We use almost no articles except those written to order to fit our specific needs, and can assume no responsibility for the return of unsolicited manuscripts.

Second Class Postage Paid at Boston, Massachusetts, and at additional mailing offices. Postmaster: Send FORM 3579 to Robert Welch, Inc., Belmont, Massachusetts 02178.



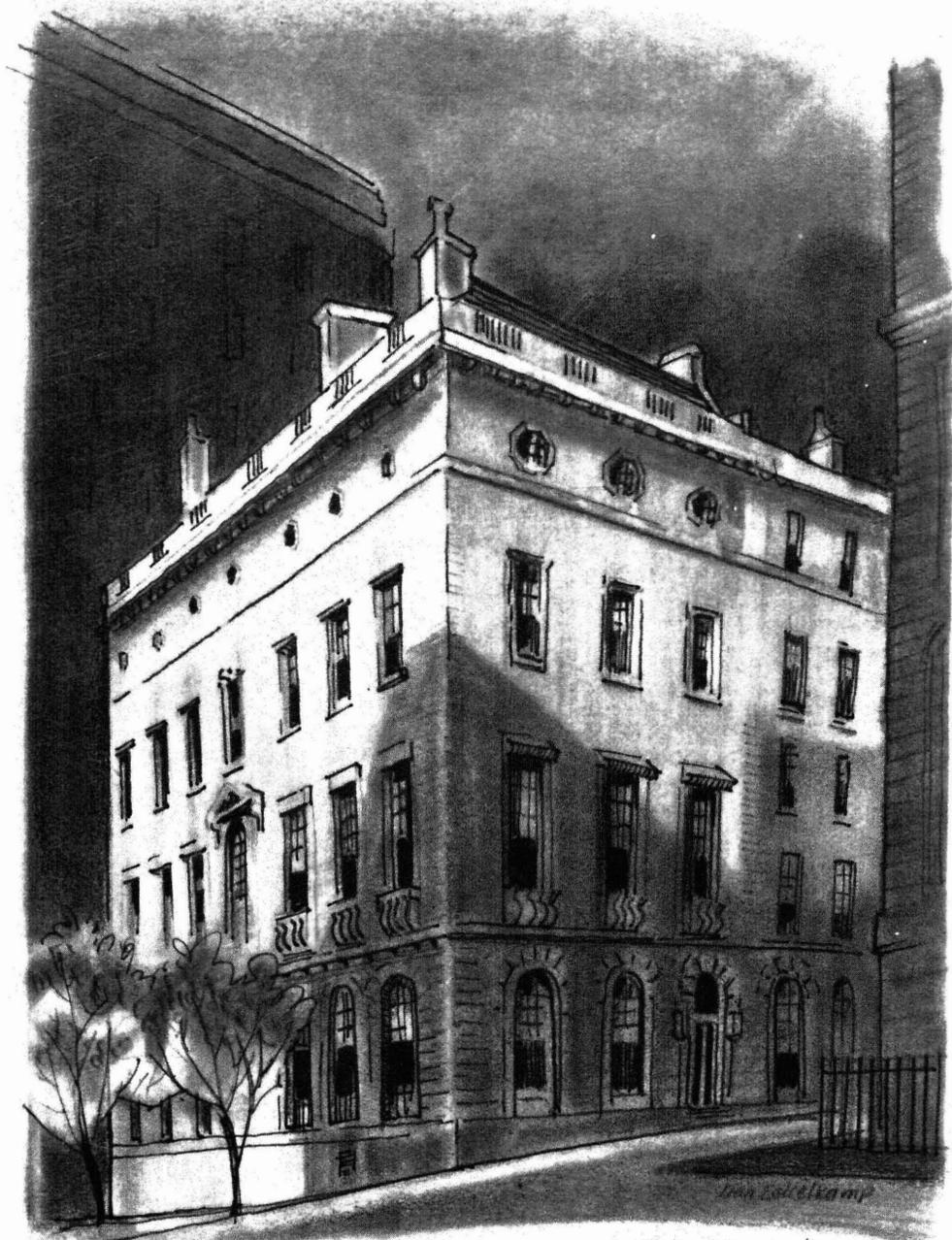
Harold M. Lambert

CARTER Brings Forth A CABINET

Gary Allen, a graduate of Stanford, is author of *None Dare Call It Conspiracy*, *The Rockefeller File*, *Kissinger: Secret Side Of The Secretary Of State*, and *Jimmy Carter/Jimmy Carter*. Mr. Allen is an AMERICAN OPINION Contributing Editor.

■ HAD Jimmy Carter ventured onto the national scene in quest of the Presidency in any other year he probably would not have made it beyond the Hushpuppy Curtain, if indeed he survived to get that far. But 1976 was a very special year; a year in which the general public was, thanks primarily to Watergate, fed up with professional politicians in general and Re-

publican politicians in particular. This allowed the man with the Howdy Doody smile literally to come out of nowhere to capture the Presidential grail. He did it by promising "I will never lie to you" and proclaiming that he would bring forth "a new generation of leaders" to replace the political operators who have been setting policy in Washington for decades.



C.F.R. HEADQUARTERS

58 EAST 68th STREET, NEW YORK CITY

Eight of President Carter's top choices were selected from the membership rolls of the Rockefellers' secretive Council on Foreign Relations. And, counting Carter and Mondale, six of the most important figures in the new Administration belong to the Rockefeller subsidiary known as the Trilateral Commission.

Before the Cabinet was named, Carter campaign manager Hamilton Jordan declared: "If, after the inauguration, you find a Cy Vance as Secretary of State, and Zbigniew Brzezinski as head of national security, then I would say we failed. And I'd quit. But that's not going to happen. You're going to see new faces; new ideas. The government is going to be run by people you have never heard of."

Well, Vance and Brzezinski are now in those positions, and while Jordan may have blushed he has not turned in his uniform. As it developed, of the twenty top appointments, only four went to *bona fide* newcomers to political Washington, and three of those are to posts of lesser importance.

What is especially interesting, and hopeful, is that this year, for the first time, a number of leading journals have begun to point out that the Carter team came straight from the Establishment. These publications, from all parts of the political spectrum, are finally treating the Establishment not as a state of mind created in elitists by Ivy League universities, but as a conspiracy with a tangible organizational structure. It is, if you will forgive us for saying so, *about time!*

In 1962 the distinguished commen-

tator Dan Smoot published *The Invisible Government*, an extremely important book which presented concrete evidence that the Council on Foreign Relations, an organization controlled by the Rockefeller family, had long been manipulating the foreign policies of both the Democrat and Republican parties in an effort to bring about World Government. This theme has been further researched and greatly expanded upon by other Americanists in the intervening years. But, until recently, the role of the C.F.R. in American government and foreign policy has been ignored by the general media. No more. Exhibit A is W.E. Barnes, political analyst for the *San Francisco Examiner*, who wrote in that journal for December 12, 1976:

"Mounting evidence suggests that Jimmy Carter is less an establishment outsider than many people thought, and than he himself led voters to believe during his campaign." Barnes says that one characterization of Carter's appointments can no longer be disputed; they are "old-line establishment" types. Under the caption "Carter had link to insiders all along," Barnes continues: ". . . Carter's ties with this establishment date back three years — to his membership in one of the most exclusive establishment fraternities in the country, an



U.P.I. Photos

Treasury Secretary Michael Blumenthal (l) is a member of both David Rockefeller's conspiratorial C.F.R. and his Trilateral Commission. Patricia Harris (c), Secretary of H.U.D., and Great Society braintruster Joseph Califano (r), Secretary of H.E.W., are also members of the Council on Foreign Relations.

organization called the Trilateral Commission . . . a preponderance of Carter's choices for high-level positions are members of the commission."

The Trilateral Commission is an avatar of the Rockefeller family's Council on Foreign Relations. Members usually refer to this organization as "The Council," while outsiders call it the C.F.R. David Rockefeller, chairman of the C.F.R., created the Trilateral Commission to bring in Europeans and Japanese for international political and economic planning. The T.C., like its C.F.R. parent, is financed by the Ford Foundation and the Rockefeller Brothers Fund. As Barnes describes it:

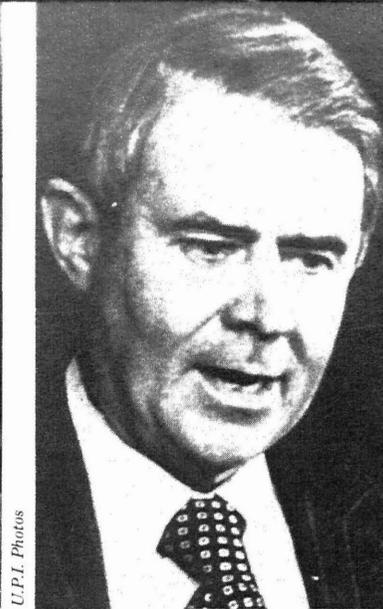
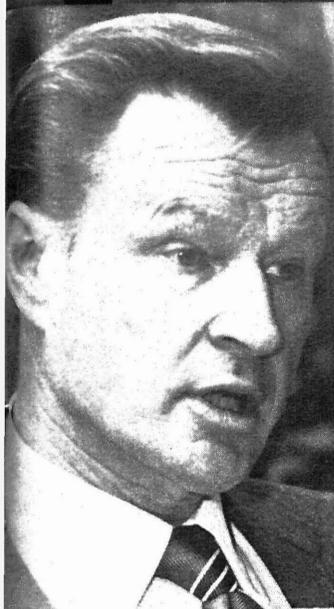
"The organization has 80 members each from Western Europe, North America and Japan, hence the name Trilateral. It was founded in 1973 under the aegis of David Rockefeller, chairman of the Chase Manhattan Bank.

"Zbigniew Brzezinski, a Rockefeller protégé and a Carter advisor, was

selected as its first director, and George Franklin, a Rockefeller associate, was named North American secretary. Brzezinski, the leading candidate to be Carter's national security advisor, served as director of the commission until early this year, when he resigned to devote more time to advising the Carter campaign on foreign policy matters

"The Trilateral Commission is a true elite, comprised of what many have called America's 'shadow government' — leaders in business, industry, international finance and law. They move easily in and out of high positions in the private sector and government through a network of school, club, and business associations."

New York magazine for December 13, 1976, tells us a little more about the founding of the Trilateral Commission in an article by Aaron Latham entitled "Carter's Little Kissingers." According to Latham: "The Trilateral Commission began as a jingle in David Rockefeller's bank of ideas." He



U.P.I. Photos

National Security Advisor Zbigniew Brzezinski (l), Secretary of State Cyrus Vance (c), and Secretary of Defense Harold Brown (r) are all members of the Council on Foreign Relations and the Trilateral Commission. Brzezinski summarizes: "the fiction of sovereignty . . . is no longer compatible with reality."

continues: "Then David Rockefeller went to a meeting of the Bilderberg Group* — an organization set up by Prince Bernhard of the Netherlands, later a suspect in the Lockheed pay-offs scandal The Chase Manhattan Bank chairman trotted out his idea once more for old times' sake. The Bilderberg members loved it. Soon thereafter the Trilateral Commission was conceived"

Virtually all the hierarchy of the Bilderbergers and Trilateral Commission are also members of Rockefeller's C.F.R. This, in turn, is composed of some seventeen hundred of the elite from the top of international finance, the multinational corporations, the major mass media, the Ivy League universities, and the major foundations. Membership is by invitation only and meetings are secret. Those in policy-making positions have repeatedly stated that the goal of The

Council is to create a World Government. Regular readers of this magazine know that the key members of every Administration since F.D.R., whether the Democrats or Republicans were in power, have come from the Rockefellers' Council on Foreign Relations. With the advent of the Trilateral Commission we now have a third organization to watch.

Last spring, in the *Washington Post*, Laurence Stern told of how Carter met with David Rockefeller in London and was invited to join the then fledgling T.C. Aaron Latham tells us: "Carter attended the commission's first meeting in New York City. This was his induction into the world of the invisible countergovernment. It was not quite a secret world, for that is inhabited by spies. But it was a semi-secret world. A world few people know about or care about. Yet a potentially [sic] powerful world. And a world about as different as it could be from the small world of Plains. Carter continued to attend commission functions faithfully until he be-

*A group of top Establishmentarians from Western Europe and America who meet secretly once a year under armed guard.

gan giving all of his time to his presidential campaign”

At which time he loaded his campaign staff with advisors from the Trilateral Commission and the Council on Foreign Relations, giving the lie to his anti-Establishment promises. But the vast majority of Americans know nothing about either of these secretive *Insider* organizations, so the tune still played in Peoria. The Carter bandwagon now contained such T.C. and C.F.R. Establishmentarians as Zbigniew Brzezinski, Cyrus Vance, Paul Warnke, Robert Roosa, Averell Harriman, A.W. Clausen, Paul Nitze, Ted Sorensen, Richard Holbrooke, Anthony Lake, Leonard Woodcock, Michael Blumenthal, and Harold Brown. And when it came time to pick a running mate, Carter reached out and tapped Walter Mondale — of the Trilateral Commission and the Council on Foreign Relations. All of which led W.E. Barnes to close his report in the *San Francisco Examiner* with the observation that “it is now fair, in light of Carter’s appointments and statements, to ask whether they are the thinking of a politician who campaigned as ‘Mr. Outside,’ but was really ‘Mr. Inside’ all along.”

The key positions in the new Cabinet were passed out to reliable C.F.R.-T.C. types. The good-old-boy loyalists are mostly window dressing. But, given the embarrassment caused Hamilton Jordan by his early assurance that there would be no Brzezinskis or Vances in the Carter Administration, it seems reasonable that even Jimmy Carter’s closest staff had no idea that their boss had traded his independence for the support of David Rockefeller and the Establishment *Insiders*.

The Cabinet and related top appointments received most of the publicity. But it should be kept in mind that by the time Jimmy Carter as-

sumed office there were twenty-two hundred jobs to be filled. It’s the old game of out go the ins and in go the outs. These are the people who do much of the actual policy making, and Carter put together a committee of eleven to “suggest” appointments. Of the eleven, five are members of the Council on Foreign Relations or the Trilateral Commission. They included Vice President Walter Mondale; the Reverend Theodore Hesburgh of Notre Dame; Lane Kirkland, secretary-treasurer of the A.F.L.-C.I.O. and widely believed to be George Meany’s likely successor; Irving Shapiro, chairman of the board of the DuPont Company and board chairman of the *Insider*-dominated Business Roundtable; and, Patricia Harris, a D.C. lawyer and former Ambassador to Luxembourg.

According to *Time* for December 20, 1976, a total of seventeen members of David Rockefeller’s Trilateral Commission, or about one-fourth of the North American membership, were actively involved in stocking the Carter Administration. One does not have to plumb the depths of the Carter clambake to find the Establishment *Insiders* among their choices. As syndicated columnist Patrick Buchanan has observed: “. . . the foundation, business and media elite are well wired in. There are two directors of the Rockefeller Foundation in the cabinet, three directors of IBM. Counting Carter and Mondale, there are six top government officials who belong to the David Rockefeller subsidiary known as the Trilateral Commission. The lawyer for the *Washington Post* sits in the new cabinet, as does one director from the *New York Times*. Of the 12 cabinet members, no fewer than six are lawyers, and four PhDs. Looking over Carter’s appointments, can anyone tell me how
(Continued on page seventy-seven.)



U.P.I.

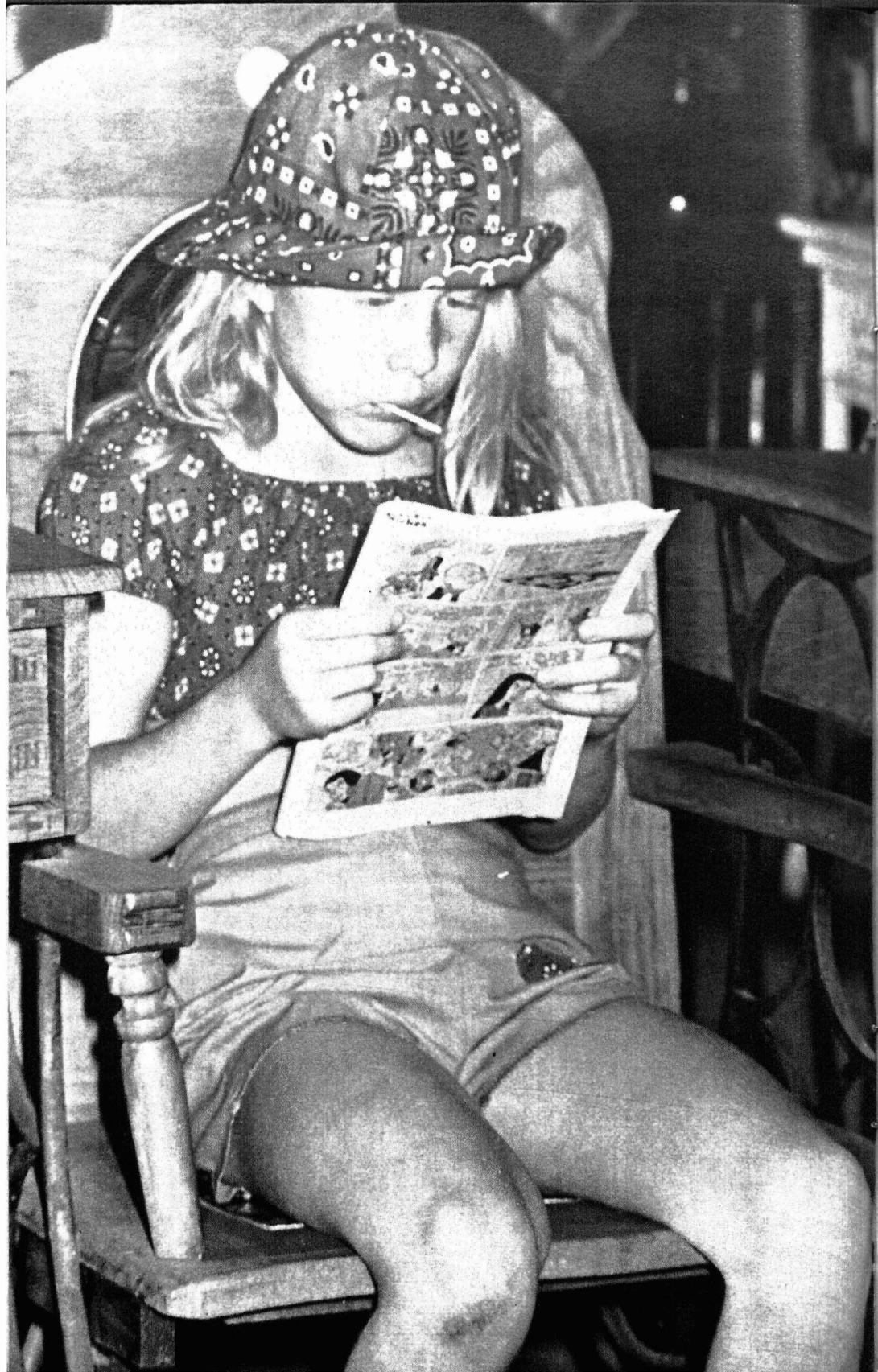
AMY GOES TO SCHOOL

Susan L.M. Huck is a graduate of Syracuse University and earned her Master's at Michigan. Professor Huck holds a Doctorate from Clark University and has lectured before distinguished academic audiences on four continents.

■ IN 1868, on the western edge of Washington, a three-story, fourteen-room elementary school for Negro children was opened. It was named the Thaddeus Stevens School, after the late Congressman Thaddeus Stevens of Pennsylvania.

Today, that oft-painted, high-ceiling brick school, with its tiny paved recreation yard, stands anach-

ronistically amid the downtown office buildings. Its enrollment had fallen to one hundred forty or so, until a special program boosted the number of children back to somewhat over two hundred this year. About thirty percent of the pupils are children of foreign Embassy personnel, and therefore the turnover is high and the number varies.



President Carter's daughter Amy is to attend a public school in Washington, D.C., that was founded for blacks and is still 80 percent non-white. Students in such schools in the federal city, subjected to the latest in "Liberal" pedagogy, average 100 points below the national average on the Scholastic Aptitude Test.

Although the attendance area for the Stevens school is immense, it consists mostly of government and commercial offices and retail stores. The largest residential complex within its area is Watergate, with about five hundred apartments. Admittedly, those who can afford to live there can (and do) send their children to private schools; Watergate provides one (1) Stevens pupil.

Another famous residence, sometimes erroneously described as five blocks away, is the White House. At this writing it would appear that President Carter's daughter Amy will be sent to Stevens in a gesture sinking under its own weight of symbolism. It is intended to prove that the President is wonderfully democratic and a Believer in Integration, because the student body is at least eighty percent non-white. (This may cause some discomfort to the average metropolitan Washington Believers in Integration, who characteristically fail to put their youngsters where their mouths are.)

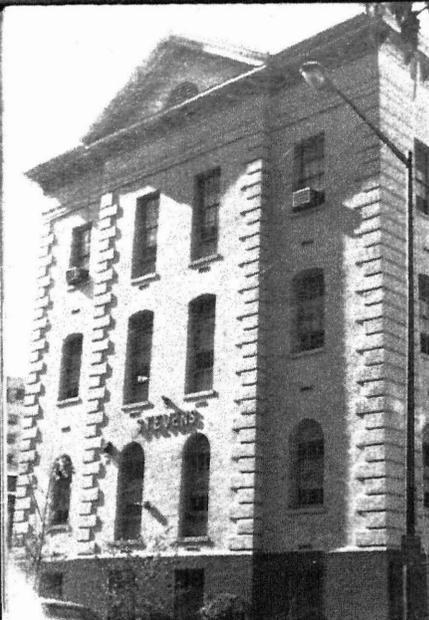
I viewed the Stevens school with interest, as it reminded me of my own three-story, nine-room urban public school, which provided, as Stevens does, classes only up to the sixth grade. We had a larger schoolyard, though, and some trees. Stevens principal Lydia Williams proud-

ly pointed out the "parks" which had been created — tiny rectangles where the pavement in the sidewalk had been removed to accommodate a few shrubs and small trees.

Inside, I found classes in session in large, light, airy rooms. The building is one hundred nine years old and strictly functional, but clean and in good repair. The children were orderly, and a television crew was busy filming a charming kindergarten singing session. The usual child-crafted decorations were to be found — except that the fourth-grade room, and the principal's office, were heavy with clippings about the Carters and the school.

What sort of education is purveyed? Well, that is not so easy to determine! Perhaps some of those who have fought the school textbook battles could have told me about it — the educationists in Washington *really* don't want adults looking at those books! Despite literally scores of requests I got a royal runaround indeed, and in the end I was almost beginning to wonder whether waylaying a fourth-grader in order to make off with her reader would be worth the ensuing notoriety. (No.)

I did manage to look at the social studies text in use. Fourth grade, I was informed, studied geography, a subject which by nature resists



U.P.I. Photos



Dr. Huck noted a reading workbook in Amy's fourth-grade classroom at the 109-year-old Stevens school was for the second-grade level. The teacher, Mrs. Meeder, doesn't believe in homework. Last year only ten American-born whites attended the school, with only one from the huge Watergate complex.

propagandizing. This particular book* included some American history as well as U.S. geography, and some geographical remarks upon our neighbors in the Hemisphere. Frankly, I found it quite a good book, with five hundred meaty pages, nicely illustrated. While the front endpaper had probably been changed to satisfy the propagandists, I suspect that this is basically a 1951 book with updated facts. Nowadays, as we know, there is a good deal less interest in large packages of straight information. The emphasis is now on large pictures, small words, and bite-sized packets of propaganda.

That is what I found in a fifth-grade text I finally got a hold of down at the D.C. Board of Education regional headquarters. It was a horror. Something purporting to be about *Our Country and Its Leaders*,† it had a frontispiece graced by a collage of politicians, and an introductory section consisting of two-page spreads about such "great American leaders" as Herman Badil-

lo, Shirley Chisholm, Cesar Chavez, and even Chief Dan George, whose claim to fame is that he was voted Best Supporting Actor of 1971. But they were hard up for Indians, and the brothers Abramowitz must have felt that Russell Means wouldn't *quite* fly.

The "American leaders" were generally chosen for being non-white, or non-native-born (that is, immigrants), or non-Christian. Believe me, according to this text, W.A.S.P.s were mighty thin on the ground throughout our history, and just about absent in the Twentieth Century. (You believe that, don't you?)

Since the propaganda was arranged in the aforementioned bite-size packets, it was easy to note the

**Your Country And Mine*, by Gertrude Brown, Ginn & Company. This edition is dated 1969, but earlier ones go back to 1951, which may account for the nearly invisible propaganda content.

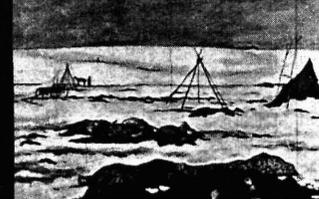
†It was a Globe Book Company text by Abramowitz & Abramowitz, dated 1974, intended as a fifth-grade U.S. history book.

Hate film used in Amy's classroom is full of falsehoods about 1890 battle of Wounded Knee. It contains photos of civilians (including babies) the 9-year-olds are told were purposely killed at My Lai by Americans.

space priorities. Crispus Attacks, a black killed by British soldiers as part of a mob in Boston, is exactly as important as Thomas Jefferson in what the text refers to as "the colonial protest movement," previously known as the American Revolution. This particular text was old New York socialist in emphasis on unionism, social security, Big Government — and the newer enthusiasms of pollution and "overpopulation." The latter are of particular interest because, having attempted to teach geography to college-level New York students at Hunter College, I happen to know that you can tell them *anything* about "the ecology" (as they mistakenly refer to the environment; ecology is a science, not an environment) since they know almost nothing about it. They think water comes from faucets. And of course anyone who has made the rush-hour subway scene *knows* that the entire country is just that "overpopulated."

Returning to Amy Carter's class at the Stevens school, however, if the social studies book in use at present is unexceptionable, there remain two caveats. One is: Do they read it? For, while I never succeeded in laying hands on the reader, I did see a reading workbook, and it was second-grade level. The child who was at that stage of reading could not possibly handle *Your Country And Mine*. The other caveat is: Will they change to a newer text? Almost any textbook dated in the 1970s is freighted with a decidedly heavier load of propaganda than almost any textbook dated in the 1960s.

FEBRUARY, 1977



In interviews given to the Washington newspapers, Amy Carter's presumed future teacher, Mrs. Verona Meeder, says that she doesn't bother with homework. In that case, one wonders whether the pupils labor through the five hundred pages of text in class, or whether they just look at the pictures, or whether it is read to them, or what?

Among other things, I was told, fourth-graders "do Indians" to some extent, although they "do Indians" even more in the higher grades. In Amy Carter's classroom I spotted a film from the D.C. schools' Media Center which gave a clue as to how they "do Indians." The title was "Report From Wounded Knee." This I had to see!

It turned out to be a low-budget, derivative film which employed historic photos from the Smithsonian and various state historical societies, plus a zoom lens, to give an impression of movement as a narrator commented unpleasantly on what the white settlers and the white soldiers were doing to the poor helpless Indians, terminating with an utterly false view of the 1890 episode at Wounded Knee with emphasis on dead babies. Yes, 1890, not 1973, because the wandering propaganda troupes had not yet gotten around to creating the 1973 episode when this

*The listings under *Music* give an indication of just how much little Amy may be absorbing of her Western cultural heritage in the Washington schools. Here's the total selection: Beethoven and His Music; Discovering American Indian Music; Discovering Electronic Music; Discovering Jazz; Discovering Music Of Africa; Discovering Sound And Movement Of Music; Jascha Heifetz: Portrait of an Artist; Mexican-American Culture: Its Heritage; Chopin Concert.

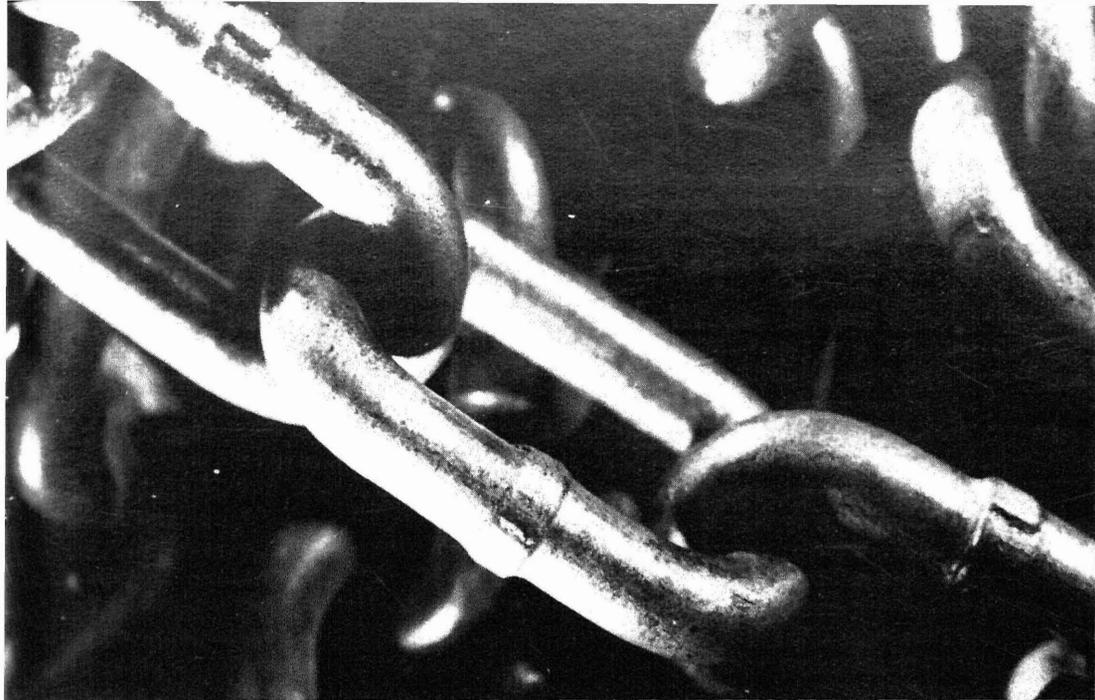
As for the dance, we find four entries: Africa Dances; Cosmic Ray; Discovering American Indian Music; First World Festival of Negro Arts.

particular film propagandist was at work. Wounded Knee, 1973, was only in the planning stages then.

However, the kiddies in Mrs. Meeder's classroom, the nine-year-old fourth-graders watching the film, would have found themselves suddenly at My Lai, staring at bloody babies in a ditch, while the white soldiers confessed their crimes over background whimperings. You see, whether in 1890 or 1968, imperialist Americans soldiers just *love* to kill babies! *Imagine* showing that sort of thing to nine-year-old!

I was able to backtrack this vicious anti-American film from Amy's classroom to its creator. Although the task was not easy, it proved easier than laying hands on a fourth-grade reader! I went to the Media Center where I lit up the U.F.O.-detection screens like a pong ball — Unidentified Fearsome Ofay, that is — and found that "Report From Wounded Knee" was acquired by the D.C. schools from Sterling Educational films, which is part of a very large film distribution outfit in New York and New Jersey. They said they didn't know how or where or why they had obtained it. I did better with the New York City information operator.

Along the way, I also found out what was in the Media Center catalogue of films for use in the Washington schools. There were more entries under Negro History than under all other U.S. and world history put together — and many of the latter titles were *also* "Negro History." Under *Music* and *Dance*, the entries left a similarly strong impression of imbalance.* It would have been nice to obtain a copy of the whole catalogue, instead of photocopies of a few pages, but it was bureaucratic stone-wall time again. If I wanted it, that was exactly the reason why I should
(Continued on page ninety-three.)



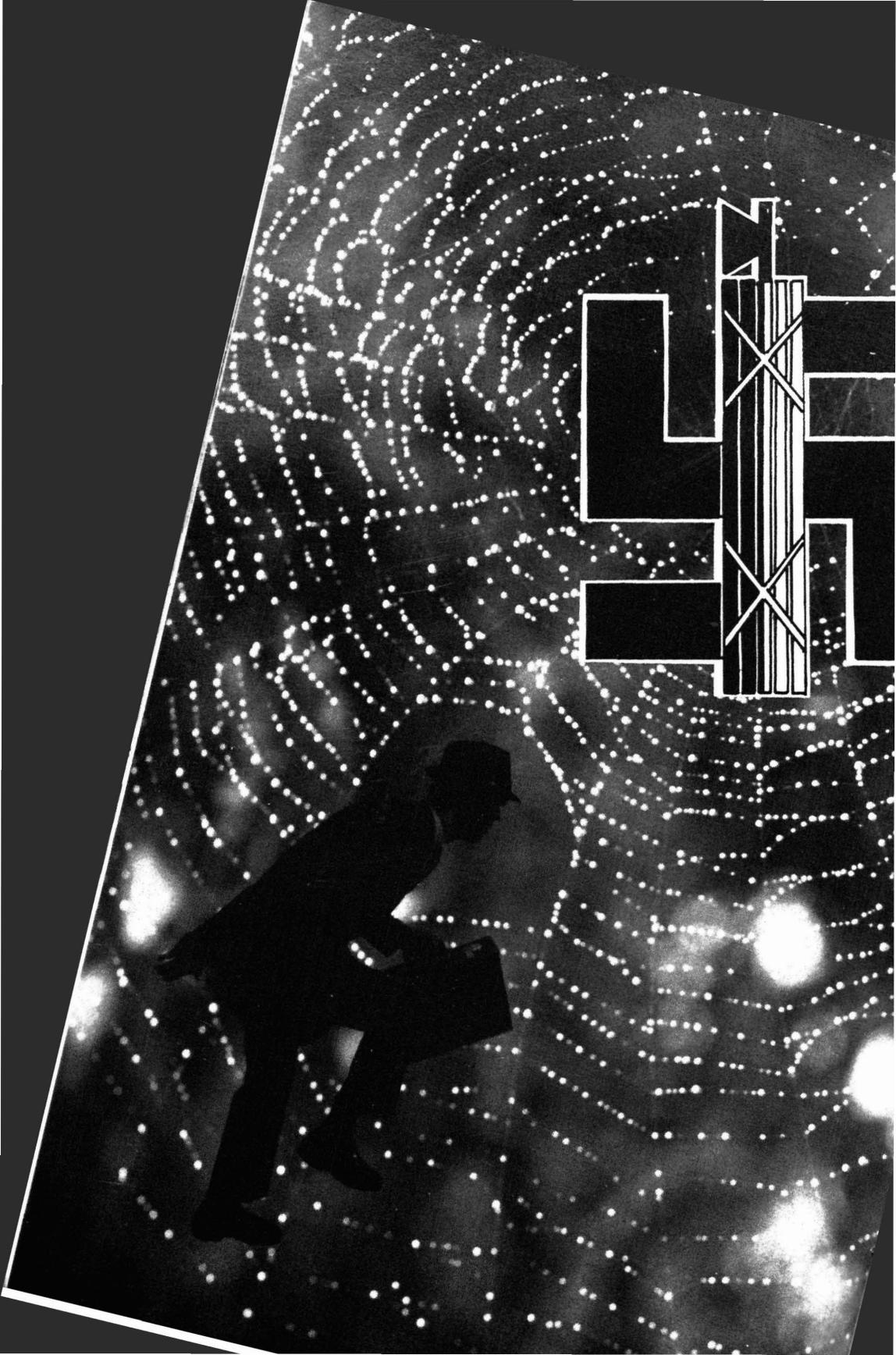
H. Armstrong Roberts

FASCISM & NATIONAL SOCIALISM

William P. Hoar is a feature columnist and Contributing Editor for The Review Of The News, the authoritative national Conservative newsmagazine. Mr. Hoar, who is a graduate of Bowdoin College, is a frequent contributor.

■ PERMIT US to begin by introducing two leading players. The first was highly praised by no less a dramatic critic than George Bernard Shaw, who called his movement most "progressive." Mahatma Gandhi, the diapered champion of staged non-violence, called our protagonist a "superman." According to the then Archbishop of Canterbury, our first

player was "the one great figure in Europe." And Winston S. Churchill also heaped critical accolade on this performer, informing him that if they were countrymen "I am sure I would have been with you from beginning to end . . .," and pointing to his "gentle and simple bearing and his calm, detached poise." The world, declared prominent banker Otto



The web of corporate socialism that was spun around Italy and Germany threatens the U.S. today. Under Hitler, in the Thirties, for example, the state took up to 35 percent of income; here the figure is now 43 percent. Regulations, price controls, national planning, and other socialist ideas have been imported.

Kahn of this leading player, "owes him a debt of gratitude."

Our second character, in the words of French intellectual André Gide, "behaves like a genius. I particularly admire the diversity of his methods Soon even those he vanquishes will feel compelled, while cursing him, to admire him." "Liberal" historian Arnold Toynbee was sure this was a man of peace. And the president of Hunter College declared in 1934 that this leading man was "destined to go down to history as a cross between Hotspur and Uncle Toby and to be as immortal as either."

Well, now. The fact is that, like Hotspur, both of these dramatic figures are now food for worms. Thus, as the Prince said of Hotspur, "Ill-weaved ambition, how much art thou shrunk!" For the two luminaries here described were, respectively, Benito Mussolini and Adolf Hitler.

For years, of course, our commentators have excoriated Fascism as the worst of all possible worlds. But "Liberal" accounts stop with the anti-Semitism, book-burnings, concentration camps, and wartime atrocities of the Axis powers. Ignored is the collectivist ideology that made such outrages possible if not inevitable.

The truth is that Fascism springs from a conspiratorial appeal for power to the lower and middle classes

— via handouts — permitting elitists at the top to call the shots while themselves remaining protected from the resultant confiscations. And that description now hits very close to home.

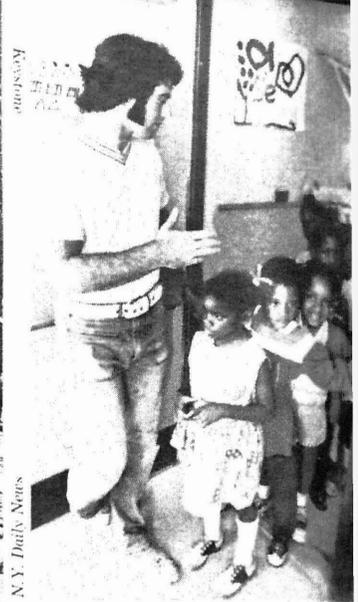
We are not mimicking the radicals and Reds who universally brand their enemies as "Fascists" to distract attention from their own style of totalitarianism. Nor are we saying the United States has become a Fascist country. Rather, we are pointing with concern to the trend in that direction and the similarities to what happened in Italy and Germany earlier in this century.

Italian Fascism

Mussolini chose as the symbol for his Blackshirts the *fasces* — a bundle of rods bound together with a protruding blade, which had been used as a symbol of authority under the ancient Romans. The fasces appears, in fact, on the U.S. ten-cent piece, and it also was on the coat of arms of the French Republicans. So much for the origin of the name.

Of more interest is the fact that the supposedly "rightwing" Mussolini was nothing of the sort.* He was

*In 1904, for example, Mussolini spoke at the anniversary of the Paris Commune before an audience of Italians, Germans, French, and Russians.



Will American children march to the beat of Big Brother in federal day-care centers (r) as in Hitler Youth? Nazis indoctrinated German toddlers, in the Mother and Child program, while mothers worked in the fields. In Italy's government schools, childrens' prayers professed belief in the "supreme Duce."

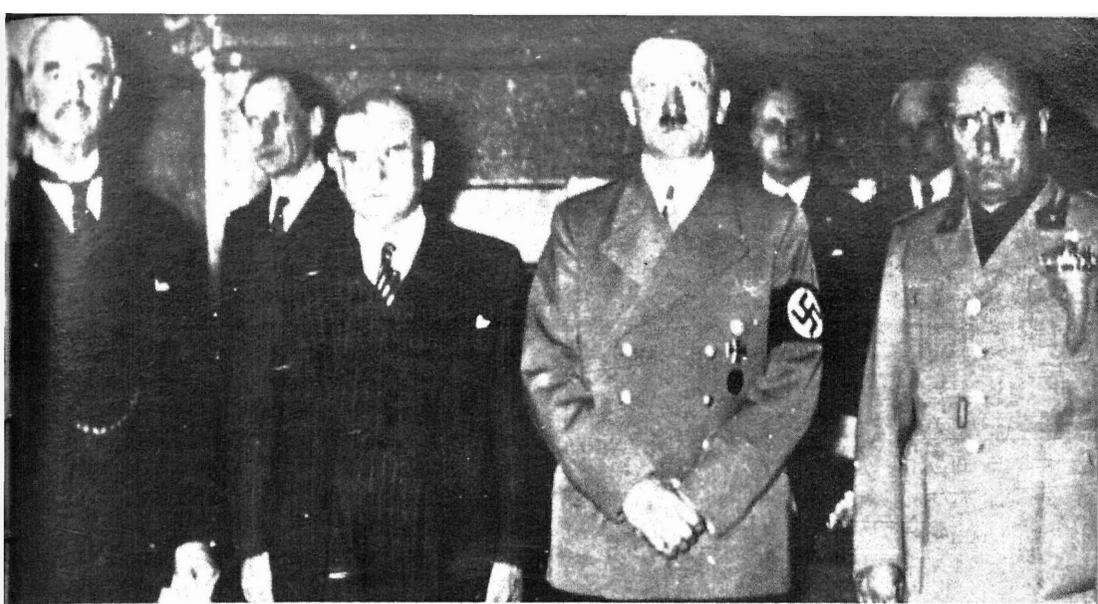
for years an orthodox Marxist who, like most Italian Socialists, opposed entry into World War I. In this he had differed from other European Marxists and, fearing waning popularity, gratefully accepted what amounted to a French bribe and abruptly began propagandizing for the war. It was to be a war to destroy the old order and establish Communism. And, as Ludwig von Mises noted in *Planned Chaos* (Irvington-on-Hudson, Foundation For Economic Education, 1947): "More than anybody else Mussolini was instrumental in achieving Italy's entry into the first World War."

That war gave the Communists a base in Russia and the Reds attempted to take power in Hungary, Germany, and Italy as well. They failed in Italy in 1920 after occupying factories in the North, but provided Mussolini with the opening he needed. In 1921, he founded the Fascist Party and many of the Reds of 1920 became Blackshirts. A takeover by any name was just as sweet. As

Comrade Benito declared, "Our program is simple: we wish to govern Italy. They ask us for programs but there are already too many. It is not programs that are wanting for the salvation of Italy, but men and will power." In other words, trust me.

Eugene H. Methvin called the difference between Lenin and Mussolini "ephemeral; the similarities are fundamental." For Il Duce "considered himself a good socialist and revolutionary until a short three years before his 'March on Rome.' He always referred to his seizure of power as 'the fascist revolution' much as a Russian Bolshevik might refer to 'the Soviet revolution.' And to Italians the word 'fasci' meant about the same as 'soviet' to the Russians." (*The Rise Of Radicalism*, New Rochelle, Arlington House, 1973.) All power to the *Fasci di combattimento!*

Like Hitler a decade later, however, Mussolini came to power by "constitutional" means. After Rome was occupied by his bands, Il Duce received a telegram declaring: "His



Keystone

Western leaders like English Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain (l) and French Premier Edouard Daladier were not the only ones to look on Hitler and Mussolini benignly. Prominent "Liberal" academicians, politicians, industrialists, and bankers found national socialism appealing. Some of them still do.

Majesty the King asks you to come immediately to Rome for he wishes to offer you the responsibility of forming a Ministry." The conspiring bankers and industrialists who had supported his March would likewise support consolidation of a Corporate State. Thus "big industrialists were able to remain fairly free from the state," writes Christopher Leeds. "They bought their freedom [*sic*] by generous gifts to Fascist Party Funds." (*Italy Under Mussolini*, London, Wayland, 1972.) How do you say "milk money" in Italian?

The Fascists, like all collectivists, had a peculiar notion of freedom and liberty. One of their leading "philosophers," Giovanni Gentile, maintained: "... the maximum of liberty coincides with the maximum of state force." He was certainly a Blackshirt suited for the Occupa-

tional Safety and Health Administration. Mussolini preferred to make Gentile his Minister of Education.

Benito Mussolini's own thesis was no less absurd: "If historic fact exists it is this, that all of the history of men's civilization, from the caves to civilized or so-called civilized man, is a progressive limitation of liberty." (*Comparative Economic Systems*, William N. Loucks and J. Welton Hoot, New York, Harper & Brothers, 1948.) And remember, claimed the Duce in his Grand Fascist Report for 1929: "We were the first to assert that . . . the more complicated the forms assumed by civilization, the more restricted the freedom of the individual must become." (*The Fascist*, E.B. Ashton, New York, Morrow, 1937.)

Mussolini was soon being greatly honored in collectivist circles of America. Thomas W. Lamont, the international banker who was probably the most influential partner in the House of Morgan, wrote a glowing preface to a 1927 book* praising

*Lamont had secured a \$100 million loan for the Duce the previous year. The banker had similar admiration for the Bolsheviks — indeed he sired one named Corliss Lamont who supports the Red fascists of today.

the economic wonders of Italian Fascism. The Chairman of the U.S. House Foreign Relations Committee told his colleagues in 1926: "He is something new and vital in the sluggish old veins of European politics. It will be a great thing not only for Italy but for all of us if he succeeds." Herbert Matthews, the peripatetic *New York Times* man who would later be instrumental in bringing Castro to power in Cuba, acknowledged that he was "an enthusiastic admirer of fascism." And Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, the socialist president of Columbia, boasted of his friendship with Il Duce, calling Fascism "a form of government of the first order of excellence" and maintaining "we should look to Italy to show us what its experience and insight have to teach in the crisis confronting the twentieth century." (*As We Go Marching*, John T. Flynn, New York, Free Life, 1944.)

What was this Twentieth Century Caesar doing that earned him such praise? The Duce's plan was a variant of the medieval guild system re-dubbed *corporativism*. "But there was no question of the *corporazione's* self-government," wrote economist Ludwig von Mises. "The Fascist cabinet did not tolerate anybody's interference with its absolute authoritarian control of production." Such control is the essence of Fascism. Fascist law, as defined by E.B. Ashton, "is a means of regulating the people's function of serving the state." Pro-

*Hoover was not exactly unblemished. Which is why, *before* his election, F.D.R. tossed barbs not only at regimentation by trade association, but also "when it is done by the government of the United States itself." Hoover was hit, with what then seemed a justifiable fervor, for "fostering regimentation without stint or limit." And F.D.R. — who would soon give us the Brain Trust — decried his predecessor's "doctrine of regulation and legislation by 'master minds.'"

duction in a free market is supposed to be the American way "while Communism and Fascism both consider it a communal interest — with the Communist state taking its operation into its own hands, while the Fascist one 'contracts' it out to individual businessmen."

A pretense of Free Enterprise in Italy was nonetheless written into the Fascist Labor Charter of 1926, which declared in Article VIII: "The corporate state considers that private enterprise in the sphere of production is the most effective and useful instrument in the interest of the nation." Fine . . . but there's a catch. Article IX, you see, read: "State intervention in economic production arises only when private initiative is lacking or insufficient, or when the political interests of the state are involved. This intervention may take the form of control, assistance or direct management." Perhaps you thought that today's "Liberals" invented the doubletalk that produces their doublethink. Not so.

The economics of Fascist Italy were soon being imported into this country by President Franklin D. Roosevelt, whose C.C.C., W.P.A., P.W.A., and other Depression-era schemes proved so damaging. Indeed, in his *Memoirs* former President Herbert Hoover* told it as it was:

Among the early Roosevelt fascist measures was the National Industry Recovery Act (NRA) of June 16, 1933 . . . [These ideas] were adopted by the United States Chamber of Commerce. During the campaign of 1932, Henry I. Harriman, president of that body, urged that I agree to support these proposals, informing me that Mr. Roosevelt had agreed to do so. I tried to show him that this stuff was pure fascism; that it was a remaking of Mussolini's

Nazis boasted of being “free from freedom,” while a top Italian Fascist claimed, “the maximum of liberty coincides with the maximum of state force.” Hitler said in 1941 that “basically National Socialism and Marxism are the same.” Mussolini was long an orthodox Marxist, as were many Blackshirts.

*“corporate state” and refused to agree to any of it. He informed me that in view of my attitude, the business world would support Roosevelt with money and influence. That for the most part proved true.**

Eventually the N.R.A. and another Fascist plan called the Agricultural Adjustment Administration (A.A.A.) were declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. Though another A.A.A. passed in 1938, Roosevelt had been making his own

*In the 1931 *Report Of The Committee On Continuity Of Business And Employment*, Henry I. Harriman claimed: “A freedom of action which might have been justified in the relatively simple life of the last century cannot be tolerated today, because the unwise action of one individual may adversely affect the lives of thousands. We have left the period of extreme individualism and are living in a period in which the national economy must be recognized as a controlling factor.” Had he said it in Italian, Mussolini might have sued him for plagiarism.

†And it continues to do so. For example, President Carter’s Treasury Secretary, W. Michael Blumenthal, is a founding member of the Initiative Committee For National Economic Planning, which supports the neo-Fascist Humphrey-Javits Economic Planning Act. The Committee is headed by Harvard radical Wasily Leontief, a Soviet-trained “immigrant” who has predicted: “. . . the distribution of income is clearly emerging as the issue that will dominate the American political scene in the closing quarter of this century.” (*Life*, June 30, 1972.)

appointments to the Supreme Court and it stuck, with the result that current federal agricultural acts are amendments to that 1938 Fascist decree. There were so many such schemes patterned after the Fascist “experiment” that F.D.R. doubled the National Debt in six years and the lure of formal national planning beckoned evilly.† The “Liberals,” as John T. Flynn observed, “called it the Planned Economy. But it was and is fascism by whatever name it is known.” (*The Roosevelt Myth*, New York, Devin-Adair, 1956.)

Meanwhile, in Italy, the situation was not so rosy as powerful U.S. collectivists were describing it. The Fascist bands took to heart Mussolini’s dictum: “Everything for the State, nothing outside the State, nothing above the State.” The Chamber of Deputies was replaced by the Chamber of Fasces and Corporations. Italian children in the government schools prayed: “I believe in the supreme Duce, creator of the Blackshirts, and in Jesus Christ, his sole protector.”

Lower living standards were passed off as “a preparation for tomorrow by the renunciations of today.” Said the supreme Duce in 1934: “We are probably moving toward a period of humanity resting on a lower standard of living. Humanity is ca-

pable of ascetism such as we perhaps have no conception of." Ah poor Ralph Nader, like Miniver Cheevy, "born too late."

Professors Loucks and Hoot write of Fascist Italy in the Thirties. Consider what they have to say and identify what you can of "contemporary" proposals and solutions:

The problem of "overproduction" was tackled by encouraging and forcing competing concerns into "con-sortia" — production and marketing concerns similar to German cartels. In many instances government licenses were required to establish new plants or expand old capacity. In addition to the above forms of economic intervention the government accelerated the public works programs, shortened the work-week to spread employment, and increased its expenditures for military purposes. One result of these measures was a public budget heavily unbalanced . . . (Comparative Economic Systems.)

Despite claims to the contrary, Mussolini never had a balanced Budget any more than Jimmy Carter will have one. His subterfuge, as described by John Flynn, reminds one of today's "off-Budget" legerdemain. Mussolini, writes Flynn, "would make a contract with a private firm to build certain roads or buildings. He would pay no money but sign an agreement to pay for the work on a yearly installment plan. No money was paid out by the government. And hence nothing showed up in the budget.***If these sums were added to the national debt as revealed in the Treasury admissions, the actual debt was staggering ten years after Mussolini's ascent to power on a promise to balance the budget. According to Dr. [Gaetano] Salvemini's calculations, the debt of

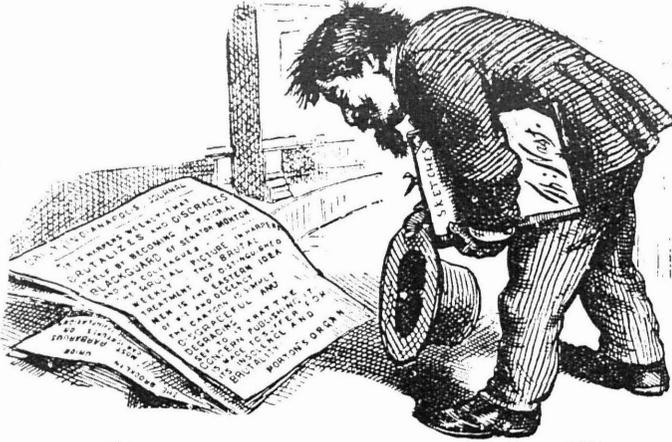
93 billion lire, when Mussolini took office, had grown to 148,646,000,000 lire in 1934." (*As We Go Marching.*)

Like F.D.R., like Jimmy Carter, like so many of today's "Liberals," Mussolini favored "public works" spending as a cure for unemployment. "Huge sums of money were spent by the Fascists," writes Christopher Leeds, a graduate of the London School of Economics, "on building roads, government buildings, Party headquarters, and housing projects."

Naturally the Dictator had to be on guard to prevent graft, to see that the people got their lire's worth, and to deal with the terrible crime problem. So he set up his own national police force and corps of special agents. "Known as OVRA (*Organizzazione di Vigilanza e Repressione dell' Antifascismo*, Organization for the Surveillance and Stamping-out of Anti-Fascism)," records Richard Collier, "they bugged telephones, reported on all who received mail from abroad, and even filed reports on the graffiti in public lavatories." (*Duce!*, New York, Viking, 1971.)

The establishment of law and order; setting of population policy; balancing of the currency and Debt management; building of bridges, roads, and canals; and, even the waging of the "Battle of the Wheat" — all these and more were credited to Il Duce. "No other Italian ruler, the propagandists blared, had ever taken thought of his people from cradle to grave. Who but Mussolini had set up 1700 mountain and seaside summer camps for city children? What other man paid out £1,600,000 to pre-natal clinics each year, or £3,500,000 in family allowances? Who gave the Italians the eight-hour day and codified insurance benefits for the old, the unemployed and the disabled?"

(Continued on page ninety-seven.)



Th: Was f. Ringmaster

Medford Evans is author of *Secret War For The A-Bomb* and other important books. He holds a Ph.D. from Yale, was administrative officer on the atomic energy project, and has long been an AMERICAN OPINION Contributing Editor.

■ THE POWER of the press is legendary, and the legend is not without a substantial base. Richard Nixon, acclaimed (by the press) as the most powerful man on earth in January 1973, had been, by August 1974, destroyed — by the press. In 1971 the *New York Times*, followed quickly by the *Washington Post*, asserted its right to receive and publish documents (“The Pentagon Papers”) which had been classified as secret or confidential by the U.S. Government, and at the same time successfully defended its own right to keep secret from the government the means by which it acquired the docu-

ments. There could be no clearer demonstration of the *de facto* superiority of the press over the government. We may argue the propriety of this arrangement one way or the other, but it seems realistic to begin by at least recognizing what the arrangement is.

The press has many weapons, both defensive and offensive. “Protection of its sources” is a major means of defense. Of offensive weapons none is more deadly than — none so swiftly and economically lethal as — the cartoon. I have recently been browsing through a book of record concerning probably the most influ-



ABOVE: THE TAMMANY TIGER LOOSE. — "What are you going to do about it?"

BELOW: SOMETHING THAT DID BLOW OVER.



ential cartoonist of all time, certainly in America — Thomas Nast. (I am not, repeat not, sorry about that, Herblock.) Nast, who was born in Germany in 1840, was by 1856 a professional cartoonist in New York, and by the summer of 1862, before he turned twenty-two in September of that year, had gained international attention through his reportorial drawings of the Heenan-Sayers prize fight in England, and of Garibaldi's guerrilla conquest of Sicily and Naples in the revolutionary struggle for consolidated power in Italy.

The enduring fame of Thomas Nast, however, stems largely from his stellar role in 1871 in breaking up the political "Ring" of New York's Boss Tweed and henchmen, notably Peter Barr Sweeny (Park Commissioner was one of his titles), Richard B. Connolly (Controller, almost universally known as "Slippery Dick"), and A. (for Abraham) Oakey Hall, as Mayor of New York the principal front man, who in the end proved slicker than Connolly. Or luckier. Hall was tried twice. A juror died the first time; the second time there was

a hung jury, seven for conviction, five for acquittal.

William Marcy, "Big Bill," Tweed was in any case the man that counted. His wide-ranging career began as foreman of the Americus or Big Six Fire Company, and included a term in the U.S. House of Representatives, a year as New York City School Commissioner, and brief membership on the Board of Supervisors ("designed," says *Webster's Biographical Dictionary*, "to stop election corruption"). At the climax of his career, pending his unexpected downfall, he was a New York State Senator and New York City Commissioner of Public Works. On the side, he had a law office, a printing company (most lucrative, what with government contracts), and a marble quarry (the courthouse was built with marble). The secret of his ascent — and of his ultimate collapse — is in part suggested by Albert Bigelow Paine's* characterization of him as "a

**Th. Nast: His Period And His Pictures*, Macmillan, 1904, facsimile edition, 1974, by Pyne Press, Princeton. This is my principal source throughout the present article.



ANARCHISTS



coarse and thoroughly ill-bred ward politician, . . . a drinking, licentious Falstaff, with a faculty for making friends."

Everyone knows that the Tweed Ring was corrupt and corrupting, that Boss Tweed controlled nomination to public office at every level short of the Presidency, the employment of all on the New York City payroll and many on the state and federal payrolls, the awarding of contracts, notably of advertising, and indirectly the editorial policy of most of the daily newspapers, which were more numerous then than now. Not everyone knows how he did it, which is (at this distance) entertaining in a slapstick style, or exactly why he did it, which would appear to be for a somewhat less malign reason than the evident motive of today's national and international bosses.

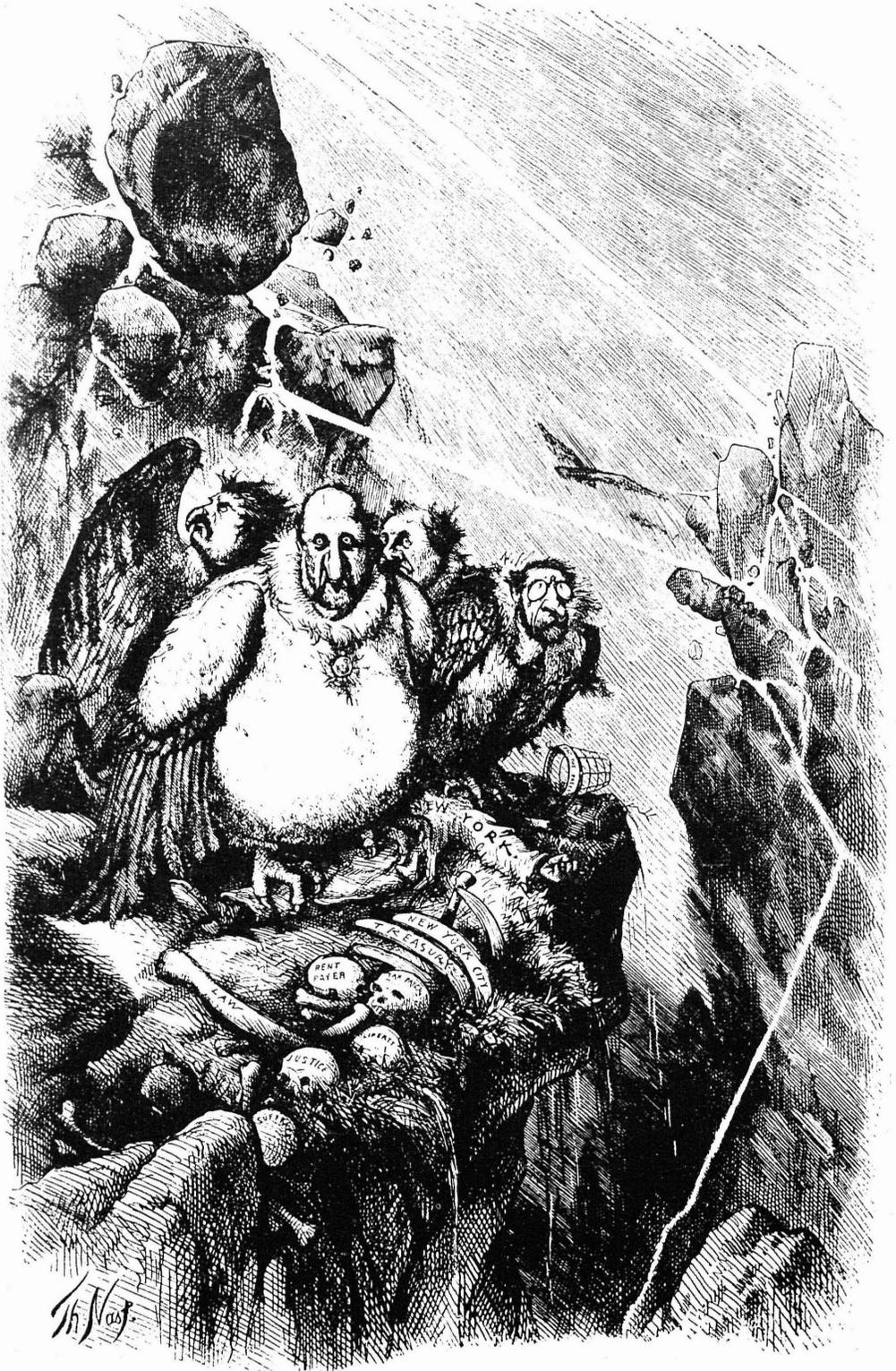
The latter appear to be demoniacally possessed with a lust for power over the human race so that they might extirpate it from the earth. (Caligula is said to have wished that the Roman people had but one neck, that he might wring it all at once. Tamburlaine sacked cities and pleased himself by having pyramids built of the skulls of the recent inhabitants. Doubtless Tamburlaine and Caligula were also friends of earth.) Boss Tweed did not hate people, he only loved himself — a passion, however, it must be admitted, which was apparently so consuming that he was indifferent to the feelings of others, except insofar as ministration to those feelings might gratify his own. He was, let us say, given to sins of the world and the flesh, but not of the devil.

The *modus operandi* is summarized by the *Encyclopaedia Britannica*: "By such devices as faked leases, padded bills, false vouchers, and unnecessary repairs, the 'Tweed ring'

systematically plundered the city of sums estimated at from \$30,000,000 to \$200,000,000." Details are reported by Paine, who devotes half a dozen chapters of his book on Nast to the breakup of the Tweed Ring. It should be noted that this virtuous exploit was not monopolized by the artist. True, his cartoons in *Harper's Weekly* were plainly decisive. Tweed himself said, "Let's stop them damned pictures. . . . I don't care so much what the papers write about me — my constituents can't read; but damn it, they can see pictures."

Who were Tweed's constituents that couldn't read? The answer is implicit in the following passage from the *Columbia Encyclopedia's* article on "bossism":

Bossism depends upon manipulation of the voters and thus always has some aspects of corruption and fraud, even though particular bosses and particular machines may do much service for the community, the state, or the nation The boss became important in American political life in the middle of the 19th century, when many immigrants crowded into the cities; the immigrants were largely ignorant of American ways and were subject to abuse. In return for their votes the boss offered them protection; he saw that the newcomers got financial and other help. The contact was direct and personal; the boss and his cohorts gave away coal and food, got the sick into hospitals, obtained leniency for the wayward through the courts, and secured government and other jobs for the unemployed. Bossism was primarily on the local level, but the machine in very large cities soon exerted state and national influence, sometimes very powerful. The highly invidious use of the term dates from the exposure of the Tweed ring in New York City



"LET US PREY."

Tweed gave bossism a bad name because he got increasingly greedy, and especially because he got overconfident. When exposure of the Ring's speculations began, Tweed reportedly said, "What are you going to do about it?" — a bit of official insolence that Nast was to throw acidly back in his face again and again. Tweed also counted too heavily, it would appear, on the total force of his constituents. They were indeed numerous. "Considered in retrospect," wrote Albert Bigelow Paine in 1904, "it would seem that one-half of the city had combined in a vast alliance to plunder the other half, with Tweed, Sweeney, Connolly, and Hall as captains of the enterprise." The troops under these captains in various ways fit well enough the general description given above from the *Columbia Encyclopedia*. One very significant aspect of their character is brought out by Paine:

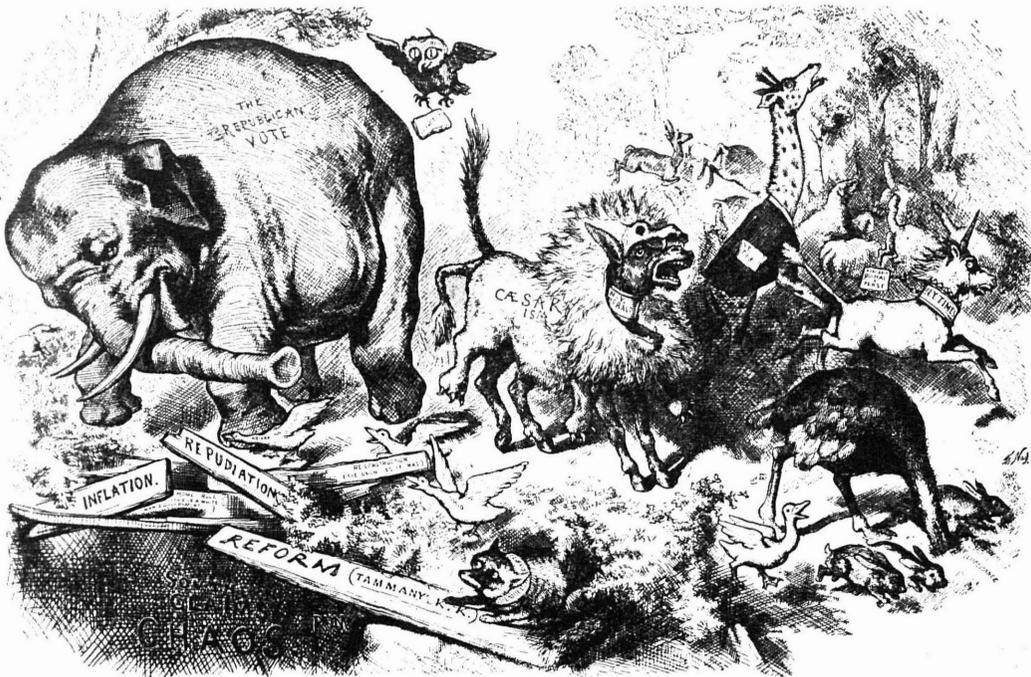
No lengths were too great for the Ring to go to obtain power. With no sort of religion among its members, it lured the good will of the clergy with gifts and concession — most of which went to the Catholics, for the reason that a large percentage of the foreign immigration — an important political factor — professed the creed.

So the bloc vote was significantly Catholic. But the other half of the city, before the fall, also voted for the Ring, possibly thinking of themselves as quasi contributors to the Ring's charitable support and political control of the immigrants. They were not, however, by any means ready to think of themselves as being proper sacrifices to the immigrants, or in the crunch to the Ring itself. Thus, when Mayor Hall (Nast always spelled the name "Haul") denied the Orangemen of New York the right to

parade on July twelfth, anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne (when the Protestant William of Orange, having assumed as William III the crown of England, defeated the Catholic James II, in 1690, beside the River Boyne in Ireland), not just the Orangemen themselves but all non-Catholics in New York began to give a thought to church-state relationships in the city. The Ring might have stood fast by the mayor, but evidence of their raids on the treasury had already begun to appear, and their aplomb was shaken. Governor John T. Hoffman, described by Paine as "a mere figure-head, elected and directed by the Ring," palpably flinched and rescinded the mayor's order. In the sequel you would have thought you were in Belfast today. The Orangemen had no intention of obeying the mayor's order; the Hibernians, whose feelings about the Battle of the Boyne would parallel those of an Egyptian about the Six Days' War, had no intention of respecting Governor Hoffman's rescission of the order. Paine writes:

It proved a brief and sanguinary episode. On Eighth Avenue, from Twenty-third to Twenty-ninth Streets, the assault on the paraders took place. The military, which had been called out to escort the Orangemen, did not immediately open fire, and the rioters now boldly appeared from all sides discharging fire-arms and missiles of every sort at the procession. A woman who waved a handkerchief to the Orangemen was instantly killed. A little girl by her side shared the same fate. Then a private was shot down, and then, a moment later, the military opened fire on the mob.

The crowd broke and fled, "leaving almost a hundred dead and



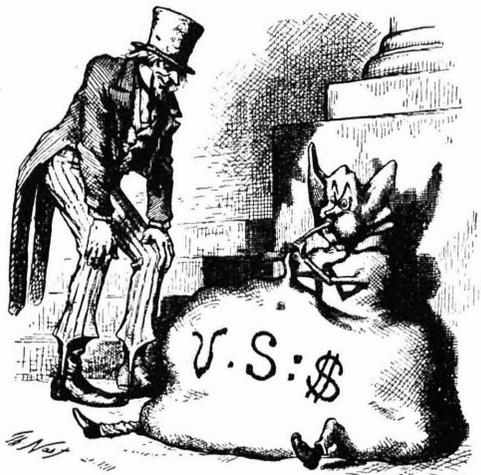
FIRST USE OF REPUBLICAN ELEPHANT



"A LIVE JACKASS KICKING A DEAD LION"

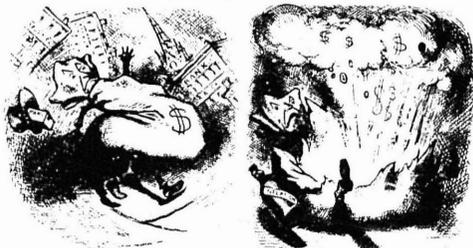
FIRST DEMOCRAT "DONKEY"

Thomas Nast's cartoons were so influential that many of the symbols he originated have been used by his successors for over a century. He was the first to use the elephant as a symbol for Republicans and the donkey for Democrats. Nast also pioneered the use of the dollar sign in cartoons as shown by the series at right, which like so much of his work is as strong today as it was a hundred years ago.



BY INFLATION YOU WILL BURST

UNCLE SAM—"You stupid Money-Bag there is just so much Money in you, and you can not make it any more by blowing yourself up."



LET WELL ENOUGH ALONE, AND DON'T MAKE IT WORSE
 Money is tight, but let it recover itself naturally, and then it will stand on a sounder basis
 Stimulants or inflation only bring final collapse

wounded behind." For innumerable New Yorkers it was reminiscent of the "Draft Riots" of 1863, patently anti-Black, pro-South, and pro-ethnic immigrant, in which, Paine reports, "a thousand persons had been killed or wounded and more than two million dollars' worth of property destroyed." That the Ring should be indirectly identified with "Rum, Romanism, and Rebellion" some thirteen years before that unlucky phrase was coined and backfired in the election of 1884, would not necessarily have been politically fatal. Those three Rs were not without popularity in New York.

Nor was the newly published proof (*vide infra*) that the Ring had embezzled public money necessarily the *coup de grâce* for Tweed and company. Most people had suspected, or even taken for granted, a significant amount of graft, and many were willing to ignore it if the city seemed peaceful and prosperous. But the combination of a bloody riot with undeniable fraud in high places was not good for public confidence. Proof of defalcation by members of the Ring that ran the city government had been published in the *New York Times* of July 8, 1871, four days before the Irish riot. It should be emphasized here that the *Times* of those days was not the *Times* of today, any more than the *Life* for which Robert Benchley wrote (you're probably too young to remember) was the *Life* of Henry Luce.

The *New York Times* of 1871 was owned by one George Jones, who with H.J. Raymond (died 1869) had founded the paper in 1851. Jones had as editor Louis John Jennings, an Englishman who later returned to Britain and became a Member of Parliament. It was to Jennings at the beginning of July 1871 that one James O'Brien came with a roll of

papers which he handed to the editor, saying, "Here are the proofs of all your charges — exact transcriptions from Dick Connolly's books. The boys will likely try to murder you when they know you've got 'em, just as they've tried to murder me."

All dramatic political events have, and generally retain, an element of mystery. James O'Brien, sheriff of New York, had been and on the surface still was a beneficiary, if not an insider, of the Ring. Had he been otherwise, he would not have been sheriff. At some point, unknown to my source, alienation occurred. Tweed was later to allege that it was because Connolly had refused to approve one of O'Brien's "exorbitant" bills — which would have been an unfriendly act indeed, considering how many exorbitant bills Connolly regularly approved. O'Brien, however, whatever the occasion for his pique, bided his time until an opportunity arose to place an agent of his own, one William Copeland, in Connolly's office. Though instantly suspicious, Connolly found it an offer he couldn't refuse, and the diligent Copeland proceeded to relay to O'Brien transcripts from Connolly's records which O'Brien took to Jennings of the *Times*.

The real element of mystery is in the fact that O'Brien was a close political friend of Samuel J. Tilden, then (1871) chairman of the Democratic Party of New York, to be elected governor in 1874 and chosen as the Democratic nominee for President in 1876 — the most crucial Presidential election in U.S. history (except possibly the election of 1976). Tilden is nowadays regularly praised as a reformer and credited with a key role in breaking up the Tweed Ring. Albert Bigelow Paine, however, characterizes Tilden as "one

(Continued on Page 105.)

BULLETS...

The limits of tyrants are prescribed by the endurance of those whom they oppress.

Frederick Douglas, 1857

* * *

It [socialism] is a means to disintegrate social cooperation and to bring about poverty and chaos.

Ludwig von Mises

* * *

The ecology fanaticism has been utterly and completely unnecessary except as a device for increasing the authority of government over our lives.

William P. Hoar

* * *

Frontier women were often more than equal.

Wellington J. Griffith III

* * *

What we are dealing with in the E.R.A. is open war on the traditional American family.

A Quote

* * *

The highest compact two people can make is that there shall be Truth between them for evermore.

Ralph Waldo Emerson

* * *

He who has no inclination to learn more will be very apt to think that he knows enough.

Thomas Powell

* * *

There is no more articulate and uncompromising an advocate of forced busing [sic] than a liberal with his child enrolled in a private school.

Quoted by Patrick Buchanan

* * *

A prudent question is one-half of wisdom.

Francis Bacon

Forcibly taking from the "haves" to give to the "have-nots" is unChristian, unAmerican, and unwarranted.

Thomas J. Anderson

* * *

It is damn foolishness to let people who come to be taught tell us what will be taught.

Dean Allen Spitz,
University of New Hampshire

* * *

The younger generation who grew up in this era of federal subsidies are sometimes amazed to learn that *U.S. Grant* was also a general and a president.

Funny Funny World

* * *

Government, even in its best state, is a necessary evil; in its worst state, an intolerable one.

Thomas Paine

* * *

"Independent Communism" is an illusion exploited by those who extract support from Americans for the benefit of Communist totalitarians.

J. Kesner Kahn

* * *

"Liberalism" tries to wage its "war on poverty" by seeking to domesticate man into a cozy clam.

E. Merrill Root

* * *

Poetry is as necessary to comprehension as science. It is as impossible to live without reverence as it is without joy.

Henry Beston

* * *

My first project after January 20 will be to wipe out the right wing. I can do it in three months.

Attributed to Morris Dees Jr.,
Carter fundraiser

THEY PAUSED TO REMARK:

The contest for the Panama Canal is not one between Reagan and Ford, not between the Democrats and Republicans (anything but that), not even one between "Liberals" and Conservatives. It is one between the United States, considered as a naval, industrial, and military power, and the Soviet Union, considered according to the same parameters. Who is to control the Caribbean? Who is to control the Gulf of Mexico — commanding the approaches to Tampa, New Orleans, and Houston, not to mention Pensacola and Corpus Christi?

Medford Evans

* * *

America's wise men have always counselled against federal involvement in the functions of local police. If history is any guide, tyranny is inevitable once control of the police has been nationally centralized. All of which seems so palpably obvious that you wouldn't have to explain it to Mary Hartman. "Liberals," however, apparently have a tough time digesting this concept. The problem is that *Insiders* of the Establishment know what they are doing even if "Liberal" fuzzies do not.

Gary Allen

* * *

The right of private property, the fruit of labor or industry, or of concession or donation by others, is an incontrovertible right; and everybody can dispose reasonably of such property as he thinks fit.

Oliver Wendell Holmes

* * *

Proletariat should be a term of reproach. A proletarian at Rome was a man who, having no property, could serve the state only by his offspring

(Proles) whom he gave to military service. No class in any modern state could correspond to that class at Rome. The only persons in a modern state to whom the name might perhaps have been transferred with some convenience are tramps, vagabonds, men without homes, family calling, property, or reputation.

William Graham Sumner

* * *

We at least believe that we have attained an understanding of the forces which have shaped civilization which our opponents lack. Yet, if we have not convinced them, the reason must be that we have not yet made explicit some of the foundations on which our conclusions rest. Our chief task therefore must still be to improve the argument on which our case for a free society rests.

F.A. Hayek

* * *

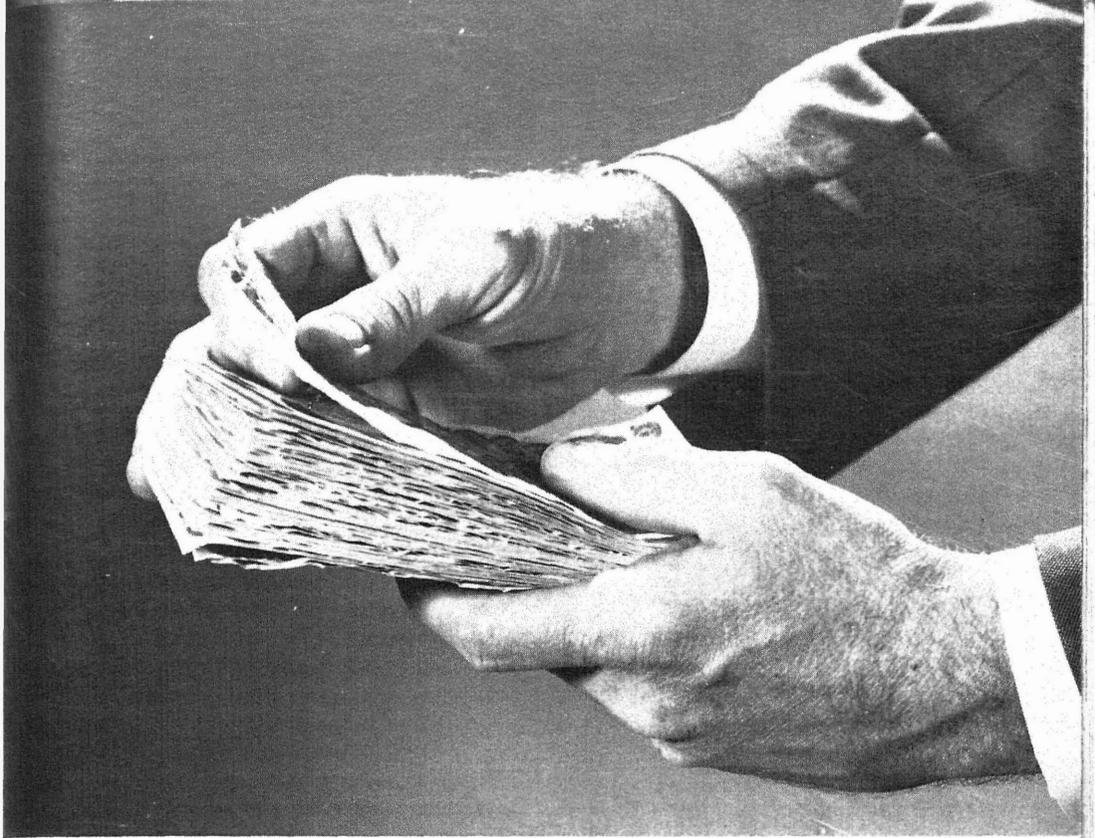
An entrepreneur who fails to hire those workers who are best fitted for the job concerned and to pay them enough to prevent them from taking another job is penalized by a reduction of net revenue.

Ludwig von Mises

* * *

Contrary to the general impression that illegal aliens are holding only such menial jobs as farm laborer or busboy, the federal report showed that many are employed in skilled and semi-skilled positions with pay scales ranging from five to ten dollars per hour. The report reveals that agents from the Immigration and Naturalization Service have, in fact, arrested illegal aliens working in executive positions earning more than \$20,000 per year.

Frank Capell



H. Armstrong Roberts

PART II

FOUNDATIONS PAY THE WAY

Alan Stang is author of It's Very Simple; The Actor; and, The Highest Virtue. His radio commentary, The Alan Stang Report, is heard on 115 stations. Mr. Stang holds a Master's Degree from Columbia University.

■ LAST MONTH, as you will recall, your correspondent told you that the huge, tax-exempt foundations are today even more threatening to our liberties than when the Reece Committee investigated them more than twenty years ago. Among the many proofs of that assertion is the fact that last month we had room to mention only a few of the Communist activities of

just one of them: the Ford Foundation, which is worth more than two billion dollars, and is by far the largest. So this month let's look at some of the others, our purpose being to demonstrate that the Communist activities of the Ford Foundation are by no means an aberration, but the rule. And let's begin with another tax-exempt giant: Rockefeller.



Dr. John Knowles, president of the Rockefeller Foundation, proposes to spend millions to make Americans dependent, to reduce our income and consumption, and to change our traditions and beliefs. He boasts: "The web of interdependence is tightening. We are one world and there will be one future"

Intelligence expert Otto Otepka recently wrote that he asked a friend, a former Air Force intelligence officer who worked for the House Committee on Un-American Activities in 1953-1954, whether he knew why Wayne Hays did everything he could to sandbag the Reece investigation: ". . . I asked him if, during his service on Capitol Hill, he could recall any unusual behavior on the part of Congressman Hays that might have come to his attention during the pendency of the Reece Committee hearings. He quickly answered that the late Louis Russell, Chief Investigator for the Un-American Activities Committee, had repeatedly expressed his concern about having observed Hays in after-hour meetings at the Congressional Hotel with representatives of the Rockefeller Foundation. Russell thought this was improper because Hays was a member of the Reece Committee which was then investigating the same foundation, a fact of which Russell was especially aware because Reece Committee personnel had made inquiries to Russell's employers about foundation officers and employees."

This of course happened before Elizabeth Ray reached puberty, when the Buckeye Billy Goat apparently had more free time. More than any other individual, he deserves the dis-

credit for preventing the Congress from stopping tax-exempt subversion. So, what is the Rockefeller Foundation doing today?

According to its 1974 *Annual Report*, three hundred thousand dollars of its quasi-public money is going to the Southern Regional Council. You will remember that S.R.C. is also a favorite of the Ford Foundation, and that it was founded with the expert assistance of Communist James E. Jackson, editor of the Party's *Daily Worker*. Another three hundred thousand is going to the revolutionary N.A.A.C.P. Legal Defense and Educational Fund, to train lawyers to bring suits against people who aren't lucky enough to be supported by tax-exempt money. Another thousand dollars was paid for a conference run by the Highlander Research and Education Center, also a favorite of the Ford Foundation. You will remember that for years Highlander was known as a Communist training school. The Rockefeller Foundation also spent ten thousand dollars for another conference, this one run by the Fund for the Republic, which was created by the Ford Foundation; was run by our old radical friend Robert Hutchins; and, has spent much of its time trying to destroy any domestic resistance to Communism.

The Rockefeller Foundation's

1974 *Annual Report* says another thirty-five thousand dollars is going to the Aspen Institute for Humanistic Studies. You will recall that Aspen is still another favorite of the Ford Foundation; that the *New York Times* sees in it evidence of conspiracy; that it is run by such revolutionaries and friends of Communists as Harlan Cleveland; and, that it is literally working to abolish the sovereignty of the United States. Along these lines, in 1974 the Rockefeller Foundation also gave a quarter of a million dollars to the Council on Foreign Relations, which is also trying to abolish the sovereignty of the United States, and is run by David Rockefeller. Mr. Rockefeller is of course the agent in the United States for Peking's Bank of China — which boils down to mean that he is a Communist agent. Literally.

The Rockefeller Foundation describes its grant to Brother David's C.F.R. as follows: "The Council's '1980's Project' is an attempt by foreign policy experts to think through the essential characteristics of an international system that would be responsive to the emerging conditions and problems of the next decades." And C.F.R. President Bayless Manning, in his *Annual Report*, describes that new international system as follows: ". . . The work of the Project will concentrate on clusters of inter-related problems that will predictably be central to the ways in which the international system evolves. Examples of such clusters include: management of the international economy; global poverty; management of the environment, and of the new 'common' — the oceans, the seabeds and space; and interstate violence, including arms control."

The key word, of course, is "management"; of your money, your land, your groceries, and your guns —

which adds up to mean management by a World Government of you.

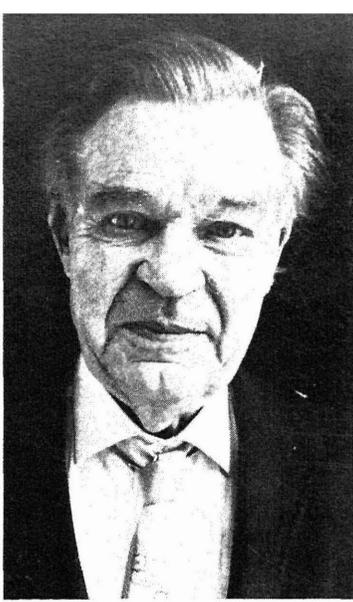
Indeed, now let's look at the Rockefeller Foundation *Annual Report* for 1975, in the preface of which Foundation President John H. Knowles tells us this: ". . . I am sure of only one thing — more is not necessarily better. Worshiping mindlessly at the altar of any ideology based on endlessly growing production and consumption will become increasingly expensive to us and to our fellow riders on this planet of ours. The web of interdependence is tightening. We are one world and there will be one future — for better or for worse — for us all.

"I would hope that, in the future, the American people will provide a model of ethical and intellectual suasion for an interdependent world of nation states, based on self-restraint and emphasizing the quality, as contrasted with the quantity, of life. This will necessitate marked change in the life styles, traditions, and beliefs of all Americans. Central to a new ethic of making less more is controlled economic growth which conserves scarce resources, reduces waste, preserves the beauty of our natural environment, provides more equitable distribution of income and wealth, and emphasizes human services of high quality — artistic as well as medical! It is also necessary to control fertility rates at the replacement level and to achieve zero population growth as rapidly as possible

"The forward retention of our current customs would be much more turbulent than change. I am optimistic that, with national leadership and fundamental changes in our educational system to emphasize the complexities of an interdependent world, America will find a new mission and, with it, be reenergized with a new spirit of '76!"



L.P.I. Photos



Among Rockefeller beneficiaries in 1975 was Bruce Franklin (l), a Maoist who advocates assassination. More than one-third of the Ralph Nader (r) budget comes from Carnegie. And radical Gunnar Myrdal (c) recently got \$575,000 from Carnegie to produce race propaganda of the sort it hired him to do in 1937 when he employed Reds to research "An American Dilemma."

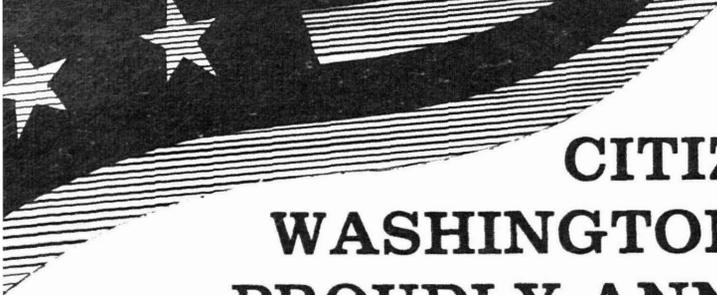
Knowles is trying very hard here to tell you something. Anyone willing to listen can hear it. He is telling you that the Rockefeller Foundation is working to eliminate the independence of *your* country; to confiscate *your* pay; to regulate what *you* do in *your* bedroom with your spouse; and, to change *your* life-style, traditions, and beliefs. He says he is trying to do all this by means of politics and by manipulating your children's minds in school. And he says that if you refuse to go along, there will be violence.

The 1975 *Annual Report* says the Rockefeller Foundation has assets of \$747,252,258 — almost three quarters of a billion dollars — available for the purposes cited above.

The 1975 *Annual Report* says the Rockefeller Foundation is giving one hundred thousand dollars to the Institute for World Order. The I.W.O. is run by a Rutgers University professor named Saul Mendlovitz, who explains as follows, according to the October 1974 issue of *Transi-*

tion, published by the Institute itself: "I am arguing for a new governance or alternative institutions to those now responsible for global concert. It could easily be the UN, with binding decision-making power. The change I would introduce in the system there would be in the direction of how much authority I would give the organization over the areas of disarmament, peacekeeping, development programming, some taxing potential. I'd probably eliminate the veto as it presently stands in the Security Council. I'd give the General Assembly much more authority with regard to legislation

"We live in a system in which traditional law and international law talks about the nation state being sovereign in having the authority to make its own decisions. But I conceive of the 1980's as a period in which people will be demanding a central guidance system; it means a governance is about to come into being in which the policy elites in various nation states who have the au-



THE CITIZENS OF WASHINGTON STATE PROUDLY ANNOUNCE:

That John Hemenway, a man of rare integrity and purpose, is an ideal candidate to carry the Americanist banner.

Help send to Congress a clear and immediate message that We, the People, will stand for no more.



A vacancy has occurred in the 7th Congressional District of Washington State. As unusual as this opportunity is, it is the good fortune of Americanists everywhere that a highly qualified, electable candidate has consented to run for the office and in this stage of the campaign already appears to have an excellent chance for success.

(Read the amazing saga of John Hemenway, "The Man Who Won't Quit," in the December, 1976 issue of *American Opinion* magazine.)

JOHN HEMENWAY

for CONGRESS • 7th District, Washington
(Special Primary Election, April 5, 1977)

Enclosed is \$ _____ as my contribution toward the election of
John Hemenway. (DEMOCRAT)

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ STATE _____ ZIP _____

JOHN HEMENWAY FOR CONGRESS COMMITTEE
500 WALL STREET, Suite 301, SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98121
Area Code 206 - 623-2381

[A copy of our report is filed with the Federal Election Commission and is available for purchase from the Federal Election Commission, Washington, D.C. Authorized by the John Hemenway for Congress Committee, Katherine Meyer, Treasurer Pro-tem.]

Over the last seven years the Carnegie foundations have given more than \$3 million to lawyer fronts out to radicalize our society. In two years the Rockefeller foundations have poured \$1.4 million into the Council on Foreign Relations and the Trilateral Commission in a direct assault on American sovereignty.

thority and the capacity to make decisions about such matters as what their armaments will look like, when they will deploy military forces, how much money they will give to the underdeveloped areas — a series of issues like that — will no longer solely have that as their prerogative. There will be a governance that will say to the Brezhnevs, the Fords, the Tanakas of the world: you can't build an army any more. You must give a certain amount of your economic income to the other areas of the world”

In short, here is still more proof that the Rockefeller Foundation is financing the abolition of the United States. If the Communist-dominated United Nations could forbid us to build an army, and could tax your income — the United States would no longer exist.

And, finally, the 1975 Rockefeller Foundation *Report* says that a grant of unspecified amount is going to Professor H. Bruce Franklin. So who is H. Bruce Franklin?

According to House Report 92-1166, issued by the Committee on Internal Security of the U.S. House of Representatives in 1972, he is a founder of Revolutionary Union, a Maoist-Communist gang specializing in robbery, sabotage, and assassination. In 1971, Franklin left R.U. and formed an

outfit called Venceremos. “Venceremos” was the slogan used by Fidel Castro in conquering Cuba, and it translates into English as “We Shall Overcome,” the same slogan used by the radical “Civil Rights” movement in the United States. The reason for the split in R.U., believe it or not, was Franklin's belief that it wasn't revolutionary enough! Bruce Franklin wanted terror *now*, as opposed to R.U.'s position that the proletariat was “not ready.” In a document known as “Position Paper A,” Franklin explained in part as follows:

“On a day-to-day basis the fight will be characterized by ambushes, acts of sabotage, and interdiction of supply and communication facilities, and executions by small units using their ability to quickly concentrate and disperse to harass and create havoc among the enemy. But since the revolutionary struggle is a war of the masses, and given the deterioration of the entire system, periodically the essentially guerrilla character will take on insurrectionary form, with strikes, mass demonstrations, rioting, and even mass armed uprisings”

Bruce Franklin was fired in 1972 from his job as a professor at Stanford University for pushing such junk. He is now a professor at Rutgers, along with Saul Mendlovitz.

**GREATER GLENS FALLS
BIBLE BAPTIST
INSTITUTE**

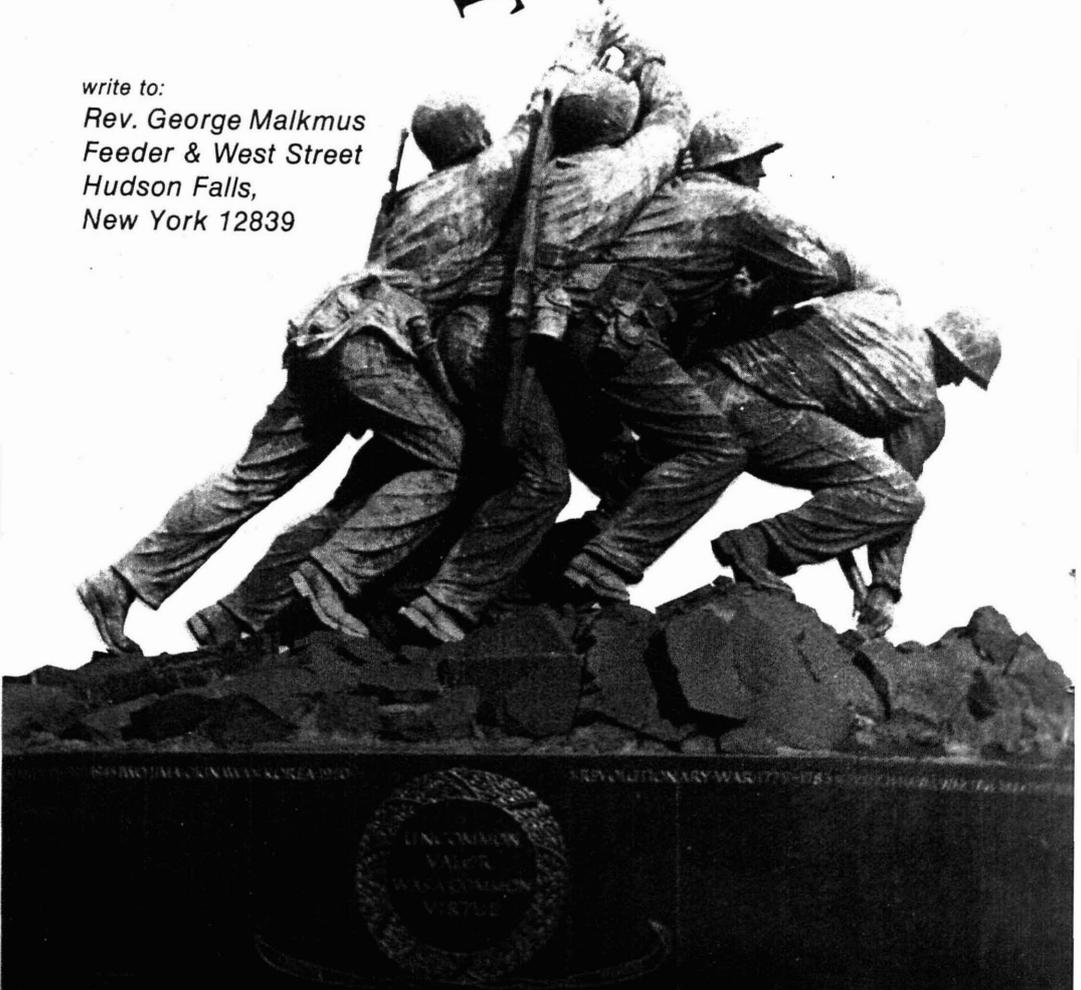
We make that extra effort!

We share the spirit of these brave men who were allowed to pursue a course to victory. Our courses can help to make your life victorious. So, exert a little extra effort and contact us!

- *One-year Practical Christian Training Diploma*
- *Three-year Bible Theology Diploma*

write to:

Rev. George Malkmus
Feeder & West Street
Hudson Falls,
New York 12839



Your reporter asked him whether his revolutionary background created any problems for his grant from the Rockefeller Foundation. H. Bruce Franklin said it didn't. The professor explained that "a few people wrote some letters," but his advocacy of assassination did not upset the Rockefeller folks at all.

It is important to note that the Rockefeller Foundation is only one of the Rockefeller foundations. For instance, there is also the Rockefeller Brothers Fund, which according to its 1975 *Annual Report* has assets of \$185,755,103. The *Report* also says that R.B.F. is giving one hundred twenty thousand dollars to the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. You will remember reading here last month how C.E.I.P. conspired to get us into World War I in order to increase collectivism in America; that after World War II it was run by Soviet spy Alger Hiss; and, that when Hiss went to jail he was replaced as C.E.I.P. president by his close friend Joseph E. Johnson.

The R.B.F. is also giving one million dollars to our old friends at the Council on Foreign Relations, which shouldn't surprise anybody, because C.F.R. Chairman David Rockefeller, being a Rockefeller brother, is naturally a member of the board of trustees of the Rockefeller Brothers Fund. For the same reason, another hundred fifty thousand dollars is going to Brother David's new Trilateral Commission; which is working to merge North America, Western Europe, and Japan; and, has been run by executive director Zbigniew Brzezinski, an advocate of World Government — all of which brings no complaint from founding member Jimmy Carter, who has made Brzezinski his top national security officer.

According to its 1975 *Annual Report*, the Rockefeller Brothers Fund

also gave seventy-five hundred dollars to the Law Students Civil Rights Research Council. The R.B.F. *Report* doesn't say so, but in recent years L.S.C.R.R.C. in turn has financed many projects of an outfit known as the National Lawyers Guild, and many N.L.G. members serve on L.S.C.R.R.C.'s advisory committee. So, what is the National Lawyers Guild?

Regular readers of AMERICAN OPINION know (e.g., see November, 1976, Pp. 53-54) that N.L.G. was founded by the Communist Party to defend Reds in trouble with the law; and was condemned as such by two Committees of the Congress. It is an advocate of armed revolution. It is even recruiting American nationals to work for Fidel Castro's D.G.I., which is the Cuban version of the Soviet K.G.B. And the Rockefeller Brothers Fund is indirectly but effectively financing it.

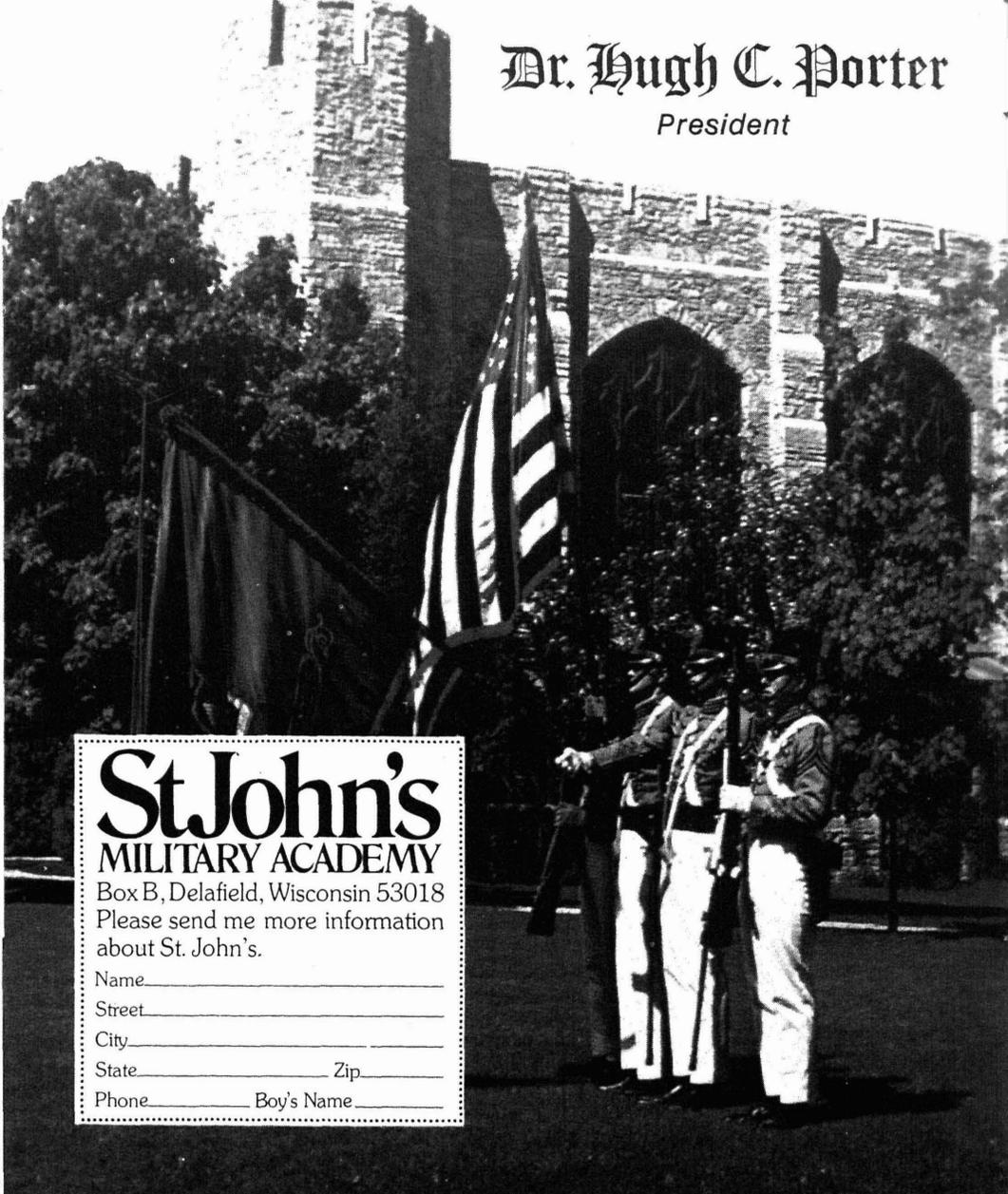
Finally, there is the Rockefeller Family Fund. As you see, there appear to be about as many Rockefeller foundations as there are ticks on a junkyard dog. The 1974 *Report* of the Rockefeller Family Fund says it gave twenty-five thousand dollars to the Environmental Defense Fund that year. You will remember that E.D.F. is also a favorite of the Ford Foundation; that it helped ban DDT, as a result of which the tussock moth has been eating the great forests of the Northwest; that it files lawsuits to prevent construction of badly needed energy projects; and, that its executive director is Arlie Schardt, who came to his job from the payrolls of the Communist-founded American Civil Liberties Union.

The Rockefeller Family Fund *Report* for 1974 also mentions a grant of forty-five thousand dollars to the Cambridge Policy Studies Institute, which is located around the corner

DUTY HONOR — COUNTRY

At St. John's Military Academy, we offer a highly-disciplined, college preparatory program that will help your son develop the attitude and scholastic record he will need to get into — and through — college. We have been preparing young men academically, morally, and physically for tomorrow's responsibilities *since 1884*.

Dr. Hugh C. Porter
President



St. John's MILITARY ACADEMY

Box B, Delafield, Wisconsin 53018
Please send me more information
about St. John's.

Name _____

Street _____

City _____

State _____ Zip _____

Phone _____ Boy's Name _____

from Harvard University. So, what is the Cambridge Institute?

The answer is: it *isn't*. "It no longer exists," your intrepid correspondent was told at the address listed in the telephone book. When it did exist, it was a subsidiary of the Institute for Policy Studies in Washington, which, as you will recall, is a gang of pro-Communists indirectly financed by the Ford Foundation. Where the Cambridge Institute used to be, you will now find the Center for the Study of Public Policy, which publishes a quarterly called *Working Papers For A New Society*. And the advisory board of *Working Papers* includes Gar Alperovitz, of I.P.S.; Marcus Raskin, of I.P.S.; and, Richard Barnet, of I.P.S. — another pro-Communist who is also a member of David Rockefeller's C.F.R.

Indeed, the board of editors of *Working Papers* includes a gentleman named Bo Burlingham, who was a Cambridge Institute leader when it existed. In 1972, this dignitary was indicted in a bombing conspiracy, but his Communist Weatherman co-defendants could not be found, and the charges were dropped. In 1974, the year of the Rockefeller Family Fund's grant to the Cambridge Institute, Bo Burlingham said this: "I don't think an equitable, fair, free democratic world order is going to happen any other way than through violence." Remember that the president of the Rockefeller Foundation says just about the same thing.

In short, the only change in Cambridge has been a change of name — a favorite Communist technique when exposure puts their feet to the fire. In case you are interested, the Fall 1976 issue of *Working Papers* plugs such books and authors as Wilfred Burchett, a Communist agent who helped torture American P.O.W.s in the Korean War; a collection of

articles by Marx and Engels; *Marx On Money*, by Suzanne de Brunhoff; and, "an experimental communist novel written by Ilya Ehrenburg." There is also an admiring discussion of the Senate campaign of Mr. Jane Fonda, also known as S.D.S. founder Tom Hayden; an article entitled "Free Medicine," by Rosemary Taylor, who "is an assistant professor of sociology at Harvard University and a member of the *Socialist Revolution* (East) collective"; and, an ad for a speakers bureau called Voices Of The Third World, which offers the voices of convicted criminals Clyde and Vernon Bellecourt — who are founders of the terrorist gang known as the American Indian Movement.

This is what the Rockefeller Family Fund is paying for.

The Carnegie Operation

The name Carnegie, too, is associated with a cluster of foundations. Let's look at just one of them: the Carnegie Corporation of New York. Compared with the Ford Foundation, it is a dwarf, but this "dwarf," according to its 1975 *Report*, has assets of \$246,844,732 — almost a quarter of a billion dollars — which makes it one of the biggest enterprises in the United States.

The *Report* tells us that the Carnegie Corporation has given four hundred thousand dollars to the Youth Project, which as we have seen is also being financed deviously by Ford. The Carnegie Corporation explains: "The Youth Project is a national organization that provides technical assistance and small amounts of financial support to groups run by young people who show promise of working effectively at the local level on issues involving social justice and equal opportunity. Both the staff and the board of the



BLUE MOUNTAIN *SCHOOL*

Box 1436

Fort Davis, Texas 79734

(915) 426-3714

Blue Mountain School was founded upon the Word of God and operates on the principles of academic excellence and spiritual leadership. We stress individuality and offer unique opportunities. For instance, any student 15 years and over may enroll in our aviation program which leads to a private pilot's license.



Project are young, with a wide range of organizing and work experience. . . . The Youth Project has clearly demonstrated its effectiveness in developing leadership among a group of dedicated youth and in helping them learn how to work through established systems to achieve constructive and socially useful ends. . . ."

It sounds perfectly idyllic, does it not, except that, as you will recall, the Youth Project in turn is financing outfits like P.E.P.I.C. (Public Education Project on the Intelligence Community), which is using speakers like Frank Donner, of the Communist Party, to help to paralyze U.S. intelligence. Mr. Donner was born in 1911, so today he is sixty-six and hardly a *youth*. Other Carnegie-Y.P.-P.E.P.I.C. operators are also rather long in the tooth. You will remember that they include Marcus Raskin, of I.P.S.; Eqbal Ahmad, of I.P.S.; Robert Borosage, of I.P.S.; and, Ralph Stavins, of I.P.S. In short, P.E.P.I.C. is simply a front for the pro-Communist Institute for Policy Studies.

It is important to note that both Y.P. and P.E.P.I.C. righteously claim to be "fighting the Establishment." But here we see that the Establishment — the Carnegie Corporation — is financing them. Which means that Y.P. and P.E.P.I.C. are *part* of the Establishment. If there is one thing you can be sure of about the people who run Carnegie, and Ford, it is that they are definitely not stupid. Indeed, we can be absolutely sure the Establishment is totally ruthless, because the doddering "young people" at Y.P. and P.E.P.I.C. say so.

Along these lines, there is also Ralph Nader, the biggest hustler since Phineas T. Barnum. Experience has shown that he is dangerous to your wealth, but at least he is "fight-

ing the Establishment," isn't he? Time after time he boasts that he is, his face unsmiling, his clothes unpressed, his manner that of a ghoul from the crypt. On the other hand, there is Louise Cook, of Associated Press, who recently interviewed him, and who writes as follows about the first Nader outfit, known as the Center for the Study of Responsive Law: "The center has an annual budget of \$250,000 to \$300,000, Nader said. A big part of its current money comes from a three-year, \$317,000 Carnegie Foundation [*sic*] grant which expires at the end of 1976."

Yes, that's right, Corvair fans! Carnegie, the hated Establishment, has been paying more than one-third of Nader's budget. Its 1975 *Annual Report* says it is forking over another fifteen thousand.

The *Report* also says that four hundred fifty thousand dollars has gone to the Law Students Civil Rights Research Council. Indeed, says Carnegie: "For the past seven years the Corporation has given more than \$3 million to LSCRRC and the Earl Warren Legal Training Program of the NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund" That N.A.A.C.P. operation means forced bussing, and you will remember that L.S.C.R.R.C. is closely associated with the Communists' National Lawyers Guild.

And, finally, the 1975 Carnegie *Annual Report* mentions a grant of \$106,598 to the Metropolitan Applied Research Center, explaining: "In 1937 the president of Carnegie Corporation invited the Swedish scholar Gunnar Myrdal to undertake a comprehensive study of the Negro in the United States. *An American Dilemma* was published in 1944, a monumental work that has influenced American policy and law for three decades. Mr. Myrdal is now prepar-

*Looking ahead from the
vantage point of tradition . . .*

ST. MICHAEL'S PREPARATORY HIGH SCHOOL of THE NORBERTINE FATHERS

*A college preparatory boarding school
for boys (grades 8-12)*

Stress on

- Service to God & Country
- Building of Character Through Basic Catholic Principles
- Academic Excellence
- Strict Code of Discipline
- Clear Concepts
- The Four R's (Religion being the 4th)
- Primary Right of Parents in Education of Their Children



The most distinguished alumnus of this tradition was the late Cardinal Mindszenty, who was educated in one of the schools of St. Michael's Abbey in Hungary.

Academic Course Offerings

- Religion
- Basic English Grammar, Reading & Composition
- American Literature
- English Literature
- World Literature
- History of the Western Civilization (2 years)
- U.S. History
- U.S. Government & California History
- Latin (4 years)
- German (3 years)
- Spanish (2 years)
- Pre-Algebra
- Algebra 1 & 2 with Trigonometry (2 years)
- Geometry
- Biology — Chemistry — Physics (3 years)

Uniform

Navy blue blazer with school emblem, gray trousers, white shirt, gold tie, shined dress shoes.

Hair Code, Closed Campus

Fee

Application	\$25.00
Room, board, tuition (5 days residents) (per year)	\$1,500.00
Weekend residents (per weekend)	\$10.00



**Write for information:
St. Michael's Prep
1042 Star Route
Orange, California 92667
(714) 633-2041**

ing a reappraisal of racial issues and relations, starting from the topics and data covered in the earlier study. The Corporation made a grant of \$200,000 for this work in 1974, but it soon became clear that considerably more research would be needed than was originally envisaged. During the year under review, the Corporation appropriated an additional \$375,000 for assistance to Mr. Myrdal”

You will remember that Myrdal's book deserves a major share of the discredit for the present racial bitterness in our country. It gave the Warren Court the excuse to give the federal government direct control of our schools. It lead directly to the present, neo-Nazi technique of forced bussing. In fact, the Carnegie gang apparently believes this Swedish Red did such a “good” job that it is rewarding him with still more tax-exempt money to do it all over again.

Field And Stern

The Field Foundation was created by the late Marshall Field, a millionaire subversive who also published a New York newspaper he called *PM*, which was known in the Big Apple as “the uptown edition of the *Daily Worker*.” Field supported innumerable Communist operations, pre-eminent among which was the Soviet spy ring called the Institute of Pacific Relations; and all you need to know about his Foundation is that its executive director is Leslie W. Dunbar, who used to run the Communist-founded Southern Regional Council.

In 1974-1975, according to the various issues of *Foundation News*, the Field Foundation gave innumerable grants to the Communist-founded American Civil Liberties Union; seventy-five thousand dollars to the Voter Education Project, which was created by Dunbar's S.R.C. and is run by John Lewis — who is an offi-

cial of both the Communist-founded National Committee Against Repressive Legislation and the Institute for Southern Studies, an arm of I.P.S.; twelve thousand five hundred dollars to the Institute for Southern Studies; twenty thousand dollars to that Communist favorite the Highlander Research and Education Center; and, several grants to our old friends at the Youth Project. As we have seen, the moguls at Ford, Rockefeller, and Carnegie are also financing these revolutionary gangs; all of which are “fighting the Establishment.”

During this period, the Field Foundation also gave many lucrative grants to an outfit in New York City called the Fund For Peace. What is the Fund For Peace? Among its leaders have been such “fighters of the Establishment” as Soviet apologist Najeeb Halaby, who was president of Pan American World Airways; millionaire banker George Ball, former Under Secretary of State; millionaire Stalinist Averell Harriman; and, even Hubert Humphrey. The Fund For Peace operates three subsidiaries in Washington: the Center for Defense Information; the Center for National Security Studies; and, the Institute for International Policy, which also calls itself the Center for International Policy.

They operate from a building at 122 Maryland Avenue, N.E., which is owned by millionaire Stewart Mott, who has been active in just about every subversive operation you can think of, such as the National Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, a Communist Front. Needless to say, he is also a leader of the Fund For Peace, to which he has contributed more than a quarter of a million dollars.

The purpose of F.F.P.'s Institute for International Policy/Center for International Policy appears to be to

Believe it or not?

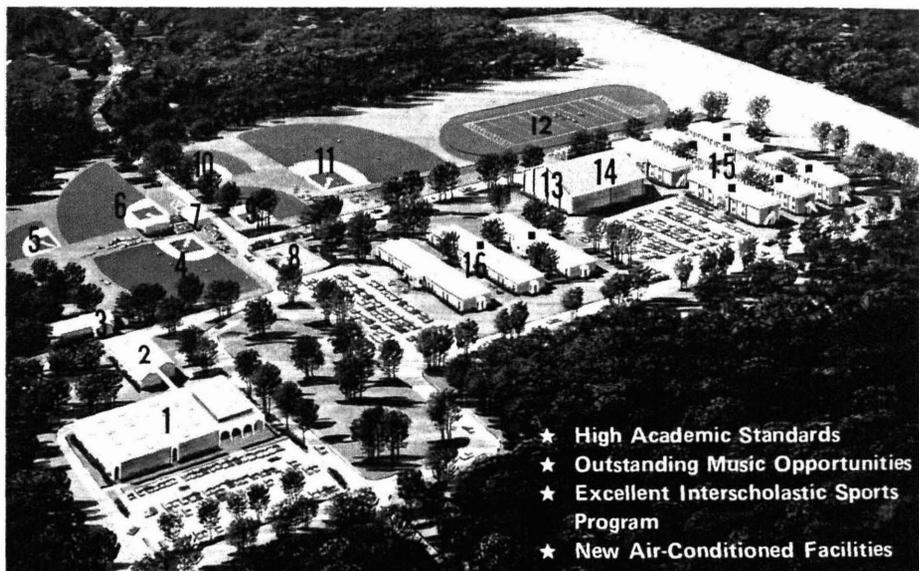
American Opinion reported:

- October 1975, Gary Allen wrote *Hands Off Our Children!*
- November 1975, Alan Stang wrote *Stop The Bus!*
- December 1975, Alan Stang wrote *The Child Care Bill.*
- January 1976, Susan L.M. Huck wrote *The Degrees Of Ignorance.*

If you have read any or all of these educationally explosive articles, you need to write:

Santa Rosa CHRISTIAN ACADEMY of FLORIDA

A Fully Accredited Boarding Academy for Grades 6-12
Where Education is *Not an Experiment.*



Beautiful 120-Acre Campus (■Indicates proposed facilities)

1. Elementary and Cafetorium 2. Pre-School 3. Garage 4. Dixie Boys Field 5. Tee Ball Field 6. Dixie Youth Field 7. Field House and Concession Stand 8. Tennis Courts 9. Dixie Minor Field 10. Tee Ball Field 11. High School Field 12. Football Field 13. Jr. Olympic Size Swimming Pool 14. Gymnasium 15. Dormitory Complex 16. Academy Complex

WRITE: Office of Admissions, Santa Rosa Christian Academy
P.O. Box 643, Milton, Florida 32570 (904-623-4671)

communize our foreign policy. Its staff includes such dignitaries as Lindsay Mattison, of the Marxist Center for the Study of Democratic Institutions, which is a subsidiary of the radical Fund for the Republic; and Susan Weber, who used to work for I.P.S., for Hubert Humphrey's Americans for Democratic Action, and for *Soviet Life Magazine* — which is published by the Soviet government.

The I.I.P./C.I.P. consultants include Richard Barnet, co-director of I.P.S.; David Aaron, who works for Walter Mondale; and, Anthony Lake, who works for Jimmy Carter. And there is the board of advisors, which includes subversive Harlan Cleveland, of the Aspen Institute, which is working to abolish the sovereignty of the United States; Orlando Letelier,* of I.P.S., the Chilean Communist who recently was killed by a bomb; Edwin Martin, who was identified to intelligence authorities in 1947 as a member of a Soviet spy ring; and, Canadian Chester Ronning, an admirer of the late Mao Tse-tung.

The purpose of F.F.P.'s Center for Defense Information is to disarm the United States, and it is doing such a good job — with the help of Earl Ravenal, of I.P.S. — that it has even been praised by Radio Moscow. And all you need to know about F.F.P.'s Center for National Security Studies — which is working to destroy our intelligence agencies so the terrorists can run free — is that its director is Robert L. Borosage, a trustee of the Institute for Policy Studies, and a member of the Communists' National Lawyers Guild.

Now let's look at the latest doings of the Stern Fund, the subversive

*Jack Anderson now tells us that Orlando Letelier, the recently assassinated I.P.S. functionary, was getting one thousand dollars a month from Communist Havana.

background and activities of which have been catalogued time after time by AMERICAN OPINION. Among the Stern family, whose name it bears — and which controls a sizeable bloc of Sears, Roebuck — is Alfred Stern, the millionaire Soviet spy who fled the country to avoid prosecution for espionage. It was Stern who financed the invention known as "the My Lai massacre," in order to demoralize our troops and build anti-U.S. propaganda around the world.

Foundation News of September/October 1976 tells us that Stern is giving twenty-five thousand dollars to the Center for the Study of Responsive Law. So Nader the Raider strikes again. Another thirty-thousand dollars is going to the State Treasurer of Colorado, who just happens to be a gentleman named Sam Brown. Mr. Brown ran the National Student Association when it was financed by the C.I.A. He ran the pro-Communist Viet Nam Moratorium, and called for a Vietcong victory. Today, Sam is still an Establishment flunky as a member of still another I.P.S. front: the National Conference on Alternative State and Local Public Policies, which operates from I.P.S. headquarters in Washington. Its purpose is to communize our economy: "We are particularly interested in legislation to establish publicly-owned or cooperatively-owned banks, insurance corporations, construction companies, utilities and telephone companies; and productive enterprises of all types." Your reporter last saw Sam at a meeting at the Democrat National Convention in New York where Sam Brown appeared with Socialist revolutionary Michael Harrington, and enthusiastically endorsed Jimmy Carter.

So, predictably, Stern, according to *Foundation News*, is giving a couple of grants to I.P.S., including one for



**PENSACOLA
CHRISTIAN
COLLEGE**
PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

PERSONALITY PLUS

Christian colleges are like people—each has a distinct personality. Pensacola Christian College is no exception. Our personality includes high standards, quality education, a dedicated faculty, and a warm, personal concern for our students. In addition, there are several items that we feel give us a little extra personality. As a matter of fact, you might call it Personality Plus.

1. CONCENTRATED SEMESTERS

School starts September 7. First semester is finished by December 16—then you go home for a 5-week "inter-term" period. During this time you may work, if necessary, or you may serve in your local church ministry and earn college credit for service while at home. Second semester starts January 23 and ends May 19.

2. LOW TUITION, ROOM, BOARD

Room, board, and tuition cost is \$2150 for one year. This is among the lowest college tuition rates in the nation. Campus work opportunities are also available.

3. EXPERIENTIAL TRAINING

This means that you put to practice what you learn in the classroom. For example:

- Education Major: You will start working with experienced teachers in our Christian day school classrooms during your freshman year and continue to do so all four years.
- Secretarial and Business Majors: You will receive on-the-job training that will give you a mastery of office methods and machines.

4. SCHOLARSHIPS

Presidential Scholarships in the amount of \$200 each are available. Larger scholarships are also available. Scholarships are awarded on the basis of need.

5. OUTSTANDING FACILITIES

The College facilities are brand-new—they are carpeted and air-conditioned. Each Residence Hall room has a private bath as well as air-conditioning and carpeting.

6. THE CAMPUS CHURCH

The Campus Church is an important part of Pensacola Christian College. It provides a full local-church ministry with an outreach into the community. The church has Sunday School, Sunday morning and evening services, prayer meeting, and visitation. Pastor is Rev. Bob Taylor.

7. INSTANT INFORMATION

Enrollments are accepted on a nondiscriminatory basis. The time to apply is now!

Mr. Joel Mullenix
Admissions Department
Pensacola Christian College
125 St. John Street
Pensacola, Florida 32503

"A division of America's largest Christian Day School!"

thirty thousand dollars for its N.C.A.S.L.P.P. Another thirty thousand dollars is going to the Communist-founded Peoples Bicentennial Commission. Five hefty grants are going to the Youth Project. Remember that all of this is coming from just one issue of *Foundation News*, which also says that still another twenty thousand dollars of Stern money is going to the Center for National Security Studies of the Fund For Peace.

The newest tax-exempt project of the Fund For Peace is called In the Public Interest (I.P.I.), which produces a daily, syndicated, radio commentary and a newspaper column. In a fund-raising appeal, union flunky Edward P. Morgan explains as follows: "For years the voices of right-wing extremists — individuals and groups — have crowded the nation's airwaves, nearly crowding liberal opinions out . . ." Yes, that's right: George Meany's court jester apparently expects us to believe that people like John Chancellor (C.F.R.), Walter Cronkite (Chase Manhattan), and Barbara Walters and Harry Reasoner are "right-wing extremists" — which no doubt says volumes about where Edward P. Morgan really stands. On the other hand, the newswister who for years was sponsored by A.F.L.-C.I.O. accidentally tells the truth: "IPI is breaking the barrier between the Eastern Establishment and the Bible Belt." Which seems to admit that I.P.I. is indeed a tool of the Eastern Establishment.

Along with the Morgan letter comes an I.P.I. brochure, which warns: ". . . In some sections of the country the right-wing ideology monopolize [sic] the airwaves, spewing hate, bigotry, and outrageous misinformation." Mercy sakes! According to the brochure, I.P.I.'s Board of Advisors includes the pro-Com-

munist Richard Barnet of I.P.S.; Robert Borosage of the Center for National Security Studies, the National Lawyers Guild, and I.P.S.; Morris Dees, who wants to confiscate your guns and was Carter's top fund-raiser; Jeremy Rifkin of the Peoples Bicentennial Commission; and, Philip Stern of the Stern gang.

The I.P.I. brochure begins with a section headed "This Is The Opposition," and the first thing it lists is The Alan Stang Report, which of course is your intrepid correspondent's daily, nationally syndicated, radio news commentary. Your reporter doesn't know what he did to deserve the honor of being listed ahead of distinguished patriots Dr. Carl McIntire, R.K. Scott of America's Future, and Dean Clarence Manion, but he must be doing something right. Perhaps it is the fact that day after day, on more than one hundred stations from coast to coast, your reporter exposes outfits like the Fund For Peace and In the Public Interest. Whatever the reason, permit your reporter publicly to express his gratitude for such hearty notice.

Proof Of The Conspiracy

It turns out that the officers of these tax-exempt leviathans can be as venal as we ordinary mortals. Otto Otepka writes as follows about the findings of Reece Committee investigator George de Huszar: ". . . He wrote in one of his reports that Robert Hutchins and William Benton, President and Vice President, respectively, of the University of Chicago, persuaded General Robert Wood of Sears, Roebuck, to donate the Encyclopedia Britannica to the University as a gift. Thereafter, Hutchins transferred the management and financial control over the Encyclopedia to Benton and Paul Hoffman, Ford Foundation Pres-

AMERICA:

**We want you to know the real
American Christian College
6310 E. 30th Street, Tulsa, Oklahoma**

We offer eight major areas leading to the Bachelor of Arts degree. All programs are built on a strong general education program. Majors are: Biblical Studies, Business Administration, English, Health and Physical Education, History, Music, Political Science and Psychology. Some majors may be combined with the professional education minor to prepare students as teachers in the Public Schools or Independent Christian Schools.

American Christian College is a strong influence for the preservation of constitutional government and the free enterprise system. We are providing leadership in the Christian Conservative Movement.

ACC is committed to an open door policy giving students easy access to advisors, instructors and administrators for individual consideration and counsel.

A conservative, non-denominational college, accepting no Federal funds, ACC seeks to deepen the Christian dedication of its students without turning them from their present church membership.

American Christian College fees are relatively low compared to other private colleges. Our financial aid program assists more than 60 per cent of the student body!

A full time resident student enrolled for 16 class hours per semester will have total fees of \$2,150 per year (two semesters). This includes board, room, tuition and student activity fee. A commuting student with 16 hours is charged \$470 per semester. Part-time students enrolled for less than 12 hours will be charged at the rate of \$25 per class hour.



Letter from the President

Dear fellow Americans,

Recently, HEW directed a Christian College in Oklahoma to cease religious activities in four of its campus buildings because the latter had been financed with federal funds.

Because we want to remain free to teach Christian values we will not accept such funds.

Thus we reserve the right to educate our sons and daughters by the highest Christian standards and patriotic values.

But we must have your support. The best way is to join with other Americans in ACC's President Club. Call Mr. Terry Linsteadt or Mr. Joe Cunningham at (918) 836-5501 or write me at the College.

Sincerely yours,

**David A. Noebel, President
American Christian College**

ident, as the result of which substantial benefits accrued personally to all three persons and they made millions out of the gyp”

But the key to tax-exempt subversion is the *trustees*. The trustees, after all, are the employers of the staff. They are *legally responsible* for what the staff does. And whenever there is an investigation such as that by the Reece Committee or its predecessor, the Cox Committee, the prestigious names of the trustees are trotted out to prove that the charges are ridiculous. For instance, Rockefeller Foundation president Dean Rusk did exactly that in his statements to both the Cox and Reece Committees.

Let's take a look at the trustees — bearing in mind that, like the rest of us, they put their trousers on one leg at a time — and let's go back to the beginning: the Ford Foundation. Among the trustees is Ralf Dahrendorf, director of the London School of Economics, in England. This institution was established by Sidney Webb, founder of the Fabian Socialist Society, whose work was studied and recommended by Lenin. In fact, according to the congressional testimony of Soviet defector Igor Bogolepov, the Webb book entitled *Soviet Socialism: A New Civilization* was actually written by the Soviet secret police. The London School that Webb founded is one of the biggest reasons Britain is no longer great. Another Ford trustee is Hedley Donovan, editor-in-chief of *Time* magazine; which boils down to mean that, if Donovan were to print the truth about the Ford Foundation, he would be criticizing himself. Needless to say, he is also a member of the Rockefellers' C.F.R. Still another Ford trustee is Robert S. McNamara of the World Bank, who as Secretary of Defense did everything he could

to cripple our military. And there is J. Irwin Miller, who is also a member of the Ford executive committee.

Who is J. Irwin Miller? He is chairman of the board of Cummins Engine, and a member of the boards of American Telephone and Telegraph, Equitable Life Assurance, and Chemical Bank New York Trust Company. He has loudly applauded Soviet Russia. He runs his own tax-exempt show, the Irwin-Sweeney-Miller Foundation — and, according to *Foundation News* of November-December 1974, his foundation gave the subversive Youth Project thirty-five thousand dollars. In fact, Miller controls Y.P. directly; because the chairwoman of its board is Elizabeth Harris, of the Irwin-Sweeney-Miller Foundation. Remember that Y.P. in turn financed P.E.P.I.C. (Public Education Project on the Intelligence Community), and P.E.P.I.C. is working closely with the Communists to destroy us. Indeed, P.E.P.I.C. used to share the same office and the same telephone number with the Communists' National Lawyers Guild.

Still another proof of conspiracy is the fact that according to the Ford Foundation Statement of Investments of 1971, Ford owned a quarter of a million shares of the Southern Company, then worth \$5,031,250; and bonds issued by the Georgia Power Company, a Southern subsidiary, then worth \$2,565,625. But Miller's Y.P. then began financing the Georgia Power Project — the Marxist gang whose goal was to destroy the Georgia Power Company. In short, Ford trustee Miller was working to destroy the Foundation's own investment!

Now let's look at the Rockefeller cast of characters. The chairman of the board of the Rockefeller Foundation is Cyrus Vance — recently named Secretary of State by Jimmy Carter. On the executive committee



When you stand where the sea meets the land the concepts that dominate your thinking are basic ones. When you send your son or daughter to Pacific Coast Baptist Bible College you can rest assured that we stress basics unlike government schools which emphasize "relevance" and "social consciousness."

PACIFIC COAST BAPTIST BIBLE COLLEGE

*Prepares men and women for five
areas of Christian Service:*

- Theology • Missions • Music
- Education • Business

**1100 South Valley Center
San Dimas, California 91773
(714) 599-6843**

of the Rockefeller Foundation is W. Michael Blumenthal — named by Carter to be Secretary of the Treasury. Also on the R.F. executive committee is Jane Pfeiffer, who turned down Carter's offer to become Secretary of Commerce. Still another R.F. executive committeeman is Vernon Jordan — whom Jimmy says he also wanted in his Cabinet.

It's a lucky thing James Earl Carter is "fighting the Establishment." If he weren't, the Rockefellers might even take over!

It is interesting to note that, in July 1974, Rockefeller flunky Cyrus Vance chaired a seminar sponsored by the Institute for World Order, which, as we have seen, is literally working to abolish the United States.

Then there is the Rockefeller Brothers Fund, which as you will recall is pouring money into Communism. Among the trustees, of course, are the Rockefeller brothers. Another trustee is a gentleman named John W. Gardner. Yes, this is the *same* John W. Gardner who is "fighting the Establishment" as the head man of Common Cause. Would one of you *Commonists* please explain how this works!

And, finally, there is the Carnegie gang. The chairman of the Finance Committee of the subversive Carnegie Corporation is Harding F. Bancroft (C.F.R.), who was brought into the State Department by Soviet spy Alger Hiss; helped Dean Rusk fire Otto Otepka — and later became executive vice president of the *New York Times*. Are you still wondering why the *Times* won't tell the story of tax-exempt subversion? You will also remember that another of Alger's close friends is Joseph E. Johnson, his successor as Carnegie Endowment president when Hiss went to jail. Richard Nixon, who long ago claimed credit for exposing Hiss, chose John-

son in 1968 to help select the top members of the incoming Republican Administration. And in 1976, according to the *Washington Post*, Jimmy Carter's "transition team" included C. William Maynes of the Carnegie Endowment and Donald McHenry of the Carnegie Endowment.

Where We Go From Here

Norman Dodd tells us this: "The foundation world is a coordinated, well-directed system, the purpose of which is to ensure that the wealth of our country shall be used to divorce it from the ideas which brought it into being. The foundations are the biggest, single influence in collectivism." It is certainly fair to say that, without the help of these tax-exempt King Kongs, the Conspiracy to enslave mankind would be pulling out its greasy hair. The foundations supply the fertilizer that winds up polluting the national atmosphere. Bear in mind that what you have read here are just a few examples of what is typical.

But remember also that, during the campaign, James Earl Carter told us — quite rightly — that our tax structure is a scandal. It certainly is. And among the biggest reasons it is are the activities of the tax-exempt foundations.

As we have seen, the foundations liberally finance revolutionary frauds who claim to be fighting them; such as Rockefeller flunky John Gardner and Carnegie flunky Ralph Nader. But the paradox disappears when it is realized that every change these phonies are fighting *for* would give still more power to the federal government, which is controlled by their foundation bosses. And, according to every dictionary I have ever seen, a government with total power is a dictatorship — which you idealis-

tic young people on the campuses are supposed to be against. The conspirators at the top use this circuitous technique because they know that if they said openly what they want, they would be run out of town. And as long as you sincere students keep "fighting the Establishment" in goosestep to the orders of Nader-Carnegie, you will deserve the disrespect due every lackey of the imperialists.

Can the country be saved? "History says no," writes Norman Dodd. "Once set in motion, these things go to the end. It's a cyclical process. But for the first time in history, we can stop the cyclical process. Unfortunately, the foundations have so much power that if we abolished them immediately, the country might collapse. We must make them return to genuine philanthropy."

It would be nice to expect that Jimmy Carter, who has promised tax reform, will do the necessary job. But we are beginning to see that the peanut farmer reluctantly elected by little more than a quarter of the eligible voters is a mouthful of grinning teeth and nothing more. He is totally a tool of the Establishment he has claimed to be against, exactly as AMERICAN OPINION has been warning. So, as usual, you are going to have to do the job yourselves. It can be done.

And the most effective single way to start is to get the word around as widely as possible about what the tax-exempt foundations are doing. No one wants to be swindled or enslaved. If enough businessmen, students, and other Americans understood the problem — that fact alone would inhibit tax-exempt subversion.

The second necessary weapon is

organization. As we have seen, America is being strangled by an organizational Goliath — and the only thing that can beat it is a better organization. If we expect to save our country, we must be willing to do some work. Permit your reporter to suggest that you look into a national organization known as TRIM (Tax Reform Immediately), located at 4 Hill Road, Belmont, Massachusetts 02178. Although relatively new, it has already established local TRIM Committees across the country — and proved itself in the recent election, when its educational dynamite defeated a number of taxing Congressmen.

Finally, there needs to be a new congressional investigation, which hopefully would produce the legislation needed to stop tax-exempt subversion. As this issue goes to press, Congressman Lawrence Patton McDonald is considering introduction of a Resolution which would do exactly that. McDonald is of course a Democrat from Georgia, and in typical constructive fashion is hoping to help fellow Georgian Jimmy Carter keep his campaign promise about tax reform.

The last such investigation was of course sabotaged by Wayne Hays, which proves how much a new one is needed. While the Buckeye Billy Goat is no longer there to prevent it, the only way to get that investigation is to convince enough Members of Congress that they must either publicly investigate the billion-dollar foundations or face defeat in the 1978 elections. Enough is enough, and it is well past time that tax exemption were withdrawn from those financing collectivism and subversion in America. ■ ■

Reprints of Alan Stang's "Foundations Pay The Way," from *American Opinion* for January and February 1977, have been combined in a single booklet at these prices: One to 99 copies, two for \$1.00; 100-499 copies, 40¢ each; 500-999 copies, 35¢ each; 1,000 or more copies, 30¢ each. Order from American Opinion, Belmont, Massachusetts 02178.



In the world of gold coins, here's why the Krugerrand stands out.

If you want to own gold, the coin you want to own is the one in front of all the rest. Here is why.

In the beginning, gold coins were made to be spent. They were money. And they were spent. This continued for centuries. So naturally, certain coins became rare, and there arose a value in collecting them.

Rarity, of course, wasn't the whole story. Some coins also had *aesthetic* values — striking design, an historical or commemorative purpose, or were relics of a particular culture.

Today practically all gold coins are *numismatic* coins, which means they're sold not only for their gold content, but also for their rarity and aesthetics. And they sell at prices *well above* their actual gold value.

Those kinds of gold coins are not for gold owners, they are for *collectors*. Only collectors have the ability to judge the rare and aesthetic values of a coin. It takes expertise and lots of continuing study of the coin market —

even then a new "find" or a "restriking" of a coin can diminish its value.

Most of you are not gold coin collectors, you are *gold owners*. So the coin you want is one that's valued for its *gold content* alone.

Ideally, it should also be a coin with an exact quantity of gold (instead of hard-to-calculate percentages). And it should be backed by a country as legal tender — so you can trust the coinage.

The coin for you is the South African Krugerrand.

It stands apart because it was designed to meet the gold owner's requirements. And it has become the *most sold gold coin in the world*.

A Krugerrand contains exactly one troy ounce of pure gold. And it is also a legal tender coin, minted by the South African Government.

Its price is based on its one-ounce gold content.

(You pay only a small additional premium — and that's because of coinage and distribution.)

A gold owner always knows what his Krugerrand is worth by checking the world gold-ounce price in the daily newspaper. And because it is the world's most popular gold coin, there exists a broad market for him to buy and sell them. (They are available at North American Coin and Currency Limited.)

Krugerrands also hold an advantage over regular gold bullion (the bars or wafers). One doesn't pay the often required assay costs (usually \$50) if he sells.

If you want to be a gold coin collector, you should begin studying.

If you want to be a gold owner, you may begin.



NORTH AMERICAN COIN & CURRENCY LTD. (602) 257-0873

The South African Krugerrand
The world's best way to own gold.

For further information direct inquiries to:

NORTH AMERICAN COIN & CURRENCY LTD.

Suite G-2 • First National Bank Plaza • 100 W. Washington St. • Phoenix, Arizona 85003 • (602) 257-0873

Please supply me with the following: (at no obligation)

- Information on investing in gold, silver and foreign currencies
- Coin and Bullion price appreciation chart
- FREE 3 month subscription to your client advisory
- Suggested portfolio for an investment of \$_____

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

CITY _____

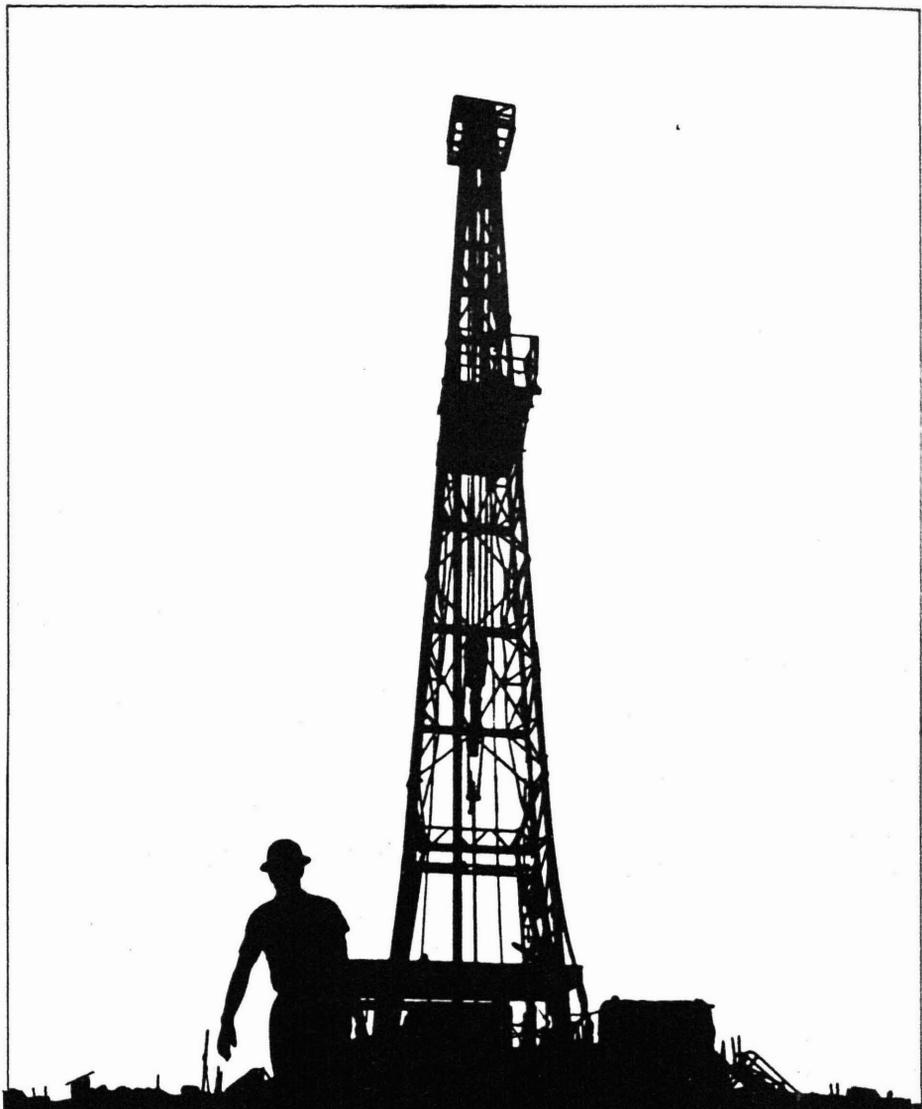
TELEPHONE (____) _____

Home Office

STATE _____ ZIP _____

I am interested in becoming an area representative

P. S. WE WILL SHIP MERCHANDISE TO YOUR BANK AGAINST PAYMENT



**WHEN IN SAN DIEGO —
BUY PENNZOIL!**

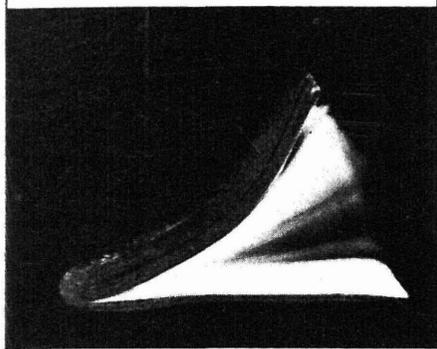
BART SAYER AND SON—DISTRIBUTORS

5155 MERCURY POINT, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92111

(714) 565-9144



DE LIBRIS



The A.C.L.U. On Trial

by William H. McIlhany II. Arlington House, Publishers, New Rochelle, New York; 271 pages, \$8.95.

THIS is an extraordinary book in many ways. Members of the American Civil Liberties Union (A.C.L.U.) will surely wish that it had never been written — a compelling reason for you and me to give it sustained attention. We may be tempted not to do so since, as the unhappy targets of William McIlhany's thorough analysis may note with nervous eagerness, the work is a very slow starter.

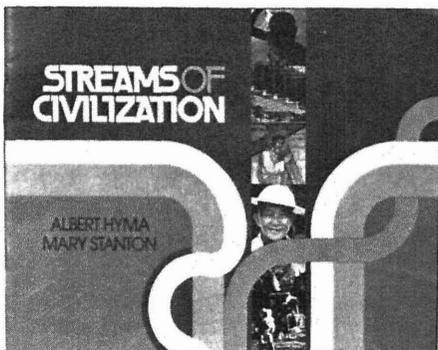
McIlhany's method is the opposite of that of, say, *The New Yorker* or *National Review*; it is also at variance with that of the *New York Daily News* and *Reader's Digest*. The sophisticated former pair trade in illusive allusion, pretending that their readers (and for all I know their writers) know things which we would all like to know but few of us will

admit we don't — and so we laugh knowingly or nod sagely at God knows what. As for the carefully unaffected latter pair, they sell straight goods to practical readers — retailing just the information you need or find amusing in a style you instantly comprehend, so you can get on with what you were going to do and “waste” a minimum of time reading.

William McIlhany is the opposite of the in-crowd writer, for he will not assume (and thus make you pretend) that you already know everything worth knowing; he will tell you explicitly just what he is setting out to do, and will define carefully the key terms which you are going to need to grasp rather firmly if you are to follow him profitably. He will do this even though you may think you already know intuitively what he is about, and may somewhat impatiently want to assure him you understand the terms (though it may well happen that actually you do not). McIlhany offers no gay paradoxes *à la* Oscar Wilde. Chary with epigrams, he does not try to lead you laughing all the way. On the other hand, when you come to his judgment of an A.C.L.U.-sponsored author that said author's “positivist approach” to civil rights (in this case alleged rights of hospital patients) actually advocates “the self-contradictory ‘right’ to *enslave*,” you will know what he is talking about — and will know that he knows what he is talking about.

Not that young McIlhany is incapable of a swiftie. The A.C.L.U.'s positivist approach to (in effect) socialized medicine would, he writes, “destroy whatever just semblance of a patient's right to the health care he has earned that is still freely obtainable, by making the availability of quality health care nonexistent, at any price.” (Compare public education.)

UNDERSTANDABLE HISTORY FOR



YOUR HOME!

- Over 400 large, 10¾ × 8¼ inch pages.
- Over 700 photos, maps, and drawings.
- Unique, easy to use layout.

Hardcover, Retail \$11.95

Now everyone can understand the lessons history can teach us!

The easy to follow narrative and the informative extra information tell you what happened all around the world as the streams of civilization flowed from creation through the reformation.

- *Creation and evolution are each presented on their scientific merits.*
- *Sound Christian teaching of history. The great men of the Scriptures take their rightful places.*
- *Presents Noah and the Flood as historical fact.*
- *Shows Jesus as more than just a man.*
- *Clearly presents all aspects of life in a continuous record, not isolated events.*

Home Study Guide: Contains Scripture references as they apply to historical events, plus other helps in relating history to life. **\$1.00**

Teaching Guide: Contains valuable lesson plans, additional resources, evaluation guides etc. for use in schools. Available only to schools. **\$2.50**

**ORDER NOW TO PROTECT YOUR CHILDREN FROM THE
HUMANISTIC HISTORY CURRENTLY BEING TAUGHT.**

CO-PUBLISHED BY:

Creation-Life Publishers **Mott Media**

P.O. Box 15666 • San Diego, CA. 92115

P.O. Box 236 • Milford, MI. 48042

Please send me the following:

___ Streams of Civilization history book for the home @ \$11.95

___ Streams of Civilization Home Study Guide @ \$1.00

I have enclosed \$ _____ plus 50¢ for postage and handling
(Add 6% sales tax if Calif. order)

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

*West of the Mississippi River order from Creation-Life Publishers.
East of the Mississippi River order from Mott Media.*

McIlhany also declines to administer intellectual placebos, stock in trade of the successful luncheon-club speaker who knows that the most important thing is to get the members out by one o'clock, and the next most important is to remember that they can go to sleep in even twenty minutes if overloaded. He doggedly pursues his subject, being obviously more concerned whether the reader who stays with him will find the trip rewarding than whether more frivolous readers drop by the wayside.

After laying the philosophical foundations of his critique, William McIlhany makes two major points about the A.C.L.U.: (1) Its position on issues is "consistently inconsistent" with its announced pretenses of concern for individual liberty, since it invariably supports a "positivist" approach to legal problems, which means a reliance on the letter of the law (which killeth), a denial of the existence of the spirit of the law (which giveth life), and the exercise of legalistic ingenuity in professional interpretation of the law in order to rationalize predetermined plans for social (socialist) administration. (2) On the evidence of historical fact and logical inference the A.C.L.U. is integrated into an international conspiracy for the establishment of "a world-wide police state."

I have paraphrased, summarized, and generalized about portions of McIlhany's book; let me, in order to illustrate both the style and substance of his work, conclude with two rather extended quotations pertaining respectively to the two major points indicated above. First, regarding a pretended concern for individual liberty which eventuates in support of socialist dictatorship, he cites an A.C.L.U. handbook entitled *The Rights Of Suspects*, by one Oliver

Rosengart, who opines that "the police need a great deal of education about the nature of society, why it is so badly split, why the resources are so unevenly distributed and why we have so much crime on all levels." In other words, they need Marxism. Rosengart continues: "Police should be taught the psychology of crime, how crime is often an adaptation to a horrible environment And the police should be exposed to the life background and conditions of criminals, so that they might understand that except for luck the person the police officer arrests could be himself or you or me."

On this somewhat skewed lesson in Christian humility McIlhany comments:

Finally, we are told that policemen must be educated to understand the economic deprivation that forces people to be criminals. If such a policeman failed to realize these things after taking the course, he is obviously unfit for the job. And the best way for him to understand the causes of crime is to "be exposed to the life background and conditions of criminals," which apparently can only be done by giving in to his own miserable feelings and becoming a criminal himself. Then he would really believe that the guy he arrests "could be himself." But this does not mean Rosengart believes good policemen should become criminals; it would be perfectly possible as an alternative to recruit good policemen from among experienced criminals. All of which is hellish nonsense derived from what Marx and his followers have done with positivism.

Regarding the second of the major points, consider the following perorational paragraphs:

"If enough Americans are in-

"all to the Glory of God"

I COR. 10:31

the Wilds

The Ultimate Christian Camp/Conference Center

Post Office Box 5211, Greenville, South Carolina 29606

(803) 268-4760

program:

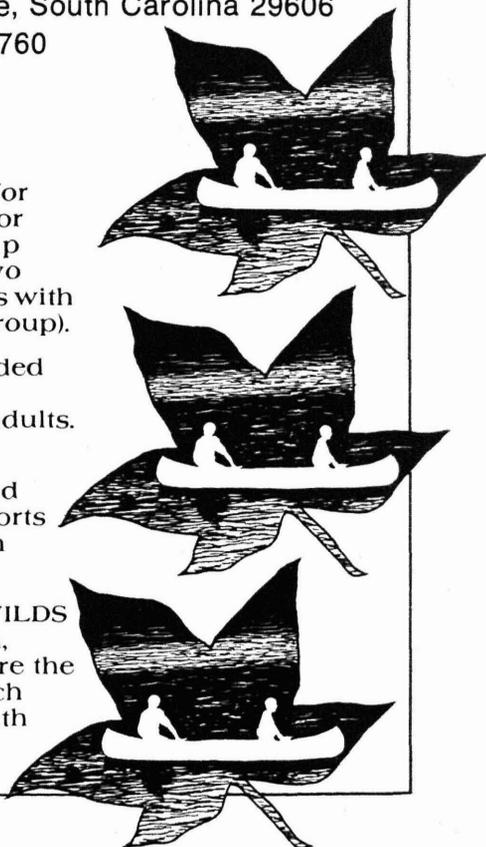
Our present year-round operation includes four basic areas:

SUMMER CAMPS—Weeks available for Juniors (grades 4-6), Junior and Senior High, Camper-In-Training (Leadership Development), Wilderness Camp (two weeks camping out), Adults (sessions with the sponsors that come with each group).

RETREATS—Weekend camps provided for Teens, College and Career, Men, Women, Families, Couples, Senior Adults.

SCHOOL CAMPS—Christian schools participate in Outdoor Education and Senior Trip weeks. We also host sports tournaments between schools on an invitational basis each year.

SEMINARS—This outreach of THE WILDS is to pastors, youth workers, laymen, Sunday School teachers. Included are the Youth Workers' Fitness Program each spring and the Counseling with Youth Seminar every summer.



formed of the ACLU's overall record and how it compares with the history and strategy of the international conspiracy that stretches from Wall Street and Washington to Moscow and Peking, both would collapse from a cessation of support by those productive people [*entrepreneurs and other taxpayers*] who have paid for their successes, either voluntarily without realizing what they were doing [*misguided philanthropists*], or involuntarily via the IRS. At such a time nothing would be more important to the future of freedom in the world than a voluntary dissemination of rational philosophy to encourage widespread understanding as an investment for a better future.

"But we may not have that opportunity to build a better world until the current threat of a police state is averted by an exposure of those who are building it. Such exposure of conspiracy is not necessary for those living in Communist countries. Anyone who studies a bit of history and visits the Soviet Union will discover that those people know they are enslaved. They no longer have the opportunity to expose the criminals who are their officially recognized government, because once the 'dictatorship of the proletariat' is in place, 'democratic' institutions and 'civil liberties' have served their intended strategic purpose. And totalitarians in power are not interested in debating philosophy."

"Why stand we here idle?" What patriot in today's darkening world does not ask Patrick Henry's question? The answer — insofar as there is one — is that so long as we *can* "debate philosophy" it is not pointless to do so. The time grows short, but not too short for you to read such a book as this. And, after all, what did you have in mind that was more important? — MEDFORD EVANS

Men Against McCarthy

by *Richard M. Fried*. Contemporary American History Series, William E. Leuchtenburg, General Editor. Columbia University Press, New York City; 428 pages, \$14.95.

THIS is a worthless book. Strike *worthless*, read *dangerously misleading*. Such a work is one more symptom of the national disorder of our time, which is cancer of the brain trust. The intellectuals as a class are all but moribund, etiolated in Marxian murk, plugged into such thought-support systems as the *New York Times*, the *Washington Post-L.A. Times Service*, and other suffragan agencies relaying the party line; but a few individuals retain the capacity of so commingling instruction and misrepresentation as to deceive most seriously precisely the best students.

Such an individual is Richard M. Fried, who does not, as so many do, simply parrot anti-McCarthy clichés originated in the 1950s by the likes of Jack Anderson and Edward R. Murrow. Nor is Fried so herpetically venomous as, say, Richard Rovere, whose *Senator Joe McCarthy* by supercilious contempt alternating with quivering hatefulness provokes a book-lash in which the reader ends by hating the book more than its subject.

Fried's position is so sophisticatedly naïve that you can't tell whether he intends deception or is himself deceived. He takes absurdities for granted, and denies the obvious with *Through-The-Looking-Glass* simplicity. In a rather disarming Preface he anticipates his book's tendency to alleviate somewhat the vintage "Liberal" indignation against McCarthy personally — at the same time discounting a more recent ascription of "responsibility for McCarthyism" to the Truman Administration and



Come to Magdalen College

— where the faculty and staff have been carefully selected on the basis of their expertise, teaching experience, and commitment to work with young men and women in order to form them by Catholic liberal education.

The faculty and staff have developed the whole vision of man to the extent that students delight in the time and interest shown them inside and outside the classroom.

They are people who view their positions not as jobs, but as a way of life. Students are always assured of the best advice and counsel in the matter of intellectual and moral virtues because of the living-in arrangements for faculty and staff. To engage this faculty in discourse is one of the most memorable experiences a student can have.

For further information please call or write:

Dr. Peter V. Sampo, *President*
Magdalen College
Bedford, New Hampshire 03102
(603) 669-7735



"Liberal" supporters who promoted "the cold-war consensus." Allowing "much truth" to such "contentions," he emphasizes that there were "other forces" at work. "Even before the cold war jelled," author Richard Fried writes, "or Harry Truman took office, the germs of anticommunist politics were visible: the 'red' issue enjoyed an independent growth pattern of its own."

What he never calls in question is the assumption that "McCarthyism" is something for which "responsibility" must somehow be charged, that anticommunism is caused by "germs," and that the whole issue (actually one of Communism as the main threat to U.S. internal security) is not to be described as *red* except in quotation marks — a classic device, not invented by Lenin, to be sure, but vehemently endorsed by him, for imputation of falsity.

Fried's "contribution to knowledge" (since his book was originally a Ph.D. dissertation, it was supposed to make such a contribution) is that the "blame" for "McCarthyism" must be placed on the Republicans, who in the "exigencies and rhythms of partisan politics" made of the horrid "-ism" a "partisan weapon . . . to end the Democratic hegemony." Yet Fried recognizes that the outcome of censure, ending McCarthy's star role if not "McCarthyism," was achieved through the offices of Senators Ralph Flanders (R.-Vermont) and Arthur Watkins (R.-Utah). Nothing is clearer than that Joe McCarthy was an American before he was a Republican, and that anti-McCarthyites were not primarily either Republicans or Democrats. (Think it over. That last sentence before this parenthesis is my opinion, not Fried's.)

The key figure in destroying McCarthy was, of course, Dwight David

Eisenhower, crucially aided by Richard Nixon and various White House aides. Fried recognizes this, if but briefly and in muted fashion. He is not in general a careless or false witness as to facts; the deception which he reinforces is one of question-begging paradoxical premises. The real evil, in Fried's universe of discourse, is not that McCarthy smeared as Communists people who were innocent of being Communists, but that he attacked Communism. No one should be attacked for being a Communist, whether he is one or not. Those who should be attacked are the anti-Communists.

The censure of McCarthy was a major milestone in the early development of *détente*. After the censure, as Fried observes, "The Eisenhower administration had begun to act as if 'coexistence' was not a dirty word. . . . In 1955, as Ike prepared to leave for the Big Four summit conference, McCarthy fought a rear-guard battle against the 'spirit of Geneva' in the name of militant anti-communism; his bellicose resolution was trounced 77 to 4, a lopsided repudiation which demonstrated the Wisconsin Senator's altered status." It also demonstrated the unfavorably altered chances of the survival of American independence.

It is Fried's whole intellectual orientation rather than his reportage of facts which is seriously awry. Yet serious if not intentional misrepresentations of fact ensue.

One such curious matter of inaccuracy regarding facts is raised by Fried's statement concerning Annie Lee Moss, identified by McCarthy's staff as a Communist in the employ of the Defense Department: "She had received Communist mailings, but hers seemed to be another [?] case of mistaken identity — there were three Annie Lee Mosses in the

SHELTON COLLEGE

at the gateway to the stars



If you desire a Christian education in a Christian environment, write today for information.

**Dr. Hyland W. Shepherd, President
Shelton College**

Cape Canaveral, Florida 32920

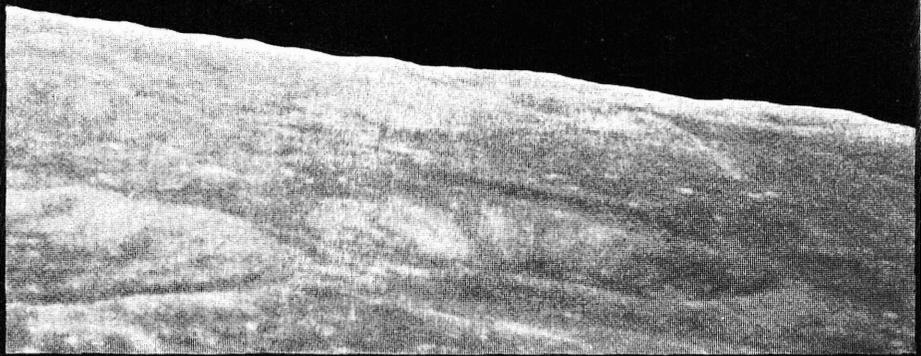
Please send me a brochure, catalog,
and application for Shelton College.

Year of graduation from high
school _____.

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____



Washington telephone directory.” Not so. The Subversive Activities Control Board in 1948 published records of the Communist Party showing Annie Lee Moss of 72 R Street, S.W., Washington, D.C., as a Party member in the mid 1940s. Stanton Evans, living in the District of Columbia in 1958, learned on investigation that while there were indeed three A.L. Moss’s in the Washington phone book, only one was named Annie Lee Moss, and only this Annie Lee Moss lived at 72 R Street, S.W. Stan Evans verified further that the same Annie Lee Moss was employed at the Pentagon in the 1950s. There was no mistaken identity. All that, and a very great deal else besides, is contained in my book *The Assassination Of Joe McCarthy* (Western Islands, 1970), which, oddly enough, is omitted from Fried’s otherwise admirable bibliography of more than two hundred books, articles, and dissertations. — MEDFORD EVANS

Conversations With Eric Sevareid: Interviews With Notable Americans

by *Eric Sevareid, Walter Lippmann, William O. Douglas, Hugo Black, Dean Acheson, George Kennan, John McCloy, Robert Hutchins, Leo Rosten, Eric Hoffer, Mary Peabody, Marietta Tree, Frances Fitzgerald, Daniel Patrick Moynihan.* Public Affairs Press, Washington, D.C.; 215 pages (paperback), \$4.50.

WE USED to call him Eric the Red. He has faded. The pontiff of the plains is now a polite pink, perhaps in emulous approximation of the politically pastel, and inordinately popular, Walter Cronkite — but still more magisterial than Cronkite, more magisterial than anybody. Sevareid is actually a learned man, though he

sounds so much like one that you instinctively doubt it. He must have surprised the participants in these conversations by his own contributions to the dialogue, when they probably came expecting him to be a literal-minded straight man feeding them lines they could use as a trampoline for their own intellectual acrobatics.

Let’s give credit where credit is due. Eric Sevareid has here a collection of very bright though prominent citizens with whom, in the best donish style, and at once engagingly familiar but reflectively serious, he carries on conversations combining entertainment with a sense of instruction.

If you took the instruction as the speakers probably mean it, you would be somewhat the worse, for they are all Leftist, in one way or another, to one degree or another. But there are countless provocations to reflections of your own. My favorite is from Marietta Tree, middle woman in three generations — between her mother Mary Peabody and her daughter Frances Fitzgerald — a remarried divorcée (Marietta that is) who says to her daughter on the latter’s advocating “freedom” from marriage: “I think that’s awfully hard on people. If you merely live with somebody how are you going to get a divorce?” Think about it.

But not all the sagacious utterances in this readable volume are so screwball. George Kennan, of all people — well, maybe not of all people, but anyway, of a good many — says to Eric Sevareid, “I remember Chip Bohlen saying to me, back in the 1930s, that in the end Communism is bound to fail as an ideological appeal to people because it has no answer to the phenomenon of death, and Christianity does.” George Kennan quoting Chip Bohlen to Eric

THE TALLEY CORPORATION

3303 OLD CONEJO ROAD
NEWBURY PARK, CALIFORNIA 91320



Designers and Manufacturers of Airplane, Helicopter and Missile Accessory Equipment

- Electric Actuators & Actuation Systems (Flap drives, landing gear lifts, doors, etc.)
- Cargo Winches, Hoists & Handling Equipment
- Electric Motors
- Electromechanical & Mechanical Assemblies
- Hydraulic Components
- Hot Air Valves & Pneumatic Systems
- Aircraft Airconditioning — Refrigeration and Heating Systems
- Electric Gyro Turn + Slip Indicators (12 VDC and 28 VDC)
- Electric Gyro Turn Coordinators (12 VDC and 28 VDC)
- Fuel Pumps and Components
- Electromechanical & Hydromechanical Gearboxes
- Precision Investment Castings (Aluminum, steel and exotic materials)

THE TALLEY CORPORATION is distinguished from others by:

1. An acute awareness of management, Supervisors and workmen of company goals;
2. A constant liaison between top management production foremen and workers;
3. An atmosphere of dedication — because everyone seems to care.

Would you like to join our team? We need:

TURRET LATHE OPERATORS AND SKILLED MACHINISTS IN NEARLY ALL CATEGORIES, INNOVATIVE ENGINEERS EXPERIENCED ON THE ABOVE EQUIPMENT, AND CERTAIN OTHER TALENTED PERSONNEL IN OUR MANUFACTURING DISCIPLINES.

Wholly Owned Subsidiaries

Ventura Castings Corporation
3303 Old Conejo Road
Newbury Park, California 91320
Telephone 805 / 498-2121

Electric Gyro Corporation
State Road 3KM 83.6
P. O. Box 614
Humacao, Puerto Rico 00661
Telephone 809 / 852-0095



Aero Space Controls Corporation
1050 Mosley Avenue
Wichita, Kansas 67214
Telephone 316 / 264-2875

Electro Pneumatic International
8164 Hausham
Obere-Tiefenbachstrasse 8, Germany
Telephone 08026-8496

Sevareid! Can you imagine a more unexpected source for so fine and righteous a profundity? For once, a Leftist is right. Which does not mean that Left is either Right or right. It just means that the world and the people in it are complicated.

Happily, if amazingly, these rufous *causeries* make for excellent browsing, provided you know which lines to take seriously. Keep going, Eric! You'll yet bleach out a nice clean white. — MEDFORD EVANS

My Years With Ludwig von Mises

by *Margit von Mises*. Arlington House, Publishers, New Rochelle, New York; 191 pages, \$9.95.

WHEN my son the columnist was working with Leonard Read at Irvington-on-Hudson in 1955, his first year out of Yale (my son's first year, not Leonard Read's), he attended at New York University the famous seminar conducted by the eminent economist Ludwig von Mises. Since economics is a subject I have never understood, though I have taught it in college (typical?), I was much interested in my son's report that the first assignment the great von Mises gave (and I do understand economics well enough to know that von Mises was great) was to write a paper on "Beauty."

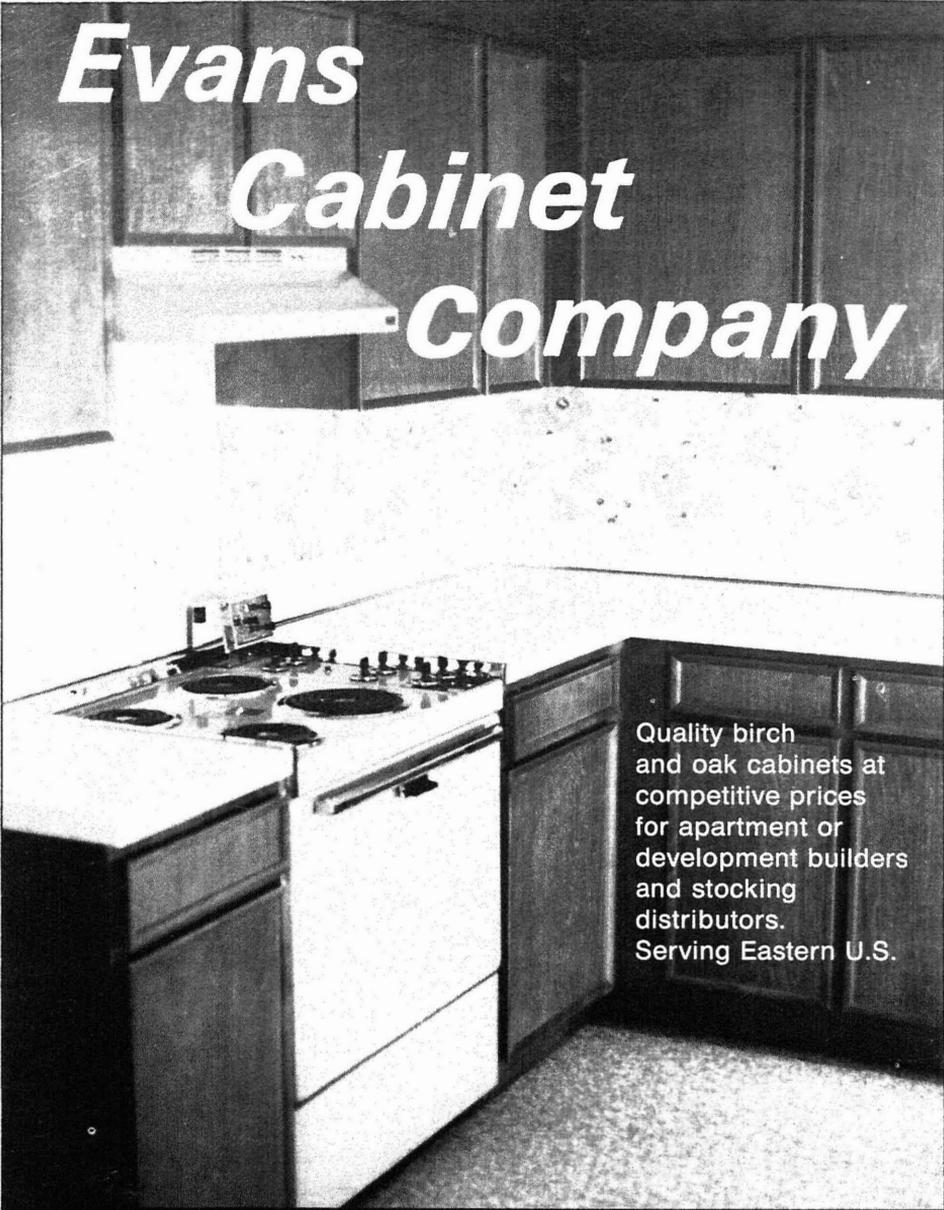
Startled to hear it, I quickly recovered and thought, *Yes, for what else do men labor and spend?* The Trojan War was fought for Helen's beauty, and Antony gave up the Roman Empire for Cleopatra's. To go more directly to the economic point, consider how far more valuable gem diamonds are than industrial ones. Whether Keats was right in saying that beauty is truth, the marketplace offers abundant evidence in favor of Robert Bridges' evaluation of beauty as "the best of all we know."

How appropriate, then, that this

fascinating memoir of the man who the historian Ralph Raico said set the "standards of what an ideal intellectual should be" was written by the beautiful former Viennese actress whom the economist had the good fortune to marry. Margit von Mises was a young widow in her late twenties, the mother of two children, when in 1925 at a dinner party in Vienna she first met the forty-four-year-old professor of economics, who promptly improved the occasion by offering to take her home. At that time the streets of the great cities of Western Europe — and of the United States of America — were safe for pedestrians at all hours. It was therefore not excessively daring of Ludwig von Mises that "on the way," as Margit relates, "he proposed to go to a bar opposite my house, to have a drink and dance." Observing that he "did not dance well, so I preferred to sit and talk with him," she continues:

The next day, when my hosts told me that he was considered to be the greatest living mind in Austria, it gave me quite a shock. He seemed so unpretentious and simple, so easy to talk to. That day he sent me a wonderful assortment of red roses, called me soon afterwards, and asked me to have dinner with him.

This was romantic expedition worthy of one who in his youth had had military training in the Austro-Hungarian cavalry, and seen the Emperor Franz Josef. (Some fifteen years later he was a lieutenant of infantry in the Carpathian Alps during World War I, and long after that, in the United States, he became well acquainted with the Archduke Otto von Habsburg, heir to the now nonexistent imperial throne.) But the caution and preoccupation of the scholar overcame the swift gallantry



Evans Cabinet Company

Quality birch
and oak cabinets at
competitive prices
for apartment or
development builders
and stocking
distributors.
Serving Eastern U.S.

**(912) 272-2530
P.O. Box 548
Dublin, Georgia 31021**

of the soldier, and Ludwig ("Lu" as she called him) and Margit were not married until 1939, fourteen years after that impulsive drink and dance in a Vienna bar.

So the economist was fifty-eight when he became a married man; there remained, nevertheless, a long and happy married life ahead, for the almost indestructible von Mises lived past his ninety-second birthday in 1973, *mens sana* to the end, if not finally *in corpore sano*. ("Mind" in Latin is feminine, while "body" is neuter. Ever think about that?) "The only good thing about being a nonagenarian," he told his wife, "is that you are able to read your obituaries while you are still alive." He died in a New York hospital. (The von Mises had been naturalized American citizens since 1946.) "Lu's mind was especially clear the day before his death," writes Margit. "He held my hand all day long, but he was very weak and his voice was barely audible when he told me in the evening, 'You look tired; you must go home now and get some rest.'" It is a good man who at age ninety-two, within hours of his own death, will think of the fatigue of the woman he loves.

That woman, in the present instance, has filled a swift-moving narrative with personal glimpses of the great economist which cannot fail to fascinate innumerable readers who might bog down in the pages of von Mises' professional writing and cannot fail to throw new light for professional readers on the character of the man, which as much as his intellect determined his unreversed commitment to the system of free enterprise in the market economy. The market economy is the best which human intellect can devise, but it depends on a degree of probity in buyers and sellers in the market,

which considering the fallen state of mankind is not always to be found. That does not mean that any other kind of economy is better — on the contrary, an economy of force in the hands of men who have fallen at least as far as anybody else is worst of all.

Ludwig von Mises, as this memoir by his wife makes clear (who else is so well qualified to judge a man's character as his wife?), was a person of astonishing self-control — utterly devoid of pretentiousness or affectation. It is perhaps difficult for such a man to realize how insincere others may be, especially persons of evident ability. Von Mises had too keen an intellect not to be something of a skeptic, but there seems to have been a quality of innocence in his disposition which precluded his ever being a cynic. It is to his eternal credit that he never used his amazing comprehension of economic realities (which included foresight that was almost invariably correct) to make a fortune for himself. His was a priestlike detachment. (When the priest is what he should be.)

Yet it must be acknowledged that the very purity of purpose in von Mises' academic analysis of the marketplace suggests the possibility that in his peripheral vision there were blind spots regarding madness and crime and their economic consequences. Perhaps the dissolute understand the pure better than the pure understand the dissolute, and this is why John Maynard Keynes was in a wicked world more successful than Ludwig von Mises. (They were contemporaries, Keynes being by two years the younger, but von Mises outlived the great inverter of values by some twenty-seven years.) Von Mises' buoyant optimism (the redeeming intellectual fault which enhanced his character) is reflected



In this bright new world of the space age

We're with it!

If you have difficult machining jobs, close tolerance parts to produce, or need the highest quality tools, dies, jigs, fixtures or gauges of any description — let us put our numerical control equipment, tracer lathes, optical millers and top skilled craftsmen to work for you.

You'll be glad you did!

ALLEN GAUGE & TOOL COMPANY

421 North Braddock Avenue ■ Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15221
(412) 241-6410

FEED A FAMILY OF SEVEN ON \$10.00 PER WEEK???

Thanks to advance preparation a housewife tells how she spent only \$10.00 per week at the grocery store to feed a family of seven:

"Little did my husband and I realize how soon we would have to use our Pantri-Partner from Perma-Pak."

"Unexpectedly, my husband lost his job last month and it couldn't have happened at a worse time. Cash reserves were low—yet regular monthly bills were high. The only flexible item in our budget was food purchases, and with the help of our Pantri-Partner we managed to keep these purchases down to save our money to meet fixed, inflexible monthly payments. There has been no need for us to turn to welfare or relatives to meet our obligations."

"True, we recognize that we consumed more than \$10.00 worth of food each week because of the cost of the Pantri-Partner, BUT BECAUSE WE PURCHASED IT IN ADVANCE, IT WAS THERE WHEN WE NEEDED IT TO REDUCE MONTHLY FOOD PURCHASES TO MEET THE PRESSING DEMAND TO CONSERVE CASH FOR FIXED MONTHLY PAYMENTS."

"We estimate that the Pantri-Partner, together with other food items found on our shelves, could last our family of seven for 10 to 12 weeks, based upon the above grocery purchases."

"The security and peace of mind that we feel is more than enough justification for our purchase of Perma-Pak's Pantri-Partner."***

Pantri-Partner—A food supply that meets the needs of everyday living. Use it immediately, or store it away for future needs—unemployment, food shortages, strikes, or just to be sure.

***The above is a dramatization, but Perma-Pak has on record a family of seven who used food from a Pantri-Partner for a month and ended up purchasing only \$10.00 worth of groceries per week.

WRITE OR CALL TODAY FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT
OUR SPECIAL PANTRI-PARTNER PROGRAM

PERMA-PAK Dept. A-10, P.O. Box 15695
40 East 2430 South Salt Lake City, Utah 84115 (801) 486-3821

PERMA-PAK



in Margit's summation of his impressions of America on arriving here in 1940 after the fall of France and while the Nazi takeover of his native Austria was still heavy on his heart and mind:

When Lu and I came to the United States, he saw the greatness of the country and he believed in the future of America. He hoped she would be able to resist socialists, Communists, and inflationists alike. Inflation was the great peril he had always warned of. He got new hope . . . How he would judge the situation today, I don't dare to think.

The objection to inflation is at bottom a moral one. Inflation is stealing; the fact that it is stealing by the government rather than by an individual makes it worse. Only the government can drastically increase the money supply — an action which automatically decreases the value of the monetary unit, and thus robs every person who already has any money. Von Mises' attitude in this whole matter is shown in a typical remark of his at his N.Y.U. seminar:

An ethical standard is judging various modes of conduct from the point of view of a scale of values which derives from divine commandments, or from that which is in the soul of everyone. The realm of ethics is not something which is outside of that of economic action. You cannot deal with ethical problems apart from economic ones, and vice versa.

To von Mises the whole realm of knowledge was a seamless web, and had he not been so profoundly a generalist, he could not have been so superb a specialist. On another occasion at the seminar he said, as Margit reports:

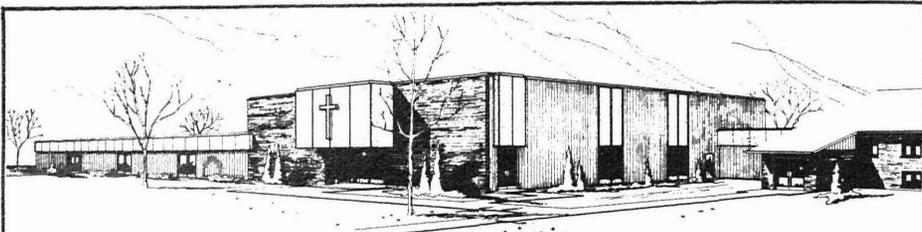
One of the prerequisites of a mastery of economics is a perfect knowledge of history, the history of ideas and of civilization, and of social, economic, and political history. To know one field well, one must also know other fields.

Von Mises was expert in so many fields that it is risky to fault him in any; as previously intimated, he perhaps inclined to a faith in reason which obscured his assessment of the forces of evil. Not that he was blind to the forces of evil. Not that he was blind to the possibilities, but he tended to assume that reason would prevail — an assumption which unaided reason cannot make. (A young friend of mine once observed in contravention of Bryant's, "Truth crushed to earth shall rise again," that in his experience, "Truth rising is crushed to earth again.")

Now bear with me a minute and try to believe what I am going to tell you. I wrote the above before I read the following from Page 860 of the 1949 edition of von Mises' monumental work, *Human Action*:

The objections customarily raised against the rationalism of the classical economists and the utilitarian thinkers are vain. But there was one deficiency in their doctrines. They blithely assumed that what is reasonable will carry on merely on account of its reasonableness. They never gave a thought to the possibility that public opinion could favor spurious ideologies whose realization would harm welfare and well-being and disintegrate social cooperation.

As you see, von Mises *had* given a thought to the possible prevalence in this world of the powers of darkness. But I suspect that it was then a thought more logically allowed for



East Moline Christian School

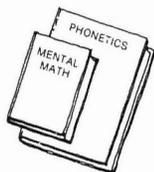
• Grades K-7th (Classes to expand through Grade 12) • Fully Certified Instructors • Excellent library facilities • All new, air-conditioned, carpeted facilities • Out-standing curriculum which teaches individual responsibility and sound economics in addition to exposing the Conspiracy against our Republic.

*A school that honors God — Family — Country.
We can train your children to be
Tomorrow's Leaders*

sponsored by:

Victory Baptist Church
900 46th Avenue
East Moline, Ill. 61244

Rev. James R. Patrick
Founder
(309) 796-1485
(309) 797-9748



School Supply[®]

RIGHT START CURRICULUMS

BRINGING BACK THE 3 R's READING, 'RITING, & 'RITHMETIC

*A lifetime gift from Mom and Dad:
The ability to Read, Write and Add.*

It's easy for concerned parents to teach the RIGHT START Beginner's Curriculum at home if they follow our "simple-to-carry-out" lesson plans. A minimum of parental preparation is required. Manual and student kits are complete in themselves — no need to supplement with outside material. Parent's Home Teaching Edition is reasonably priced. Complete curriculums for schools.

Fine Text Books Now Ready To Ship:

Language Grammar, American History, Physiology, Beginner's Arithmetic.

At American Opinion Bookstores or contact:

920 East Sixth Avenue • Belton, Texas 76513

(817) 939-3731



Distributor



than deeply felt. Grimly enough, it was a rising tide of spurious ideology in what one might have thought (and certainly von Mises did think) was a safe harbor of reason — the Yale University Press — which brought home to the economist the truth expressed by Edna Millay in her lines: “Pity me that the heart is slow to learn/ What the swift mind beholds at every turn.” (I don’t mean to say that von Mises read Millay; maybe he did and maybe he didn’t; but what she learned from a blighted love affair, he learned from disillusionment occasioned by Yale’s treatment of the second edition of his masterpiece.) Margit von Mises devotes a chapter to “The Story Of *Human Action*,” which book her husband wrote in English as a thorough revision of his earlier work written in German, *Nationaloekonomie*, published at Geneva in 1940.

The 1949 edition of *Human Action* was an immense success, as to both esteem and sales. The Yale editor who prepared it for the press (Eugene Davidson) was the soul of courtesy, efficiency, expertise, and sympathetic understanding. Von Mises was properly appreciative. Margit writes, “Davidson supervised everything, not the slightest detail was unimportant to him. He wanted a perfect book and a satisfied author. He even sent Lu a proof of the binding of the book for his approval.” Though expensive for those comparatively uninflated days (ten dollars), *Human Action*, a physically and intellectually formidable work, sold well and was translated and published in Italian, French, Japanese, and Spanish editions. The Book Of The Month Club made the work an alternate selection. The Twentieth Century masterpiece on the free market was doing well in the free market.

In 1959 there was an apparent shake-up at the Yale University Press. Davidson left and became editor of *Modern Age*. Back in New Haven there arose up a new management of the Yale Press which knew not von Mises.* Rather, they did know him, or knew his work, and they didn’t like it. Keynesians? Who knows? At any rate the new men, arriving as demand was growing for a second edition of *Human Action*, did nothing or a grudging little to satisfy that demand. The first edition was not kept printed in quantities to supply bookstores, and the second revised edition suffered from chronic procrastination of the press. When the new edition finally appeared (in 1963), “it was a shock to everyone,” writes Margit. She quotes Henry Hazlitt, one of the first Americans to discover and appreciate von Mises. Hazlitt had an article, “Mangling A Masterpiece,” in *National Review* of May 5, 1964, in which he hit Yale harder than anybody had done since Percy Haughton. Example:

“The Press does not honor Professor Mises in this new edition. And it does not honor itself. The new edition is a typographical disgrace.

“The 1949 edition was originally priced at \$10; the revised edition is offered at \$15. Yet qualitatively it is cheaper in every respect. It is full of misprints. On page 322 four lines are omitted. Page 468 is missing altogether. Page 469 is printed twice. On page 563 two paragraphs are trans-

*Cf. Exodus 1:8. Dear readers all, so many of whom told me what Biblical verse I was misquoting in my review of Senator Helms’ book in December, I thank you! I shall now never forget Matthew 10:16. By the way, I had at last count some thirty correct answers (none incorrect). In the immortal words of Dean Martin, Keep those cards and letters coming, folks!



This car combines
6-cylinder efficiency
with engineering advancements
no domestic sedan comes close to.
Test drive the *Mercedes-Benz 280S*.

Don't just settle for any 6-cylinder
automobile. Arrange to test drive the
surprising Mercedes-Benz 280S. Com-
pare engineering features — no domestic
sedan even comes close.

L.P. Evans Mercedes-Benz
9696 N.W. 7th Avenue
Miami, Florida 33150
(305) 693-1711



jeweler
A.C. Frattone  *Diamonds
Watches*

*Gifts
for that
Special
Someone*

*"Yes, we did produce a near perfect
Republic. But will they keep it, or will they,
in the enjoyment of plenty, lose the memory
of freedom? Material abundance without
character is the surest way to destruction."*

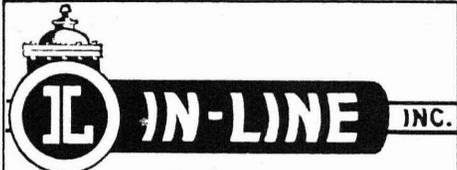
— Thomas Jefferson

51 South Old York Road
Hatboro, Pennsylvania 19040



Conservative Designers
Of All Types of Buildings

47 Kearny Street - Suite 504
San Francisco, California 94108
(415) 781-8535



*Contractors,
Municipal and Industrial
Supplies and Services*

Specializing in the following
services on water, gas, steam
and chemical lines:

**HOT TAPS
VALVE INSERTIONS
STOP-OFFS**

Plus Materials
Contact us for quotes.

IN-LINE INC.
Post Office Box 4505
2072 North Church Street
Rocky Mount, North Carolina 27801
(919) 446-0248

posed. On page 615 eight lines are missing”

How specific do you want it? Hazlitt goes on at appropriately great length. (Reader, please remember that the man who said “Brevity is the soul of wit,” was Polonius, an old jackass. Brevity is the refuge of weak minds.) He concludes: “A final question. Why, in a press that has shown itself capable of producing first-rate work, did this particular book go wrong? Do the present editors of the Yale University Press (who are not those who originally accepted the book) know that this is the most important work on general economic theory that has appeared in our generation?”

Concerning the reaction of the author of that most important work, his wife Margit writes:

*Outsiders may have considered the misprinting of Human Action an episode in the life of a great man, accepted and forgotten. But it was not so. [After all, the book is Exhibit A in the evidence of his greatness.] It was the only time in his life that he had sleeping problems, though he steadfastly refused to take any pills. He was angry. It was an ice-cold, quiet anger directed against what he felt was an unknown enemy at Yale University Press, menacing his great book, his creative strength, his very existence.**

This was, as Margit tells us, one of only two crises in von Mises’ life which “so emotionally upset him that his physical well-being was affected.” I’m sure they are happy at Yale to know that the other such crisis occurred in May 1938, when the Nazis, who had taken over Austria two months earlier, dismissed him summarily from the position he had held for twenty-seven years as legal

advisor and financial expert of the Chamber of Commerce of Vienna.†

Ludwig von Mises can hardly be excelled for comprehensive lucidity in the field of economics, and certainly no one has more successfully broadened that field. In *Human Action* economics does become *praxeology*, which simply means (you won’t have to look this one up — sorry, I’m sure you wouldn’t have had to anyhow) *the study of human action*. The Greek derivative, however, which von Mises frequently employs, implies *scientific* study, as distinct from literary presentation. In general, science has a long way to go to catch up with literature for accuracy in this field. The greatest instruction in praxeology that I know of, excepting that in the Bible, is in the plays of William Shakespeare. For a very minor example the Porter in *Macbeth*, saying, “Here’s a farmer that hanged himself in the expectation of plenty,” succinctly teaches two great lessons of economics — price determination by supply and demand, and the peculiar difficulty of agriculture.

Yet *Human Action* itself, though it illuminates whatever it touches, is not turned sharply on the darkest areas of the life of man. Von Mises misses the insight which led his fel-

*“He only recovered his composure,” Margit continues, “after he signed a new contract with Regnery and saw the active interest that Henry Regnery took in bringing out a new edition of *Human Action*.” Regnery plays a great game at safety.

†The National Socialists were being logically consistent. If a nation is not simply under God, but either replaced god or serves as His only channel of authority, then socialism under a dictatorial leader follows, being the human counterpart of animal herd instinct. It might be observed in passing that Stalinism was national socialism. Von Mises was equally opposed to Stalinist and Hitlerite socialism, and therefore equally hated by Communists and Nazis.

low Austrian Erik von Kuehnelt-Leddihn (some twenty-eight years von Mises' junior) to assert that "the patron saint of all leftist movements" is the Marquis de Sade, whose "nihilism . . . went so far that he contemplated with a certain satisfaction the possibility that mankind could annihilate itself." (*Leftism*, Arlington House, 1974, a book by which I have been too much awestruck to review. Yet.)

It was doubtless, however, precisely von Mises' relative innocence regarding evil which induced the Left, increasingly dominant in the academic world after Joe McCarthy's political assassination in 1957, to venture — considering von Mises' eminence it was a bold move — to deface his masterpiece in 1963. The experience stirred von Mises at last to sense the reality of conspiracy in intellectual circles. In a letter to a friend in December 1963, which Margit quotes *in extenso*, the economist said, in part:

If we were to assume that it [the disfigurement] was unintentional, we would imply that all the people who cooperated in the production of the volume are clumsy, inept, inefficient and negligent in the highest degree. Against such an assumption stands the fact that the [Yale University] Press published and still publishes books of normal quality . . .

It is obvious that the Press withheld from me the page proofs because it wanted to bring out a defective book. And when the book was finally ready and the first copies were sent out to the distributors, the

Press tried to keep the fact secret from me and did not even send me, the author, a copy.

Ludwig von Mises was no paranoid. He was at the outset a *less* suspicious person than the average. But he was no fool. He knew that nothing at Yale is simply slipshod. The Press is one of the great ornaments of the University, and *Human Action* had earned the University money and lent it prestige. Because of the book's impact, however, against national socialism (which includes but is not limited to National Socialism), it had stirred resentment among the Keynesians and other Leftists who collectively dominated the academic scene. In 1949 Yale was willing to buck the trend; after 1959 it began to go along in order to continue to get along. That is the tolerant hypothesis. The alternative explanation invokes Kuehnelt-Leddihn's perception that the essence of Leftism is Sadism.

Carlyle called economics the dismal science. But Margit von Mises has written a humanly entertaining book — far more entertaining than I with my preoccupation with how von Mises came to recognize the proximity of conspiracy, have perhaps indicated — which among other things abounds in glimpses of civilized cosmopolitan life in the first half of the Twentieth Century. *My Years With Ludwig von Mises* is eminently worth reading on its own account, and will pay you double if it leads you to study or re-study the work of its distinguished subject. — MEDFORD EVANS

CRACKER BARREL

■ It was so cold in Lynn, Massachusetts, on the morning of January second that one of her most noted politicians was seen walking down the main street with his hands *in his own pockets*.

■ Author William P. Hoar calls attention to the important fact that "the key to every dictatorship [is] a national police force."

From page six

CARTER CABINET

his New Populism differs from the Old Liberalism of Hubert Humphrey rejected in the election of 1968, repudiated in 1972, and, one thought, buried forever with the primary victories of a peanut farmer from Plains, Georgia?"

Zbigniew Brzezinski, the David Rockefeller lieutenant who gave up his position as head of the Trilateral Commission to become Carter's chief foreign policy advisor during the campaign, has of course been appointed national security advisor. This is the position initially held by Henry Kissinger in the Nixon Administration, and the parallels are not coincidental. As Murrey Marder observed in the *Washington Post* for December 17, 1976:

"Nelson A. Rockefeller became the powerful patron of Kissinger in the so-called Eastern establishment and in the Republican political arena. His brother, David Rockefeller, chairman of Chase Manhattan Bank, became a Brzezinski patron and co-promoter with Brzezinski of the Trilateral Commission The commission recruited Carter, then governor of Georgia, among its members, launching the Brzezinski-Carter link that has produced abundant dividends."

The Rockefellers have assets and business interests in over one hundred twenty-five nations and therefore take an inordinate interest in international affairs. It is not without meaning that Brzezinski is often labelled as "Carter's Kissinger." The appellation fits for a number of reasons. Like Kissinger, "Zbig" is foreign born (Poland) and a naturalized citizen, both have been university professors and were even classmates at the Harvard graduate school, and both speak with a Dr. Strangelove accent. Both

are Bilderbergers and members of the Rockefellers' C.F.R. hierarchy. There even appears to be a little jealousy over the patron. Zbig told *Playboy's* Robert Scheer: "Henry worked for Nelson as an employee and I work with David as an associate."

Brzezinski does not openly claim to favor "World Government," because the term is a little stark for most people. Rather, like other *Insiders* and their agents, he speaks in coded words and phrases — talking about "World Order" and "World Community" to communicate with the illumined while not panicking the public. What it would mean is that decisions involving the United States of America, its defense, its trade policies, its natural resources, and its taxes would be determined in part or in whole by foreigners. Promoting the Rockefeller line that we cannot have a free and independent United States, Brzezinski proclaims that "the fiction of sovereignty . . . is clearly no longer compatible with reality."

In his book *Between Two Ages*, Zbigniew Brzezinski writes that a "global consciousness" must precede solutions to global problems. Carter advisor Richard Gardner, Brzezinski's close colleague at Columbia, the C.F.R., and the T.C., has spelled out what this means in *Foreign Affairs*, official journal of the Council on Foreign Relations. In "The Hard Road To World Order," an article in the issue for April 1974, Gardner states:

"Few people retain much confidence in the more ambitious strategies for world order that had a wide backing a generation ago — 'world federalism,' 'charter review,' and 'world peace through world law.' [Yet if these] do not provide the answers, what hope for progress is there? The answer will not satisfy those who seek simple solutions to complex problems, but it comes down to this: The hope

for the foreseeable future lies, not in building up a few ambitious central institutions of universal membership and general jurisdiction, as was envisaged at the end of the last war, but rather in the much more decentralized, disorderly, and pragmatic process of inventing or adapting institutions of limited jurisdiction and selected membership to deal with specific problems on a case-by-case basis, as the necessity for cooperation is perceived by the relevant nations. . . . In short, the 'house of world order' will have to be built from the bottom up rather than from the top down. It will look like a great 'booming, buzzing confusion,' to use William James's famous description of reality, but an end-run around national sovereignty, eroding it piece by piece, will accomplish much more than the old-fashioned frontal assault."

Hence the need, as the Establishment conspirators around Carter see it, for the Trilateral Commission and the trilateral approach. The plan seems to be to bring about World Government on a *regional* basis, piece by piece, starting with the industrially advanced nations and working backwards.

Professor Henry Paolucci analyzes Brzezinski's version of the Gardner thesis as follows:

"It was spelled out in his *Between Two Ages: America's Role In The Technetronic Era* (1970) and sharply refined in subsequent monographs, *Foreign Affairs* articles, and Trilateral Commission reports. According to his avowedly Marxist-humanist-technetronic philosophy of history . . . the Western peoples, since their identifiable beginnings in the feudal era, have advanced through three great stages and are now entering a fourth and culminating stage.

"The first stage was that of reli-

gion The second stage was that of nationalism In the wake of Western nationalism has come Marxism, which, says Brzezinski, 'represents a further vital and creative stage in the maturing of man's universal vision.' But progress by no means stops there. Beyond religion, nationalism, and Marxism, we now have, he tells us, his emerging technetronic-age ideal of rational humanism on a global scale.

"Rational humanism as Brzezinski represents it is to be the result of evolutionary transformations in the U.S. and the U.S.S.R. . . ."

This is the old Marxist dialectic of thesis, antithesis, and synthesis. The U.S. and the Soviet Union are to be synthesized in a New World Order. In *Foreign Policy* for Winter 1975-1976, Brzezinski stated: "It is clear that both an institutional, as well as a political, reorganization is required."

Indeed. Which is what Jimmy Carter's demand for a total 'reorganization' of the U.S. Government is all about. The Carter "reorganization" scheme was planned by Zbig and David Rockefeller long before Carter became a Presidential candidate. As early as 1970, Brzezinski called openly for the destruction of the U.S. Constitution. In his book *Between Two Ages* he forecast the April 1976 Philadelphia meeting to write a new U.S. Constitution. The Trilateral director wrote: "The approaching two-hundredth anniversary of the Declaration of Independence could justify the call for a national constitutional convention to reexamine the nation's formal institutional framework. Either 1976 or 1989 — the two hundredth anniversary of the Constitution — could serve as a suitable target date for culminating a national dialogue on the relevance of existing arrangements, the workings of the representative process . . . and of streamlin-

ing the administrative structure.”

Brzezinski said 1976 or 1989 “would provide a suitable occasion for redefining the meaning of modern democracy” for the purpose of “setting ambitious and concrete social goals.”

All of this is to be related to the international scheme. Brzezinski admitted in *Foreign Policy* magazine for Summer 1976 that any such “new economic order” seriously threatens “the traditional American values of individualism, free enterprise, the work ethic, and efficiency.” But the Trilateral and C.F.R. director stated that “the desire for a ‘new economic order’ is symptomatic of the new global mood.”

The *New York Times* for August 1, 1976, reported that Carter “would give priority to international economic questions, particularly between poor and industrialized states, sharing the resources of the seas, food and natural resources.” This news report correctly sums up the Carter-Trilateral objective of stripping America of food and resources for shipment to the Third World nations and the Soviet Union. Brzezinski observed that it is too bad many Americans still see this “as a claim on their resources and as portending the confiscation of the fruits of their labor” Which, of course, it is.

The *Times* also says that, advised by Zbigniew Brzezinski, Jimmy Carter “has established a consistent theme in his foreign policy statements: ‘We must replace balance of power politics with world order politics.’” Since Brzezinski holds that the “nation-state as a fundamental unit of man’s organized life has ceased to be the principal creative force,” what will replace it? He gives us a hint when he states: “International banks and multi-national corporations are acting and planning in terms that are far in advance of the political concepts of

the nation-state.” You can see why David likes Ziggy. The Rockefellers and their fellow *Insiders* want to replace the nation-state, including our own, with a New World Order dominated by international banks and multinational corporations.

Once the industrialized nations of the West have been successfully chained together, the next move anticipated by the C.F.R.-Trilateral crowd involves bringing in the Communists. Princeton’s Professor Richard Ullman, director of the C.F.R.’s “1980’s Project,” states in his article “Trilateralism: ‘Partnership’ For What?” in the October 1976 issue of *Foreign Affairs*: “. . . over the next decade, as the shared characteristics which set the trilateral states off from the other members of the community of nation-states become less distinct . . . the ranks of the industrialized countries will include not merely the democratic, market-economy nations on the one hand and the Soviet Union and its East European allies on the other”

Meanwhile, until the Great Merger can be made in the 1980s, Brzezinski wants to do everything possible to aid the Communists so they can be brought into the New World Order on a more equal basis. The Big Z has been playing this tune for a long time. In *New Republic* for August 31, 1963, he wrote: “The aim should be to improve the standard of living and the way of life in the Communist states” He justifies this by denying that the Communists have any aggressive intentions. As far back as 1967, Brzezinski wrote: “Communism, the principal and until recently the most militant revolutionary ideology of our day is dead.” Since he pronounced Communism a corpse, the Reds have taken Vietnam, Cambodia, Laos, Angola, and Mozambique. Brzezinski’s reaction is to want to improve their stan-

dard of living. You get the picture on Zbigniew when you read in the December 17, 1976, issue of the *Los Angeles Times*: "Asked his views on *détente* with the Soviet Union, he said he favored 'accommodation' with the Russians." Accommodation through merger.

According to the *Washington Post* of December 17, 1976: "The incoming President described Brzezinski yesterday as 'the key advisor for me' in global affairs while 'I have been an eager student in the last two or three years' in what amounted to a private tutored course." The voice of Carter is the voice of Brzezinski. Which is the price Carter was willing to pay to become President of the United States. When Jimmy Carter speaks on foreign policy his lips will be moving, but it will be Zbigniew Brzezinski speaking — just as Kissinger did for Nixon and Ford — while the Rockefeller pull the strings.

Cyrus Vance: If you liked Zbigniew Brzezinski as Director of National Security, you'll love Jimmy Carter's Secretary of State. *Newsweek* says Vance is a "well-bred, Yale-polished insider described by one mostly admiring academic as 'the epitome of the Eastern Establishment.'"

James McCartney of the Knight News Wire tells us of Cyrus Vance: "He is chairman of the board of trustees of the Rockefeller Foundation, which helped to spawn both Henry Kissinger and Dean Rusk, and he sits on the board of the *New York Times*. In addition, he is on the board of I.B.M., Pan Am World Airways, and the One William Street Fund." Vance is a partner in the law firm of Simpson, Thatcher and Bartlett, which is closely tied to the international banking operation of Lehman Brothers. And, but of course, he is vice chairman of the board of the

Council on Foreign Relations and a member of the Trilateral Commission.

Newsweek tells us: "For years, Cyrus Roberts Vance had been biding his time," waiting for the big plum. Now came the payoff. Vance, over whom Hamilton Jordan swore he would quit, is no stranger to Washington. He started his Washington career twenty years ago, working for Senator Lyndon Johnson. Lloyd Shearer reports in *Parade* magazine for June 23, 1968, that Cyrus soon became a special protégé of Secretary of Defense Robert McNamara (C.F.R.). And, according to Shearer, "There is little doubt that McNamara has influenced Vance more than any other individual in government."

Cy Vance climbed the governmental ladder like a hyperactive monkey. He went from general counsel to the Defense Department to Secretary of the Army to Deputy Secretary of Defense. It was Vance and McNamara who supervised the sending of six hundred thousand Americans off to the war in Vietnam. Once Vance and his C.F.R. allies had pumped Vietnam full of Americans, the New York lawyer took his distance and became a leading dove. He joined with Dr. Clark Kerr (C.F.R.) and his National Committee for a Political Settlement in Vietnam and began propagandizing for an American pullout. Vance was soon serving with fellow C.F.R. *Insider* Averell Harriman at the prolonged Paris Peace Conferences with North Vietnam.

As Aaron Latham observes in *New York*: "When Carter campaigned as 'a leader for a change,' most Americans did not think that by 'change' he meant bringing back the men who gave us Vietnam . . ."

We are being told that Brzezinski will be the creative genius in foreign policy and that Vance will be the ad-

ministrator. Cyrus Vance will have no problem following the Rockefeller-Brzezinski line, having observed that "the national interest of the U.S. is international." According to *Time*: "Vance shares Carter's belief that the U.S. must collaborate more closely with its European allies and Japan." By now you recognize the Trilateral theme.

Nobody to our knowledge has ever accused Vance of being an anti-Communist. He would doubtless consider the label a slur. And *U.S. News & World Report* informs us that the Soviets were not exactly depressed at his appointment: "The Kremlin wants to speed the pace of *détente*. So Vance's appointment is seen as a sign that Carter is opting for negotiation, not confrontation. Carter, himself, remains an enigma to the Kremlin. But the feeling in Moscow is that if the President-elect really intended to get tough with the Russians, he would have picked a different Secretary of State."

Vance is especially anxious to continue American disarmament. *Newsweek* informs us: "Cyrus Vance thinks that the most urgent foreign policy priorities for the new Administration will fit into two principal categories — international security matters and global economic problems. There is nothing more important in his judgment than 'getting SALT out of the doldrums.'"

According to *Human Events*, weekly tabloid of Conservative Republicans in Washington, "Those who have seen Vance in action say he's 'actually far more dovish than some of his more recent statements would indicate.' An indication of this 'softness' filtered through a Washington *Post* dispatch from Moscow. Commented the *Post's* Peter Osnos: 'Vance, in a recent report sponsored by the United Nations Association,

advocated disarmament measures also featured in principle by Moscow. This made him the Soviets' favorite candidate among names that had been mentioned 'Most ominous of all of Vance's positions, in the view of many observers, is that . . . he is not particularly opposed to coalition governments in Western Europe which include the Communists'

Human Events continues: "Indeed, Vance, Carter and Zbigniew Brzezinski . . . all seem to favor experimenting with such 'coalition' governments. As some caustic critics remark, they believe that the best way to deal with termites is to invite them into your woodwork.

"Vance appears to lean left in a lot of other areas as well. He seems eager to complete a strategic arms limitation agreement with the Soviets at almost any cost; appears tied to the Kissinger-Ford policy of relinquishing U.S. control over the Panama Canal; wants to phase out U.S. troops from South Korea; and believes in pressuring such pro-Western governments as South Africa into granting black majority rule. Vance, for instance, favors a return to the Kennedy-Johnson policy of completely freezing U.S. arms and military hardware sales to South Africa."

Obviously when you add Vance it spells more American retreat.

Harold Brown: Although he does not mention it in his *Who's Who* biography, Secretary of Defense Harold Brown is a member of both the Council on Foreign Relations and the Trilateral Commission. In addition, Brown is a director of I.B.M. and the Times-Mirror Corporation which publishes the powerful *Los Angeles Times*.

A native New Yorker, age forty-nine, Harold Brown sat out the Nixon Administration as president of Caltech. He had been one of the original

Hospitality

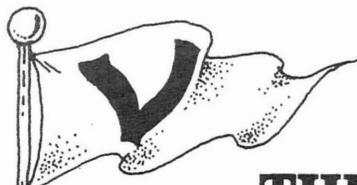
throughout
the Southeast...

MORRISON'S
Cafeterias

Admiral Benbow Inns

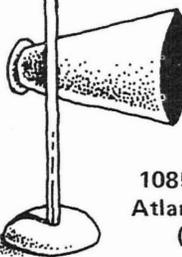
Morrison Food Services

divisions of
MORRISON INCORPORATED
P. O. Box 2608, Mobile, Alabama 36601



**THE
VARSITY**

*The world's largest
and oldest drive-in
restaurant.*



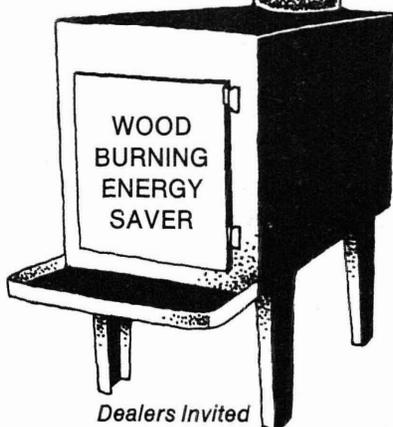
*No food over
12 hours old.*

1085 Lindbergh Drive
Atlanta, Georgia 30324
(404) 261-8843

*Metal Stampings
& Die Making*

R.D. No. 1
Big Prairie, Ohio 44611
(216) 496-2721

*Special offer to
AMERICAN OPINION
readers:
\$79.95*



Dealers Invited

*Blanton
Alfa Mills, Inc.*

**Plants located on
Horseshoe Lake,
Hulbert and West Memphis**

**(501) 735-6248
P.O. Box 458**

Hughes, Arkansas 72348



McNamara Whiz Kids and served as Defense Department director of research from 1961 to 1965, Secretary of the Air Force from 1965 to 1969, and became an advisory member of the American SALT team in 1969.

Many Conservatives would prefer to have Mary Poppins in charge of our defense. While "Liberals" have doubts about Brown because, like Vance and Brzezinski, he was a hawk early in the Vietnam War, when it comes to dealing with the Soviets the only question is whether he is a dove or a pigeon. According to Phyllis Schlafly of Copley News Service our military leaders are critical of Brown because of his soft stance toward the Soviets during two and a half years of SALT I negotiations in Helsinki. This is completely in accord with the C.F.R.-T.C. strategy. Cynics are saying that Brown's actions mark him as a man who should be called "Secretary of Unilateral Disarmament" instead of Secretary of Defense.

Michael Blumenthal: As with Brzezinski, Vance, and Brown, Secretary of the Treasury Michael Blumenthal enjoys dual membership in the C.F.R. (of which he is a director) and the Trilateral Commission. As chance would have it, he too is a close friend of David Rockefeller.

Blumenthal was not born and bred into the Establishment. His family fled Germany in 1939 and spent the war in Shanghai. Blumenthal arrived in San Francisco in 1947 at age twenty-one with sixty dollars in his pocket. He worked his way through the University of California at Berkeley, in part by acting as a shill gambling with house chips at a Lake Tahoe Casino. He earned two masters degrees and a Ph.D. in economics and public administration at Princeton.

Another familiar face, Blumenthal entered the New Frontier in 1961 as Assistant Secretary of State for

Economic Affairs. From 1963 to 1967 he was based in Switzerland as a special trade ambassador and head of the U.S. delegation for the so-called "Kennedy Round" of international tariff negotiations. In 1967 this poor boy who made good as a bureaucrat joined Bendix and rose to chairman of the company in only five years. He is obviously a man whom Destiny has touched. Destiny in the form of the Establishment *Insiders*.

Newsweek of December 20, 1976, describes Blumenthal as "A liberal who relishes taking progressive stands on social issues." The same source also tells us he is often described as "arrogant" and "overly aggressive."

One of the most disturbing things about Michael Blumenthal is his membership in the Initiative Committee for National Economic Planning, an organization dedicated to government takeover of the American economy. This suggests that there will be enormous pressure on Carter to push the Humphrey-Javits "Balanced Growth And Economic Planning Act." It would create a new super-government agency, the Economic Planning Board, which would produce a set of Soviet-style economic plans. In short, this bill would establish *de facto* corporate socialism of the sort pioneered by V.I. Lenin, Benito Mussolini, and Adolf Hitler.

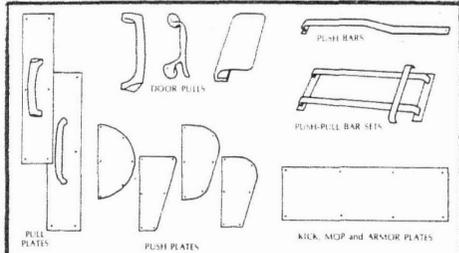
Says the Committee for National Economic Planning, of which Blumenthal is a member, "The means of influencing economic decisions are already familiar to us. Some, such as tax incentives and disincentives, and traditional monetary and fiscal policies, influence individual actions indirectly. Others, such as selective credit controls, guidance of basic capital flows, limits to the use of air, water and land, and mandatory resource allocations, affect individual actions directly."

BAY ALARM

GRADE A CENTRAL STATION • FIRE • HOLDUP •
BURGLARY • INDUSTRIAL MONITORING



OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94607 (415) 452-3211



*A great source for quality
Architectural door-trim hardware.*

BURNS
MANUFACTURING, inc.

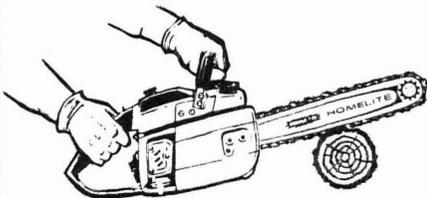
1225 Filmore Avenue
Erie, Pennsylvania 16505
(814) 833-7428

*We support TRIM
(Tax Reform IMMEDIATELY)
Lower taxes through less government.*

ROVA COMPANY, INC.
15764 MUNN ROAD, NEWBURY, OHIO 44065

DISTRIBUTOR FOR

HOMELITE®



COMPLETE LINE OF:
CHAIN SAWS
PUMPS & GENERATORS

SOLD & SERVICED
BY

ROVA COMPANY, INC.

PHONE 216-543-9443

SHIPPED ANYWHERE IN THE U.S.A.

O'HAIRE MANOR MOTEL

*"May the trail rise
up to meet you,
May the wind be
always at your back,
May the sun shine
warm upon your face,
The snow fall soft on
the plains around you
And until we meet again—
May God hold you in
the hollow of His hand."*

—Your Hosts—
Dick and Mary Ann Potter
204-2nd Street South
Shelby, Montana 59474
(406) 434-5555

The Blumenthal group notes that all of the measures listed above have been employed in times of war, particularly World War II. But they have been used only in "a haphazard fashion, with no view to their overall effect." However, if the Humphrey-Javits bill is passed by Congress and signed by Carter, then these controls will be imposed on a permanent basis. They include control of money, credit, natural resources, food, water, land, air, etc.

Blumenthal will be operating internationally as well. Reuters quotes him as saying: "Problems of inflation, devaluation and petrodollars intimately bind our economy and that of other nations into a common system. We are very much, all of us, involved in these problems and have to work on them together." Michael Blumenthal will work with his C.F.R. and T.C. confederates to further the cause of the New World Order.

Freddie Ray Marshall: The position of Secretary of Labor is one that concerns George Meany more than it does David Rockefeller. Carter was therefore free to make his own appointment here. A labor economist from the University of Texas, Ray Marshall is one of the few in the Carter Administration who has never before been on the federal payroll.

Marshall was not Meany's first choice, but there is nothing about the appointment to ruffle the old boy's feathers. The professor, whose ticket into the Establishment apparently comes from the fact that he is a former Fulbright scholar, is an expert on "minority employment problems" who has published a major study on *The Negro And Organized Labor*.

Marshall supports such A.F.L.-C.I.O. goals as the Humphrey-Hawkins bill and a three-dollar minimum wage. According to the *Los Angeles Times*: "He is not worried that

relatively high-paid government-created jobs will drain workers from private industry." Marshall also favors wage and price controls, the repeal of Right to Work laws, and passage of a common-situs picketing law.

Juanita Kreps: Secretary of Commerce Juanita Kreps comes to Washington from a position as vice president of Duke University. She holds a Ph.D. in economics and has authored books and monographs on the aged, females in the labor force, and income redistribution. Ms. Kreps is described by *Time* as "politically liberal." She is a female token member of the board of directors of the New York Stock Exchange and also serves on the boards of J.C. Penney, Western Electric, R.J. Reynolds, and Eastman Kodak.

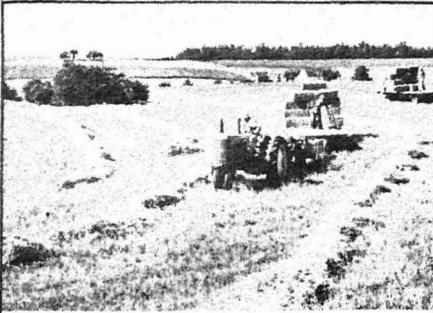
Ms. Kreps was Carter's second choice, after Jane Cahill Pfeiffer, a member of the C.F.R. The Kreps appointment helped get Carter off the hook by bringing another female into the Cabinet. Perhaps we can judge the quality of Juanita Kreps' intellect by a "poem" she wrote and recited at the 1976 graduation ceremonies of Wheaton College:

Little Miss Muffet

*Returned to her tuffet,
This frightened spider to sway,
For he was a blighter,
This militant fighter,
Opposed to the E.R.A.
The going got rougher;
Our Muffet got tougher,
No spiders would stand in her way!
Though the fight went on longer,
Her argument grew stronger,
She knew she could carry the day.*

Yes, Yes. That's Kreps not Keats.

Patricia Harris: The new boss at H.U.D. is Patricia Roberts Harris, a Washington law partner of Sargent Shriver. Ms. Harris, age fifty-two, is



NCACC

*“Serving
Northeastern
Colorado”*

Northeastern Colorado
Agricultural Credit Corporation
Post Office Box 33
Kirk, Colorado 80824

KOHLER OIL CO. Sunoco Distributor and Dealer

for
Lubricants
and Fuel Oils

8956 Burnside Road
Brown City, Michigan 48416
(313) 346-2606
or
(313) 346-2820

PRECISION

CUSTOM RUBBER MOLDING

Silicone—Fluorosilicone—Neoprene—
Hypalon—Butyl—Hycar—Paracril.
Molded to your prints and specifications
Also

Gaskets and O-Ring Seals produced
from over 900 stock molds. Regularly
available in many compounds for
FAST Off-The-Shelf Deliveries.

HAVING AN UNUSUAL
SEALING PROBLEM?

Write for our free
catalog with exclusive
“Design Engineer’s O—Ring
Size Guide.”

PRECISION ASSOCIATES, INC.

743 North Washington Avenue
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55401

(612) 336-8394

WALTER MEIER, Incorporated



FOOD BROKERS & IMPORTERS

Post Office Box 776
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201
(414) 784-1240

Telex: 026-9537
Cable Address: WALMIC
Iowa Post Office Box 2057
Waterloo, Iowa 50705

a *twofer* for Carter. Harris is both a woman and black. When L.B.J. appointed her Ambassador to Luxembourg (1965-1967) she became the first black woman to hold a diplomatic post. Ms. Harris has good Rockefeller connections. She is a member of the C.F.R., and a director of the Rockefellers' Chase Manhattan Bank, I.B.M., and the Scott Paper Company. She has been an activist with both the N.A.A.C.P. and the A.C.L.U.

Columnist Ernest Furgeson notes that Patricia "has little specific training" for her duties at H.U.D. But, if she knows how to tear down dwellings and spend money, she should do famously.

Cecil D. Andrus: The job of Secretary of the Interior has gone to Idaho Governor Cecil Andrus, forty-five, who helped manage his father's sawmill before going into politics. While Andrus is certainly no *Insider*, his proclivities for guarding bugs and butterflies can be relied upon to push for further expansion of federal power. Brock Evans of the Sierra Club says: "Basically, we think he'll be a good Secretary of the Interior, probably the best one we've had in eight years." *Newsweek* reports that "his credentials as a champion of environmental causes goes unchallenged. . . . On the basis of his record, Andrus is likely to side with his fellow environmentalists more often than not."

In Conservative Idaho, Cecil Andrus managed to push through a land-planning law, an act which must have caught the eye of the Rockefellers, who are the country's preeminent promoters of such legislation.

Robert S. Bergland: At least Secretary of Agriculture Robert Bergland was a working *farmer* before being elected to Congress. He supplemented his income as a bureaucrat. In the

1960s Bergland was the Agriculture Department's administrator of price supports, production controls, and storage programs in the Midwest. He comes out of the radical Minnesota Farmer Labor Party and the radical Minnesota Farmers Union.

The appointment of Bergland brought raves from Ralph Nader and the National Farmers Union. His voting record for three terms in Congress reveals why. Robert Bergland has a cumulative "Liberal" A.D.A. record of ninety-five percent while his Conservative A.C.A. index is appropriately five percent and his Conservative Index rating is minus one. Which is apparently just what Jimmy Carter and his collectivist friends want in a man heading a Department that now spends more money providing Food Stamps than farm subsidies.

Brock Adams: The new Secretary of Transportation is Congressman Brock Adams of Washington, a graduate of Harvard Law School. Like Bergland, he is one of the nation's most "Liberal" Representatives. His 1975 C.O.P.E. rating was one hundred percent, the "Liberal" A.D.A. gives him eighty-nine percent for his ten years in Congress, and he gets nine percent from the A.C.A. and one percent on the Conservative Index.

Adams was picked to head the Transportation Department because, as a U.S. Representative, he specialized in putting the government in the people-moving business. Brock Adams was one of the most influential Congressmen in creating Amtrak, which though he promised it would make a profit is now costing the American taxpayers one million dollars *a day* in losses. The sea of red ink will rise to \$1.76 million a day by 1981.

Not content with the failure of Amtrak, Adams pushed for the creation of Conrail to nationalize a number of northeastern railroads and loot

**BEMER
DEHYDRATED FOODS**

Buy factory direct and save.

NO middlemen
NO salesmen
NO commissions

Just the lowest price available anywhere for quality dehydrated foods. An average meal costs less than 30¢. Our one year supply for an average person is \$297.50. But why not try before buying? Send \$6.95 for 24 one ounce trial packs. Each one contains different food with instructions and recipes.

To order or to request literature write to:

BEMER FOODS
P.O. Box 6274
Anaheim, Ca. 92806

GORDON'S MARKETS



FOR THE FINEST
IN GROCERIES,
MEATS, AND
PRODUCE.

T.R.F INVESTMENT COMPANY, INC.
2035 EAST 14TH STREET
TUCSON, ARIZONA 85719
(602) 624-4408

**Bo-Don
Flying
Service**



AVAILABLE WORLDWIDE

Post Office Box 1
Santee, South Carolina
(803) 854-2412

**MODEL 101 QUIK-PRINTER
SAVES TIME
INSURES ACCURACY — LEGIBILITY
PROVIDES CREDIT CONTROL**



Businesses that sell regularly to the same customers use the above machine to head up invoices, orders, bills of lading, shipping tags and labels and other forms. Writes names, addresses, zip codes, account numbers. Prints from Addressograph plates. Makes carbon copies. Sold on 10-day approval. Send for descriptive circular.

**The
QUIK-KARD
Co. Inc.**

494-6172
AREA CODE 415

the Treasury for scores of millions more even as the Florida East Coast and others have proved that railroads can make money if they are relieved of government-sanctioned union featherbedding and federal red tape. Sadly, according to *U.S. News*, Brock Adams "opposes plans to ease regulation of railroads, airlines, barge lines and truckers and let them compete with little interference from federal authorities. He prefers centralizing regulation in a single agency."

Bert Lance: In an old-crony appointment reminiscent of the Nixon Administration, Jimmy Carter named good-old-boy Bert Lance to the tough job of heading the Office of Management and Budget. Lance is an Atlanta banker.

During Carter's term as governor, Bert headed Georgia's transportation department. When Carter's term expired in 1974, Lance was smitten with the gubernatorial nomination with Jimmy's backing. He finished third and missed the primary runoff.

Mr. Lance describes himself as "a fiscal conservative and social liberal." When good economics is bad politics, count on Lance to go with good politics. He has already said he will work to push Carter's new spending programs through the Congress, maintaining that he believes in balanced Budgets "unless deficit spending clearly is needed to stimulate the economy." It always is.

The National Bank of Georgia, headed by Lance, currently has some \$4.7 million in loans outstanding to the Carter peanut operation in Plains. President Carter maintains with a straight face that this in no way constitutes a conflict of interest. Jimmy can apparently say *anything* with a straight face.

Griffin B. Bell: Presidents seem to feel more comfortable with cronies as

Attorney General. John Kennedy picked his kid brother. Richard Nixon tapped his law partner. And Jimmy Carter selected Griffin Bell, an old political chum and confidant. The selection did not exactly ring the chimes of Liberalism. It seems Bell belonged to a couple of clubs that did not admit to membership those of African descent and he was not the N.A.A.C.P.'s favorite federal judge, sometimes actually ruling against them.

Bell served as chairman of J.F.K.'s Georgia campaign and was rewarded with a judgeship on the U.S. Court of Appeals the next year. When he quit the federal judiciary last year to join the most prestigious law firm in Atlanta, Griffin Bell claimed he had been overworked and underpaid. How this attitude qualifies a man for the multiple burdens of the Attorney General has not been answered.

James Schlesinger is the only name in the Carter entourage that has elicited a warm response from conservatives of any stripe. Schlesinger was allegedly cut loose from his position as Secretary of Defense in the Nixon Administration because he resisted *détente* and unilateral disarmament. While he may be a hard liner on national defense, he is an outspoken "Liberal" when it comes to domestic policies. Which is why Carter has appointed the former Defense Secretary as our new Energy Czar.

And a czar he intends to be. Joseph Kraft reports that Schlesinger agreed to take the job only if he could get "an all-out mandate," and he describes his new job as "a crusade." The *Los Angeles Times* suggests what we can expect:

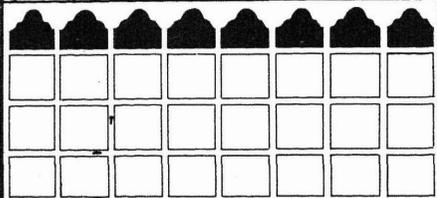
Schlesinger has already hinted that compulsory energy-saving measures could be sought, to replace with what few exceptions have been voluntary efforts. That could mean even



CRAWFORD GARAGE DOORS
of Delray Beach and the
Palm Beaches

391 S.E. Second Avenue
Delray Beach, Florida 33444
phone (305):
278-1645, 732-3700, 844-6436
Z.J. "Jack" Starr — owner

If you want a good garage door contact us. If you are fed up with government excesses, join us as we work for "Less Government, More Responsibility, and — With God's Help — A Better World."



The Electric Equipment & Engineering Company believes that private property and individual liberty are inseparable.

- C**ontact E.E.E. for
- "Complete" standby power controls of industrial quality
 - Solid State power conversion equipment
 - High current A.C. switch gear



40 West 49th Avenue
(Valley Highway at 49th)
Denver, Colorado 80216
(303) 222-5797



**THE
FEARFUL
MASTER**

A Second Look
At The
United Nations
G. Edward Griffin

The Fearful Master proves that

1. The U.N. was *conceived* by Communists.
2. The U.N. was *created* by Communists.
3. The U.N. is *controlled* by Communists.
4. The U.N. has constantly furthered the objectives of Communism.

Order your copy today from any
AMERICAN OPINION BOOKSTORE or

WESTERN ISLANDS



Hardbound \$5.00
Paperback \$2.00

Belmont, Massachusetts 02178
San Marino, California 91108



**THE ULTIMATE IN HARDWOOD
EXCELLENCE**

Over 50 species of hardwood
lumber, plywood, mouldings, veneers,
burls, slabs, table tops & bases and
rare exotic woods.

MacBEATH HARDWOOD COMPANY
2150 Oakdale Avenue
San Francisco, California 94124

930 Ashby Avenue
Berkeley, California 94710
1576 South 2nd West
Salt Lake City, Utah 84115

stricter fuel economy standards for cars, and tough new efficiency requirements for power plants and home appliances.

A comprehensive energy program could involve tax penalties or incentives to encourage efficiency and discourage waste, government subsidies, promotion of alternative renewable fuels, and technological upgrading of existing fuel uses

It should be recalled that it was James Schlesinger who, at the Office of Management and Budget, arranged the structural changes that put control of all U.S. intelligence gathering in the hands of Henry Kissinger. He knows power and how to get it.

Now Schlesinger intends to merge the Federal Energy Agency Administration, the Federal Power Commission, the Energy Resource and Development Administration, and the Energy Resources Council into one superagency under his own authority. As the distinguished columnist Jeffrey St. John comments: "In the last 25 years, this type of consolidation has spawned even bigger federal bureaucracies. Thus, Jimmy Carter's proposal to reorganize the federal bureaucracy in only one area, energy, is likely to produce a new bureaucracy, more inflation, and fewer jobs. This is new leadership?"

Charles Schultze: Carter has named L.B.J.'s old Budget director as Chairman of the Council of Economic Advisors. Charles Schultze has been waiting in the wings as a Senior Fellow of the Establishment's prestigious Brookings Institution. A member of the Rockefellers' C.F.R., Schultze describes himself as a "pragmatic liberal" and advocates "a large dose of fiscal stimulation" through tax reductions. This means no balanced Budget and more inflation.

Joseph Califano is a member of the Council on Foreign Relations. He is the type of "feet in the clouds" champion who will be right at home leading the 149,000 employees at the Department of Health, Education and Welfare. While spending one hundred forty billion of the taxpayers' money, Califano will be as happy as a boy playing with a new set of trains. He is certainly no stranger to Washington. As *Time* describes it:

Califano, 45, should feel at home. Once described as the 'deputy President of the Great Society,' he helped launch many of the programs he will soon be trying to run

A graduate of Holy Cross and Harvard Law, Califano grew 'bored with practicing law and splitting stocks.' He fired off a job application to the then general counsel for the Department of Defense, Cyrus Vance, in 1961 and was hired four days after being interviewed. Three years later he emerged as special assistant to Defense Secretary Robert McNamara and a year after that held the same post under Johnson as assistant in charge of domestic programs.

Califano helped to dream up such Johnsonian innovations as the Model Cities program and the Office of Economic Opportunity. He also ran interference for Johnson in the 1966 creation of the Department of Transportation, a mammoth reorganization achieved in only eight months. One colleague recalls him, not entirely kindly, as "an empire builder who had a kind of abstract concern for the disadvantaged."

The new chief of H.E.W. is exactly the type of bureaucrat Carter claimed during his campaign was destroying the country. As *U.S. News* expresses it: "Califano represents the very free-spending liberal philosophy

that Carter disavowed in his campaign." Now the Georgia farmer who promised he would never lie to us puts him at the head of the U.S. agency with the largest tax budget.

Theodore Sorensen: Of all Carter's appointments the most outrageous was that of Ted Sorensen to head the Central Intelligence Agency. If this appointment had received the advice and consent of the Senate, Rin Tin Tin might have been the next Secretary of Defense. *Sorensen is a conscientious objector.* Yet there were no newspaper headlines revealing that our President-elect had appointed a pacifist to head our most important intelligence agency. The mass media not only did not headline it, most did not even mention it.

In 1948, Sorensen declared himself a pacifist and registered for the draft as a conscientious objector, available only for non-combatant military service. After the outbreak of the Korean War he was reclassified as 3-A (he had married and become a father). In 1952 he was again reclassified as a conscientious objector and ordered to report for a physical examination. Found physically unfit, the next year he became an assistant to Congressman Jack Kennedy.

As Sorensen has climbed the political ladder he has joined the A.D.A. and the C.F.R. Next to brother Bobby, he became President Kennedy's foremost political advisor. Author of Kennedy's *Profiles In Courage*, he was variously described as J.F.K.'s intellectual blood bank, *alter ego*, and frontal lobe.

Sorensen has advocated a U.N. standing army; was an outspoken advocate of admitting Red China to the U.N. even in the 1950s; and, was lawyer for the savage dictator

Joseph Mobutu of the Congo. For many years he has been an advocate of "massive defense cuts," a position one would expect from a pacifist, and he was a major defender of J.F.K.'s Bay of Pigs fiasco in which the anti-Communists were denied promised air cover.

In 1967, with the Soviet Union far and away the major supplier of war matériel to North Vietnam, Sorensen was in Moscow talking to Communist trade officials about a "major high-level policy change" for the United States. At the same time, the pacifist Sorensen urged that the United States cease bombing North Vietnam and agree to negotiations with the Reds and a Coalition Government through which the Vietcong could take control even earlier than they did.

Sorensen's sole qualification for the job of C.I.A. Director seemed to be his ability to deceive the public. It was Ted Sorensen, one remembers, who after the Chappaquiddick affair created Teddy Kennedy's famous Mary Jo Kopechne television speech. Even "Liberals" admit that Sorensen is chiefly a rhetorician and has no experience in intelligence work or administration. Apparently the game was to use him as a beard while more "capable" men ran the agency to suit the conspiratorial purposes of Establishment *Insiders*. The Senate wouldn't buy it.

* * *

The pattern here is obvious. The Cabinet called forth by Jimmy Carter is neither anti-Establishment nor full of new leadership as we were repeatedly promised by the man who swore he would never lie to us. The Carter Administration will be up to New World Order business as usual. But we shall see how long the American people, fast awakening to the conspiracy, will stand for it. ■ ■

From page twelve

AMY AT SCHOOL

not have it. "We've been getting a lot of bad publicity lately," said one James Murray, Media Center bureaucrat, on one of the rare occasions that he was in the office.

But back to the Wounded Knee propaganda film. Eventually, I located and spoke to its creator, Sidney Theil of East Fifty-Seventh Street, Manhattan. Having trotted his name past our resident Red Squad without success, I had to conclude that he was merely a soft-core pinko. Naturally, he was making a handsome living creating propaganda; he told me he was a former Hollywood screenwriter, currently writing and producing N.B.C. television news for us. He had made "Report From Wounded Knee" independently, for sale to the tax-supported Public Broadcasting Service (National Educational Television, in New York, P.B.S. told me later). It was supposed to have appeared on "The American Dream Machine." Yes, Mr. Theil had also sold another film to our tax-fed "educational" TV system, one about "violence." Theil said that Americans are deplorably violent.

It would have been silly to ask a man who shows My Lai atrocity films to nine-year-olds whether he felt like making any "documentaries" about what the Indians sometimes did to the settlers, or what the Communists do to people, or what the rather successfully violent Israelis did to the Arabs, for that matter.

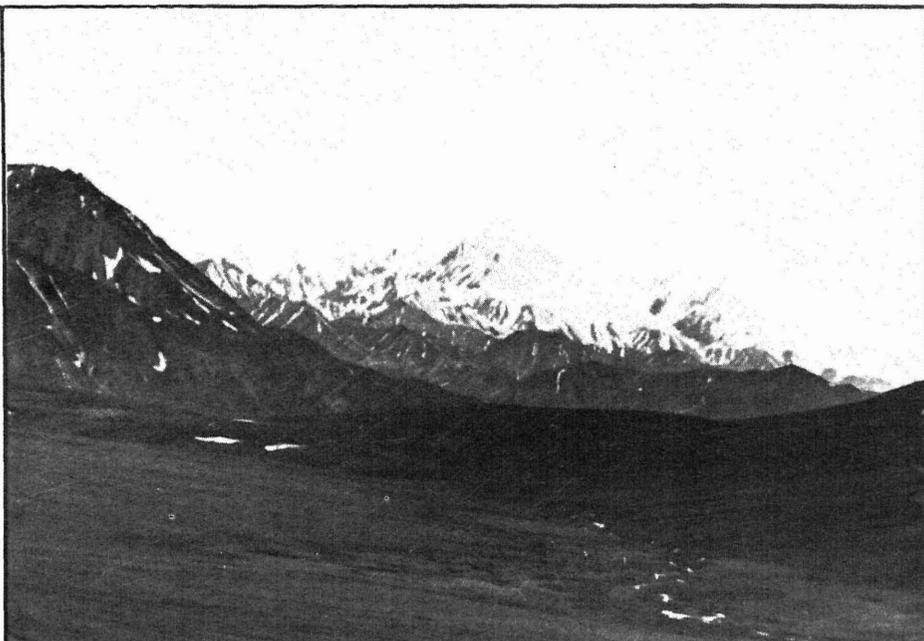
For the Washington schools, this film was one of only ten allegedly about Indians, and was the only title under several subheadings in the Media Center catalogue. So when Mrs. Meeder's nine-year-olds learn that white American soldiers are forever murdering helpless non-whites — Mr.

Theil's unvarnished message — well, that's how they "do Indians" in the Washington fourth-grade classes these days.

But, for all the "violence in America," President and Mrs. Carter do not have to worry about Amy's physical safety; the Secret Service ought to be able to handle that. Security problems relating to the Stevens school have to do with its busy downtown location, rather than the potential for mayhem among the small number of very young children within its walls. Should the First Family persist in its devotion to democracy and integration — only ten students at Stevens last year were American-born whites — the problem will become decidedly hairier beyond the sixth grade. Junior high schools mark the transition to senior-high jungles. Last fall, the impeccably "Liberal" *Washingtonian* magazine carried a remarkably frank sampling of just some of the prejudice and violence directed against the white minority in D.C. schools — as well as some of the unpleasant cultural results which might be expected. It was very ugly.

Educationally, well, "tests don't mean nuthin'" is the message from the educationists in Washington. For the District of Columbia as a whole, the showing on nationwide reading and mathematics tests is pure awful and slipping by the day. Of course this is a generalization, but literate graduates may soon become the exception rather than the rule.

Having encountered some intelligent and devoted educators in the course of this reconnaissance, I give them my full sympathy. But in the nationwide Scholastic Aptitude Test (S.A.T.), Washington, D.C., students average an incredible one hundred points below the national level. (Which is itself in sad decline.) In 1976, the supposedly top scholar, the



*A quarter-century of
meeting the Alaskan challenge.*

Alaska is a land of challenges and rewards, and we have been accepting and meeting those challenges for twenty-five years.

If you have a challenging requirement for pipe fabrication and installation in this dynamic young state, bring it to the company with a true pioneer-American spirit and the capability derived from a quarter-century of experience.

C.R.Lewis

CO., INC.

Pipe Fabrication & Installation

Tel. (907) 272-4541 / 1500 Post Road / Anchorage, Alaska 99501

class valedictorian of Washington's Western High, scored 110 points under the national average in reading and 200 points below average in mathematics! Now for the *good* news, as delivered by the educationists — fully three out of four seventeen-year-olds in the nation at large can read and comprehend the instructions on a container of "Meow-Wow" cat food! After all, that's where it's at, ain't it, baby? Except that students in Washington (remember) are well below that average and presumably can't manage even to follow written instructions to feed a cat.

So much for the current aspects of the symbolism with which Amy Carter's public-school education is freighted. Perhaps we should also glance at the historic symbolism. We can be sure that Amy will hear about Thaddeus Stevens in the most approving terms, but he is not universally so regarded.

In fact Thaddeus Stevens, for whom her school is named, was a key architect of Reconstruction, the cruel and studied suppression of the South which endured in full force for a decade after his death. Stevens was one of those grim fanatics of egalitarianism who would like to make you equal, if he has to break every bone in your body to do it. Aside from his mulatto mistress, Congressman Stevens did not spend a lot of time socializing with blacks, but he did insist upon an equal-opportunity graveyard when the time came, and one may assume that the Stevens school was a genuine attempt at uplift for Washington's young Negroes.

Unfortunately for the nation, Stevens was the tough congressional leader of the Radical Republicans who had no use for the late President Abraham Lincoln's conciliatory attitude toward the defeated South.

Thaddeus Stevens took the lead in the effort to impeach Andrew Johnson for the same "crime." As an unvarnished partisan, and one who left hypocrisy for the weak, Stevens was quite open about his plan to keep the Radical Republicans in office by mobilizing ignorant masses of former slaves while disenfranchising Southern whites. He was similarly frank about dispossessing Southern whites, by whatever means came to hand — a scheme which, as it happened, redounded most lastingly to



Amy's school is named for Thad Stevens, who sought to destroy rights of the white Southerners.

the benefit of carpetbaggers and Southern "scalawag" collaborators rather than blacks. Historians have considered that Stevens would have fit in well with the French Revolutionists, and indeed his statements in the Thirty-Ninth Congress would be quite in fashion in Leftist circles today.

In short, then, Thad Stevens was one of the Radicals who really laid it on the South with unalloyed vengeance — military government, eco-

conomic exploitation, political oppression, cultural destruction. That means Stevens really laid it on Amy Carter's ancestors, you see. Let's *listen* to the old man, in the bitter winter of 1866-1867, as he proposed the division of the South into military districts, without limits in time or scope to their arbitrary power.

"Every government is a despotism," Stevens told Congress. "Better for the black man if he were governed by one king than by twenty million." As a partisan, Stevens was disinterested in the fact that few Negroes could vote in the North; his purpose in pressing universal suffrage for black males in the South was simply stated: because it "would assure the ascendancy of the Union Party," as the Republican Party was then called. Noting the reaction engendered by this frank statement, Stevens taunted the faint-hearted. He met their protests head-on. "Do you avow the party purpose?" exclaims some horror-stricken demagogue. I do!"

As for votes for Southern whites, Stevens had dealt with the matter back in the Spring of 1866. Over protests that his measures would "make the South another Ireland," Stevens insisted that unless whites were barred from voting for their Representatives, "that side of the

House will be filled with yelling rebels and hissing copperheads . . . I do not hesitate to say at once that section [*of the law*] is there to save or destroy the Union Party . . . Every rebel who shed the blood of loyal men should be prevented from exercising any power in this government."

Could Stevens build a penitentiary large enough to hold eight million people, he was asked from the floor. "Yes," he snapped at once, "a penitentiary which is built at the point of a bayonet." As for courts and the Constitution, Thad Stevens told the *New York Herald* in July 1867 that "neither had the conquered people any right to appeal to the courts," because "the Constitution had nothing to do with them, or they with it." Two months earlier, Stevens had told a Southern newsman, "The Constitution has nothing to do with it. I propose to deal with you entirely by the laws of war." (This was two years after Appomattox.)

All of which ought to indicate that we are talking about considerable symbolism here. We can be certain that those who approve of the Stevens attitude are chuckling their heads off over that symbolism, whereby our first Southern President since the Civil War sends his little girl to a black school named after Thaddeus Stevens. ■ ■

CRACKER BARREL

■ William Graham Sumner long ago said that "the Forgotten Man is the simple, honest laborer, ready to earn his living by productive work. We pass him by because he is independent, self-supporting, and asks no favors. He does not appeal to the emotions or excite the sentiments. He only wants to make a contract and fulfill it, with respect on both sides and favor on neither side."

■ When a prospective teacher of geography was asked by members of the School Board whether he would teach that the sun revolves around the earth or the earth around the sun, the applicant replied that he would teach whichever way the Board wanted him to teach it. The applicant was hired.

■ The attack (by treaty revision) on the Panama Canal is another step in the attempted Soviet conquest of the world, notes Medford Evans — an attempt which would be fatuously impractical if they did not have the help of such powerful interests in the United States and other nations of the West.

■ In spite of its armor, the armadillo is a good swimmer; but if the waterway is short, it walks under the water on the bottom.

From page twenty

FASCISTS & NAZIS

Only Mussolini, who proclaimed on every hoarding that his one ambition was to make the Italians 'strong, prosperous, great and free,' had achieved that." (*Duce!*)

And, by the mid-Thirties, the supreme Duce was spending like a madman. "In Italy," wrote Albert Jay Nock, "the State now absorbs fifty percent of the total national income." (*Our Enemy, The State*, New York, Free Life, 1935.) Indeed, in the United States today the figure is forty-three percent. Which may be reason enough for our own Il Duces to remember that in the end Mussolini was slaughtered by the Communists and hung from his heels like a carcass of dressed meat.

German National Socialism

Hitlerism did not spring full-blown from the brow of some aberrant German Zeus. Indeed, as Ludwig von Mises has observed: "For more than seventy years the German professors of political science, history, law, geography and philosophy eagerly imbued their disciples with a hysterical hatred of capitalism and preached the war of 'Liberation' against the capitalistic West." They were, said Mises, the "'socialists of the chair,' much admired in all foreign countries . . ."

Also setting the stage for the arrival of a dictator was the contrived inflation that followed the World War, wiping out the savings of the conservative and frugal German middle class and throwing it, destitute and enraged, into the hands of Hitler. According to economist Henry Hazlitt, by November of 1921 the circulation of money had increased eighteen times over that of 1913 and wholesale prices thirty-four times.

"By November 1922 circulation had increased 127 times and wholesale prices 1,154 times, and by November 1923 circulation had increased 245 billion times and prices 1,380 billion times." The value of the mark, reports Federic V. Grunfeld, "deteriorated to the point where it reached 136,000,000,000 to the dollar." (*The Hitler File*, New York, Random House, 1974.)

Hitler thought his time had come and he launched his unsuccessful Beer Hall Putsch. In failure he became a national figure, and during his short stay in prison the future despot dictated his plans in *Mein Kampf* for all who cared to read what he intended to do. "There must be no majority decisions," he declared, "but only responsible persons, and the word 'council' must be restored to its original meaning. Surely every man will have advisers by his side, but *the decision will be made by one man.*"

Within a decade that one man would be Adolf Hitler. In the meantime, he vowed to destroy the Weimar Republic "with the weapons of democracy."

Hitler, like Marx and Engels, was influenced by the thoughts of Hegel. And, as he admitted in *Mein Kampf*, he also "studied Bismarck's Socialist legislation in its intention, struggle, and success." Remember, this is a man "Liberals" are still falsely trying to identify as a creature of the Right.

Years after taking over in Germany, Hitler remarked of a 1922 street fight: ". . . the Reds we had beaten up became our best supporters . . . Wasn't my party at the time of which I'm speaking composed of 90 percent of left-wing elements? I needed men who could fight." (*The Rise Of Radicalism.*) Indeed, in the mid-Twenties, top

Nazi Joseph Goebbels published an open letter to a Communist leader "assuring him that Nazism and Communism were really the same thing. 'You and I,' he declared, 'are fighting one another, but we are not really enemies.'" (*The Rise And Fall Of The Third Reich*, William L. Shirer, Greenwich, Fawcett Crest, 1959.)

Supporters of dictatorship are interchangeable. Consider S.A. Captain Ernst Roem, later killed on orders of the Führer, who boasted he could turn the Reddest Communist into a Nazi in four weeks. (*The True Believer*, Eric Hoffer, New York, Harper & Row, 1951.) Hitler openly acknowledged that he copied the Communists and declared: "I have always . . . given orders that former Communists are to be admitted to the party at once." (*The Rise Of Radicalism*.) These were known as the "Beefsteak Nazis" — Brown on the outside, Red on the inside.

As late as February 1941, according to Nobel laureate Friedrich A. Hayek, Hitler declared that "basically National Socialism and Marxism are the same." (*The Road To Serfdom*, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1944.) Which may be why, some twenty years after the defeat of Nazi Germany, it was disclosed that hundreds of former Nazis held key jobs in Communist East Germany.

As with Benito Mussolini, Adolf Hitler came to power with the support of well-placed conspirators in the Establishment. Powerful leaders among industrial magnates, landed nobility, and the large bankers literally commissioned him, much as Karl Marx was commissioned to write the *Communist Manifesto*. In 1932, a year before he became Chancellor, the future dictator was introduced by Fritz Thyssen (a leading steelman who later wrote *I Paid Hitler*), to

some six hundred major industrialists at Düsseldorf's Manufacturers Club. "The Krupp [*arms*] and Thyssen concerns were among the earliest financial supporters of the Nazis. As Alfred Krupp stated in 1946: 'We are realists, we . . . put our efforts behind the man who made our work secure.'" (*A Sign For Cain*, Fredric Wertham, New York, Warner, 1966.) Hitler's press chief, Otto Dietrich, admitted that a year earlier — Socialist rhetoric notwithstanding — the Führer had "suddenly decided to concentrate systematically on cultivating the influential industrial magnates." Certain conspirators among them were eager to be cultivated.

William Keppler, a Hitler financial advisor, "brought in a number of South German industrialists," writes William Shirer, "and also formed a peculiar society of businessmen devoted to the S.S. Chief, Himmler, called Friends of the Economy (Freundeskreis der Wirtschaft), which later became known as the Circle of Friends of the Reichsfuehrer S.S. who was Himmler, and which raised millions of marks for this particular gangster to pursue his 'researches' into Aryan origins." Officials of Krupp, I.G. Farben, and the United Steel Works were among the biggest contributors to this arcane fund.

In an important exposé too detailed to be reviewed here, Professor Antony Sutton has documented the considerable aid given Hitler by the Chase and Manhattan banks, General Electric, Standard Oil, I.T.T., Henry Ford, American I.G. Farben, and other top U.S. corporate interests. (*Wall Street And The Rise Of Hitler*, Seal Beach, California, '76 Press, 1976.) Certain directors of Standard Oil of New Jersey, for example, "had not only strategic war-

Adolf Hitler declared that in founding the Nazi Party 90 percent of his support was from "left-wing elements." Ernst Roem boasted that he could turn the reddest Communist into a Nazi in a mere four weeks. Hitler said: "I have always . . . given orders that former Communists are to be admitted to the party at once."

time affiliations to I.G. Farben, but also had other links to Hitler's Germany — even to the extent of contributing, through German subsidiary companies, to Heinrich Himmler's personal fund and with membership in Himmler's Circle of Friends as late as 1944."

A full eleven years earlier, according to American Ambassador to Germany William Dodd, Rockefeller public-relations man Ivy Lee "showed himself at once a capitalist and an advocate of Fascism." At the same time such powerful industrial *Insiders* as G.E.'s Gerald Swope — who backed the Fascist R.N.A. scheme — were supporting F.D.R.'s New Deal as vigorously as Hitler's New Order.

Once in power, a key Hitler move involved passage of the so-called Enabling Act of 1933, officially the "Law for Removing the Distress of People and Reich," placing all power in the hands of the Cabinet and thence the Führer. As he had promised in *Mein Kampf*, all authority now belonged to "one man."

Likewise, just as he had vowed while in prison, "within a fortnight of receiving full powers from the Reichstag, Hitler had achieved what Bismarck, Wilhelm II, and the Weimar Republic had never dared to attempt: He had abolished the separate powers of the historic states and

made them subject to the central authority of the Reich, which was in his hands. He had, for the first time in German history, really unified the Reich by destroying its federal character." (*The Rise And Fall Of The Third Reich.*)

Conspirators in Germany long before Hitler had been working toward increased collectivism, central control, and government regulation. He took advantage of their work, and the result was "in part an effort to use existing forms of economic organization in the new 'economic order.'" (*Comparative Economic Systems.*) As in Italy there would be "private property," but only subject to the needs of the state. One young Nazi put it this way just before World War II: "We Germans are so happy. We are free from freedom." (*The True Believer*, quoting the *Reader's Digest*, May 1948.)

The erasure of state lines and federal control of even the city governments — just as with regional and metro government here in the United States, "came under the heading of 'Gleichschaltung' or 'uniformization.'" (*The Hitler File.*) Then came that key to every dictatorship, a national police. "On June 16, 1936, for the first time in German history, a unified police was established for the whole of the Reich — previously

INK
makes the world
THINK

H. Blacker Printing Inks, Incorporated

Cincinnati, Ohio Plant
2336 Iowa Street - 45206

El Dorado, Arkansas Plant
Hillsboro Street - 71730

Are we doing
all we can to
preserve the
FREE
ENTERPRISE
SYSTEM?



FRANCHISE ENTERPRISES INC.
BOX 1828 • 119 S. GRACE ST. • ROCKY MOUNT, N.C. 27801 • (919) 977-0950

In 1976 we will celebrate
200 years of progress under
FREE ENTERPRISE. What
do we plan to do about it in
the next 200 years?

FREE ENTERPRISE
An ideal worth protecting.

For a wide selection of car-
pet values — from \$4.99 to
\$20.99 per yard installed and
free estimates — contact Beth
and Ed Hettinger at . . .

Carpet Town SINCE 1956
239 Orangefair Mall
Fullerton, California 92632
(714) 871-1212



PIZZA

762-2078
473 E. South at Brown
773-0119
1460 S. Arlington St.
Akron, Ohio

the police had been organized separately by each of the states — and Himmler was put in charge as Chief of German Police. This was tantamount to putting the police in the hands of the S.S. . . ." (*The Rise And Fall Of The Third Reich*.)

The Führer was fast establishing "der totale Staat"; there was forced unionization, the Hitler Youth, price-fixing, myriad Welfare programs, and a federal takeover of education. Credit expansion and "public works" programs helped to create the myth of full employment. Hitler organized that current "Liberal" panacea, a national health service, in which care was "centralized, and the Department was given surprisingly wide powers. It looked after the health of children and workers; it controlled the training of doctors and midwives and dentists and chemists; it had charge of genealogical research; it made investigations into measures that would increase the population; and, it had a variety of duties ranging from water supplies to serology, from means of securing fertility to disposal of corpses." (*The House That Hitler Built*, Stephen H. Roberts, New York, Harper & Brothers, 1938.)

Health care, or employment, that could be given by the state could be taken away by the state. After September of 1939, "no German worker could change his job without obtaining permission, while if he absented himself from work without proper excuse he was liable to imprisonment." (*The Social Policy Of Nazi Germany*, C.W. Guillebaud, London, Cambridge University Press, 1941.) Earlier, just as Mussolini had done — and as U.A.W. president Leonard Woodcock and others today suggest — the work-week was officially reduced to "spread" employment.

National Socialist medicine also soon ran its logical course. A govern-

ment that could save your life, or job, could take it away. Before Hitler made overt moves in the direction of "euthanasia," bureaucratic forms went out to state hospitals to be marked plus or minus as to whether various mental patients, epileptics, the handicapped, and others in the care of the National Socialist state should be permitted to live. Yes, there was a "right-to-die" in Nazi Germany, and the Nazis determined that right. There developed a special bureaucracy for the "euthanasia" of children called the Reich Commission for the Scientific Registration of Hereditary and Constitutional Severe Disorders. According to Dr. Fredric Wertham:

The children slated for death were sent to special "children's divisions," first Goerden, then Eichberg, Idstein, Steinhof (near Vienna), and Eglfing. They were killed mostly by increasing doses of Luminal or other drugs either spoon-fed as medicine or mixed with their food. Their dying lasted for days, sometimes for weeks. In actual practice, the indications for killing eventually became wider. Included were children who had "badly modeled ears," who were bed wetters, or who were perfectly healthy but designated as "difficult to educate." The children coming under the authority of the Reich Commission were originally mostly infants. The age then increased from three years to seventeen years. Later, in 1944 and 1945, the work of the commission also included adults. (A Sign For Cain.)

Abortion, on the other hand, was not sanctioned in Nazi Germany because the National Socialists wanted to increase the German population. Had they wanted to decrease it, as our national socialists do here, they might have done as well as the city of

Bible Truth Institute

Projecting Dynamic Fundamentalism

Box 411, Sunbury, Pennsylvania 17801
Phone (717) 286-6779
or (717) 286-1148 after 4 P.M.

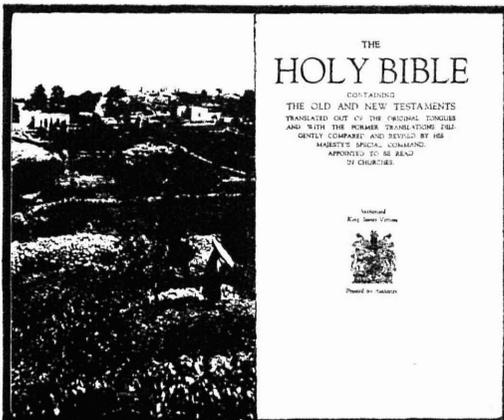


A MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

Bible Truth Institute has been described in many ways. Some say it is really a college-seminary education all in one. We refute the liberal belief that one must have a long string of degrees in order to be successful. At BTI we try to provide a good education combined with common sense because this country has too many over educated liberals with no common sense.

A true review of American history will show that our forefathers had faith in God, hard work, perseverance and individuality. This is exactly what BTI stands for today. We live in a society that has become complacent. It seems like the individual has been amalgamated into a pluralism where he no longer thinks for himself. However, for the alert born again Christian, this is not true. BTI has been raised up of God for those who want to know His will and think for themselves.

— Thomas E. Baker, President



**Pastors •
Evangelists •
Youth Workers •
Lay Leaders •
Children's
Workers**

*Exposing Communism and Promoting
the Free Enterprise System*

Washington, D.C., where last year there were more abortions than live births, with eighty-five percent of these killings being subsidized by the federal government.

Of course day-care facilities of the kind proposed by Fritz Mondale were available from the start through an institution called *Mutter und Kind*, or Mother and Child. "Recovery homes are made available for mothers after child-birth, nurseries and kindergartens have been provided, in particular in the country districts, for looking after the young children when the mothers are in the fields" (*The Social Policy Of Nazi Germany.*)

And there was the Winter Relief. The above source describes this Welfare program provided by the benevolent Nazis: "Every winter an army of collectors appears on the streets selling badges; apart from this, on one Sunday in the month there is an obligatory one-course midday meal throughout Germany, the saving resulting from which has to be contributed to the Winter Relief Fund; further, every worker in employment pays a graded sum . . ." They cared, you see. Oh, like all socialists, the Nazis cared.

Bread and Circuses? To be sure. There was *Kraft durch Freunde*, or Strength Through Joy, which "sponsored hundreds of concerts, theatrical performances, sports events, adult education lectures . . . , package holidays, and guided tours of National Socialist shrines." (*The Hitler File.*) It seems the Nazis also had their own Endowment for the Arts.

The state promised husbands for the girls; promised everyone would have a Volkswagen; it determined who could own a weapon; and, it even had a beautification program — called Beauty of Labor — of which Lady Bird Johnson could be proud. "First

we persuaded [*sic*] factory owners to modernize their offices and to have some flowers about," reminisced nature lover Albert Speer, who was also Hitler's Minister of Armaments and War Production. "But we did not stop there. Lawn was to take the place of asphalt. What had been wasteland was to be turned into little parks where the workers could sit during breaks." (*Inside The Third Reich*, New York, Macmillan, 1970.)

All this benevolence cost a bit, to be sure. According to William Shirer: "In the mid-Thirties it was estimated that taxes and contributions took from 15 to 35 per cent of a worker's gross wage." Which is *less* than in the United States today. And, to give the Nazis their due, apparently in some places they were "equal opportunity" employers.

For example, there was the health spa, officially described as "an educational institution for all those of any race, faith or social position who are not willing to grasp the fact that the Third Reich has definitely and irrefutably dawned," where they would be kept until "our gallant SS men have instilled in them, as in all others, a feeling for discipline and order, neatness and comradeship."

We know that "health spa" as Dachau.

The Threat To America

As we have seen, both Mussolini and Hitler pioneered in numerous domestic programs with which today's Left could feel comfortable. These include federal Welfare, national health care, loopholes for inside interests, gun control, federal control of education, youth indoctrination and day-care, national economic "planning," and massive deficit spending. In fact, as long ago as 1969, the administrator of the U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administra-

tion predicted that, if crime continues to grow, the American people will demand and get a national police force — just as in Nazi Germany and Fascist Italy.

Meanwhile the corporate state grows. In the U.S. today we already have one government employee for every four employed in private industry. We are spending ourselves into national socialism. It took 163 years — from 1789 to 1952 — for U.S. domestic expenditures to reach thirty-four billion dollars; yet, in the next twenty-five years of growing national socialism such spending leaped to nearly three hundred billion dollars. If this rate were to be continued, says economist Roger A. Freeman, “domestic public expenditures would, within less than forty years, account for all the GNP.” (*The Growth Of American Government* Stanford, Hoover Institution Press, 1975.)

What is America doing about it? In the year just passed, American economist Milton Friedman was given a Nobel Prize in economics. Yet his warnings against disruptive and counter-productive interference by the state in our daily lives, catalogued in his 1962 book *Capitalism And Freedom*, go unheeded. Mr. Friedman showed how we were crippling ourselves with radical adventures — emulating the national socialists, as we have demonstrated — by instituting price controls, volumes of needless regulations, mandatory Social Security, control of the freedom of the airwaves by the Federal Communications Commission, public housing, and all the rest.

As Friedman observed: “The central defect of these measures is that they seek through government to

force people to act against their own immediate interests in order to promote a supposedly general interest.” The Nazis economic slogan, one remembers, was *Gemeinnutz geht vor Eigennutz* — the commonweal ranks above private profits. Or, as the Fascists of Italy put it: “. . . the maximum of liberty coincides with the maximum of state force.”

A warning on this general theme, with emphasis on growing collectivism in the United States, is ably developed in Charlotte Twight’s scholarly *America’s Emerging Fascist Economy*, (New Rochelle, Arlington House, 1975), which we recommend for its wealth of research. Twight points to Fascist pretense about property rights, which are in turn abrogated by licensure, regulation, limiting of competition, rule by Executive Order, agriculture marketing orders, economic “stabilization,” price supports, and the like. “To sustain its power and achieve its economic ends,” she writes, “fascism seeks to make its people economically and psychologically dependent on the government. Such dependence both enhances the government’s tangible control over its citizens’ economic activities and stimulates that intangible psychological support so crucial to maintaining a viable fascist state.”

In short, if you are concerned about Fascism in America, don’t look for jackboots and swastikas but for powerful *Insiders* promoting encroachments by government on your property rights and civil liberties. To stop them, we must be willing to fight for liberty even harder than our would-be masters are prepared to fight to impose their dictatorship. We must understand their game. And we must expose it. ■ ■

Reprints are available at: 1-99 copies, 5/\$1; 100-499 copies, 16¢ each; 500-999 copies, 14¢ each; 1,000 or more, 12¢ each. Order from American Opinion, Belmont, Massachusetts 02178.

From page twenty-eight

THOMAS NAST

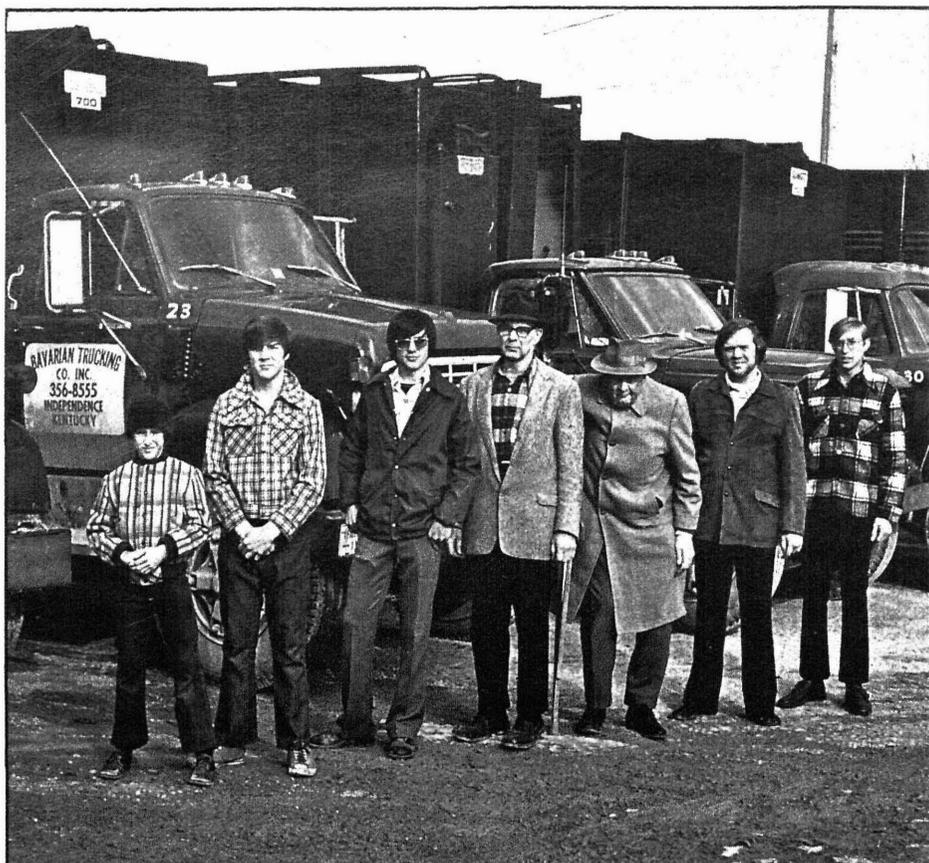
of the shrewdest politicians of that period — skilled at intrigue, relentless in action and an excellent hater," who broke with the Ring because it had tentatively chosen Governor Hoffman as its Presidential candidate. This, says Paine, was "poor policy on the part of the Ring," considering that Tilden "had been hand in glove with Tweed and his followers," an intimacy which they might possibly have kept, but which it was dangerous for them to forfeit, since Tilden "had an intimate knowledge of the Ring and its methods." Without, it would seem, having ever been demonstrably involved in any of their illegalities. "Wisely and furtively," says Paine, "he laid his plans, and patiently waited the hour when undeniable proof of the Ring's guilt and public indignation should make its downfall sure. Then he would be ready to strike home."

If Tilden was the master architect, the *New York Times* and Thomas Nast at *Harper's Weekly* were the builders of the Ring's gallows. Paradoxically, Nast did not care for Tilden, considering him as little better than a "Copperhead" (*i.e.*, a Northerner sympathetic to the South), though Tilden at the outset of his political career had been a "Barnburner" (*i.e.*, a Democrat opposed to slavery before the Civil War). We don't have picturesque language in American politics any more, do we? Paine seems to regard Tilden as ambiguous if not devious, whereas he accords Nast full honors as a spontaneous idealist in choosing his objectives, and an ingenious realist in devising imaginative cartoons which would pierce to the heart of a public issue and carry conviction to the multitude. At any rate, if Tilden had

ulterior motives in exposing the Ring, Nast — and the *Times* — were more than willing, for disinterested reasons (*i.e.*, reasons in the public interest), to implement Tilden's strategy.

In the aftermath of the Tweed Ring's collapse the *Times* itself was to credit Nast as being, in Paine's words, "the most powerful of all the engines directed against the stronghold of civic shame," because of "the pictures . . . , which even the most illiterate could read at a glance." I should say this was not wholly correct. Nast's cartoons, to be fully appreciated, require not only a better knowledge of public affairs than illiterates (and many literates), at least of our time, ordinarily have, but also some cultural background. For example, Nast has an anti-Catholic cartoon (he was not anti-Catholic across the board, says Paine, but only as he thought the Church was trying to control governmental institutions in general and public schools in particular — in our day the control is rather the other way) entitled "The American River Ganges," in which crocodiles are shown coming out of the water to menace children on the shore, and the crocodiles' jaws are shaped like bishops' mitres, while a building in the background labeled "Tammany Hall" looks more like St. Peter's than like either an American or an East Indian structure of any kind.

Most celebrated of all Nast's drawings is perhaps a scene in the Roman Coliseum, with Tweed as Caesar in the imperial enclosure, looking complacently down into the arena where a savage tiger tears the prostrate form of a beautiful woman, who represents Columbia, the American Republic. The caption is, "The Tammany Tiger Loose. — 'What are you going to do about it?'" Granted that the effect is powerful



Bavarian Trucking Co., Inc.

4837 MADISON PIKE
INDEPENDENCE, KENTUCKY 41051
(606) 356-8555

*“We are working to dispose of waste
in your community and in government.”*

regardless of the full meaning, yet the careful detail of the whole picture is loaded with significance for the studious, and is clearly aimed at them while at the same time having an impact for the less literate. (I don't know about the illiterate.)

Nor should it be overlooked that the cutting power of Nast's cartoons would have been wasted on thin air if the *Times* had not published the facts which O'Brien, through Copeland, abstracted from Connolly (presumably all at Tilden's instigation) and transmitted to *New York Times* editor Jennings, who in turn was backed by *Times* owner Jones.

Even now it gives us a new appreciation of the flamboyancy of the scandal to read some of those published details. The first installment of "those terrible figures" (Paine's language) showing how the money was accounted for is comparatively tame, yet the sums given are impossible to explain as reasonable expenditures. Under the heading "Armory Rents and Repairs" were itemized ten lofts, most of them over old stables, which were not only rented for \$85,000 for nine months and never used, but also kept in repair at an additional cost of \$463,064. Ten other armories ran up repair costs in the same length of time of \$941,453.86. Granted that most of our present-day cost overruns go into billions instead of comparatively paltry hundreds of thousands, yet we can hardly show anything more preposterous than those lofts.

Two weeks later, the *Times* published a special sheet showing in tabular form expenditures as recorded by Connolly totalling millions of dollars for which the value received by the city was negligible. Typically, these were for repairs or furnishings to the new courthouse, and were paid to somewhat shadowy contractors

who arranged payments to parties, if any, who actually did any work, and deposited the balance to the bank accounts of Boss Tweed and associates in conspiracy.

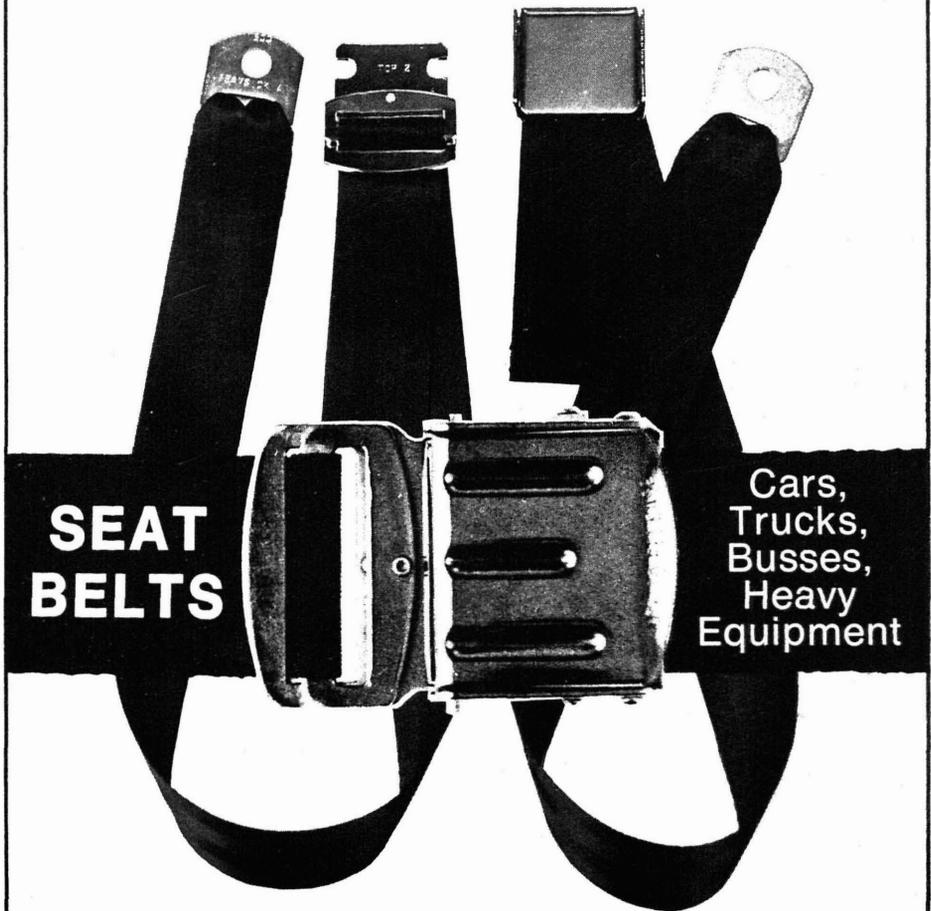
Illustrative items include: (1) forty chairs and three tables — \$179,729.60; (2) Repair of fixtures, through J.H. Keyser & Company — \$1,149,874.50; (3) Thermometers — \$7,500; (4) Furniture, through Ingersoll & Company — \$240,564.63; (4) City & County Advertising — \$2,703,308.48 (over the entire thirty-month period of the Ring's exaltation, expenditures for advertising totaled \$7,168,212.23, paid largely to the New York Printing Company, owned by the Ring); (5) Stationery — \$186,495.61 (Paine notes that the sixty-one cents possibly "represented the actual cost of the entire outlay"); (6) G.S. Miller, for one month's carpentry work — \$360,747.61 ("Is not this Miller the luckiest carpenter alive?" asked the *Times*.) The seventh item deserves the full treatment which Paine gives it:

But Garvey, Andrew J. Garvey, the plasterer! Generations of plasterers yet unborn will take off their hats to his memory! \$2,870,464.06 had he earned at his humble trade in the brief period of nine months. Five thousand dollars a day was his record for an entire month! Surely never was a month so well plastered as that long-ago June! "As G.S. Miller is the luckiest carpenter alive," comments the Times, "so is Andrew J. Garvey the Prince of Plasterers. His good fortune surpasses anything recorded in the Arabian Nights. A plasterer who can earn \$138,187 in two days (December 20 and 21), and that in the depths of winter, will never be poor. With a total of \$2,870,464.06 for the job, he could afford to donate the .06 to charity."



Beam's MFG. CO.

1327 N. Robinson, P.O. Box 762
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73101
phone collect: (405) 235-8508



FREE prints and sample belts

Wearying of details, Paine summarizes: "As heretofore stated, during thirty months of Ring rule, thirty millions of dollars had been stolen out of hand. The city debt had increased more than fifty millions and was doubling every two years. No wonder the shores of Long Island Sound were lined with the elegant homes of the city contractors and financiers." The shores of Long Island Sound are still lined with elegant homes, and, as we all know, the debt which the Tweed Ring ran up in New York was peanuts (ominous term!) compared to that which would now bankrupt the city were rescue not promised by the Peanut King from Plains, Georgia.

Thomas Nast was a Don Quixote who did not just tilt at windmills; he demolished them, with a draughtsman's pencil for his lance. One of his most famous cartoons satirizes Tweed's sometime boast that the public commotion over the Ring's corruption would soon "blow over." Following the election in which the Ring lost its nerve and for once did not stuff the ballot box like always before, and so suffered crucial defeat (accompanied in due course by arrest and imprisonment of Tweed and other Ringmasters), Nast celebrated by publishing a devastating drawing of a devastated Tammany Hall — with only Mayor Hall clinging to a lonesome pillar left standing amid the ruins — the whole scene of wreckage captioned, "Something That Did Blow Over — November 7, 1871."

As extraordinary as Thomas Nast's artistic genius was his courage and love of conflict. When the Ring's *Götterdämmerung* began, Tweed sent an emissary to Nast to try to buy him off, saying: "I hear you have been made an offer to go abroad for art study."

"Yes, but I can't go. I haven't time."

"But they will pay you . . . you could get a hundred thousand dollars for the trip."

"Do you think I could get two hundred thousand?"

"Well, possibly . . . Besides, this Ring business will get you into trouble. They own all the judges and jurors . . . My advice is to take the money and get away."

"Don't you think I could get five hundred thousand to make that trip?"

. . . "You can. You can get five hundred thousand in gold to drop this Ring business and get out of the country."

Paine continues the narrative:

Nast laughed a little. He had played the game far enough.

"Well, I don't think I'll do it," he said, "I made up my mind not long ago to put some of those fellows behind bars, and I'm going to put them there!"

The banker rose rather quietly.

"Only be careful, Mr. Nast, that you do not first put yourself in a coffin!" he smiled.

It was not until two years later that he met Nast one day on Broadway.

"My God, Nast!" he said; "you did it after all!"

And so he did, if not single-handedly, yet bearing the gonfalon — I would say leading the attack like Taillefer at Hastings, except that the Norman *trouvère* did not survive to share personally in the victory to which he led the way, while the Bavarian-born American cartoonist did.

It would be instructive to review all the political contests in which Thomas Nast played a significant role, but it would vastly exceed presently available limits. He was by no

means infallible, not always logical, not always consistent. His devotion to General Grant was inordinate, particularly in view of things that happened under Grant's nose, if not with his consent. Nast was also more pro-Union and anti-Confederate than Lincoln, with the enthusiasm of an adopted son, yet his hostility to the South was rather strictly political, not personal, and he honored General Lee.

Eventually he suffered some disillusion. After many years as an almost Pavlovian Republican, he was shaken by the candidacy of James G. Blaine, whose plume stuck in Nast's throat, and supported the admirable Grover Cleveland on the Democratic ticket. In due course he returned to the party of which he had made the elephant the symbol (as he had made the donkey the Democratic symbol and the tiger the symbol of Tammany Hall), becoming in his later years a friend of Theodore Roosevelt, who when the artist congratulated him on his work as president of the New York Police Board, replied, "Well, Nast, I ought to make a good official. I learned my politics of your cartoons." In 1902 Roosevelt appointed Nast Consul to Guayaquil, Ecuador. Always intuitive, he did not want to go, but went, and there within months died of yellow fever.

Albert Bigelow Paine concludes his fascinating volume with the suggestion that when the time comes, as he says it surely will, when a tablet shall be raised to the artist's memory, "then reverently we may inscribe upon it — 'Thomas Nast, Patriot and

Moralist, A Partisan of the Right.' "

Writing in 1904, Paine hardly intended *Right* in its present political sense, but insofar as *Right* in America means individual freedom and responsibility, personal and national loyalty, and unwearied resolve in the face of difficulties, it would apply perfectly to Thomas Nast, in whose case we should have to add lightning rapidity of perception, immense fertility of imagination, and superb skill in the cartoonist's craft.

No one is able to appreciate history until he begins to realize that a hundred years is not a long time. The collapse of the Tweed Ring took place a hundred and five years ago, but it is not simply an "old unhappy, far-off thing" of which someone might make a ballad; it is a practical lesson in the conspiracies of American politics. Today's bosses have learned much from Tweed errors, of which the two main ones are that he was not sufficiently hypocritical, and he operated on too small a scale. The whole Department of Health, Education and Welfare is an example of political corruption beyond the wildest dreams of Tweed and Connolly. The "immigrants" on whom the new bosses prey (or whom they exploit to prey on the rest of us) are the millions on the Welfare rolls, who have moved to the inner cities or just begun to vote. Let us pray that the *Insiders* may prey no longer, that a reasonable facsimile of Thomas Nast may appear to whip them back to their lairs or kennels. Let us even pray for a rebirth of patriotism in the *New York Times*. ■ ■

CRACKER BARREL

■ The Mondale-Brademas child-care measure was once described by columnist James J. Kilpatrick as "the boldest and most far-reaching scheme ever advanced for the Sovietization of American youth."

■ "Neither snow, nor rain, nor heat, nor gloom of night stays the Postal Service from the swift completion of their appointed rounds . . . So," says the *Glendora Press of California*, "there must be some other reason."

The Great



SEND FOR THE NEW CELCO YOKE GUIDE
LISTING OVER 175 TYPES. SELECT THE
ONE YOKE FOR YOUR SPECIAL DISPLAY APPLICATION.

American YOKE Company

CONSTANTINE ENGINEERING LABORATORIES COMPANY

1150 E. Eighth Street, Upland, CA 91786

70 Constantine Drive, Mahwah, N J 07430

Celco

CONFETTI...

An English instructor in an urban high school recently tried an experiment to interest her class in writing poetry, offering a reward for the best poem submitted. After reading through twenty-seven ghastly attempts by members of her class the teacher said she could not honestly award a prize to any of the contestants. The following, she lamented, was the best:

*As I was laying on the green,
A stupid looking book I seen.
Addison's Essays was the edition,
So I left it lay in the same position.*

* * *

When mentioning Elbert Hubbard, the author and editor, a relative told about the time when the author went to the old Palmer House in Chicago to spend the night. The last entry before his on the hotel register was "Richard Harding Davis and Valet." Hubbard took the pen proffered by the clerk and wrote under it with a flourish: "Elbert Hubbard and Valise."

* * *

It was in Arizona and Cactus Pete was talking to several tourists.

"Just the other day," he said, "I fell asleep under a mesquite bush. A little later I felt a pressure on my chest. When I opened my eyes I was looking straight at a rattlesnake coiled and all ready for business. If I'd made a move, he'd a struck quicker'n grease."

One tourist spoke up and asked: "What did you do?"

And Pete replied: "There wasn't a thing I *could* do; so I just went back to sleep!"

* * *

Professor: "Mr. Jones, how would you define *yesman*?"

Student: "A *yesman*, professor, is a fellow who hangs around the man that nobody noes."

* * *

During the First World War an American officer was up at headquarters, when an especially pleasant-looking British subaltern came toward him.

"Who are you?" asked the American officer.

"The Prince of Wales," the young man said, goodnaturedly, continuing on his way.

"Oh, yes," was the retort. "And I'm the King of England."

A few weeks later at the Red Cross hut, the two men met again. The American was greatly disturbed to find that the young man was indeed the Prince of Wales. He was still more embarrassed when the Prince smiled, and waved to him from across the room, calling blithely, "Hello, there, Dad!"

* * *

Mark Twain, confronted by people who were boastful of their ancestry, was fond of saying, "My grandfather was cut down in the prime of life. My grandmother always used to say that if he had been cut down fifteen minutes earlier, he could have been resuscitated."

* * *

A Scotsman was brought into court on a charge of intoxication, and the magistrate asked him what he had to say for himself.

"I fell into bad company," he answered.

"Who were they?"

"Well, sir, I came down from Albany last night with a fifth of Scotch and three teetotalers, so I had to drink every drop of it by myself."

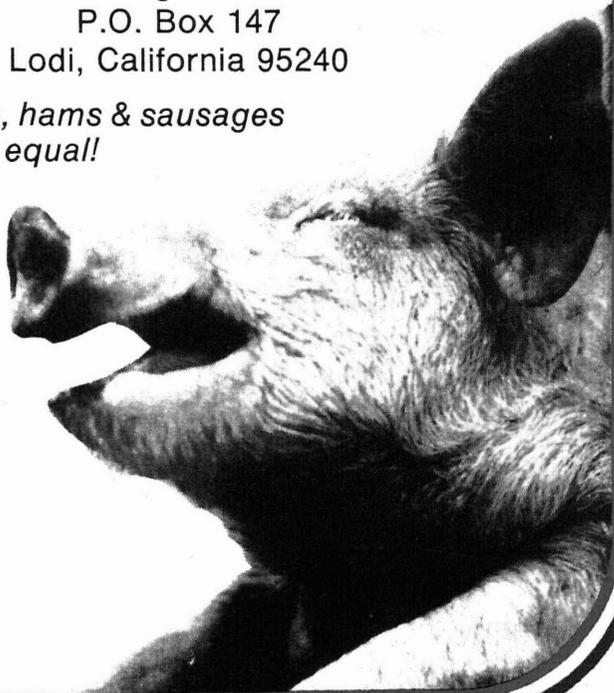
ALL ANIMALS ARE EQUAL

*But some animals
are more equal than others*

All those who have read *Animal Farm* (as well as many who have not) listen to the demagogues' loud claptrap about democracy and equality and also hear the whisper that adds "— but some are more equal than others." The advocates of state monopoly — whether it is communism, fascism, nazism or socialism — don't fool us. This is a republic, not a democracy — Let's keep it that way!

Goehring Meat Inc.
P.O. Box 147
Lodi, California 95240

*P.S. Our bacon, hams & sausages
are more equal!*



THE BIG PUT ON!



You can indicate the price of your bread in a lot of ways. Put it on by imprinting a price strip across the top of the bag. (Rather messy looking!) Put it on by applying a pressure sensitive label on the bag. (Requires additional equipment and expense!) Put it on by pre-pricing the bag itself. (O.K. . . . Unless there happens to be a price change!) Put it on a closure 3/16 of an inch wide and 4 inches long. (Try reading the price after it's twisted!) Tired of THE BIG PUT ON? There's a better way of pricing and coding.

From Kwik Lok it's the Series "J" Striplot. Thanks to a new improved imprinting method the Striplot can be priced and coded clearly and legibly as it's automatically applied to your bag. It's there on the "business end" of the bag, large enough for your customer to see and easily seen at the check-out counter.

We're not putting you on when we say Kwik Lok is the finest closure available today. Ask about Kwik Lok's new improved imprinting method, and the Series "J" Striplot.



Kwik Lok CORPORATION

P.O. BOX 2098 — YAKIMA, WASHINGTON